

Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Dr, Manyana NSW Preliminary Site Investigation with Soil Sampling

Prepared for: HEIR ASQUITH



Our Ref: TERRA22-165 Rep 1 Rev 2

9 August 2023

Prepared for: HEIR ASQUITH C/ Egis Consulting Pty Ltd

Att: Mr T Nahra

RE: Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Dr, Manyana NSW Preliminary Site Investigation with Soil Sampling

Dear Tony,

Please find enclosed our updated Preliminary Site Investigation ('PSI') report for Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Dr, Manyana NSW Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Dr, Manyana NSW hereafter referred to as the Site. This report should be read in conjunction with the attached document 'About Your Report' in Appendix A.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Objectives

The objectives of the PSI were to assess whether Contamination exists that is at levels which may impact the Property (where Contamination is defined within Section 5 of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (CLM Act)) and if present, to assess the requirement for any particularly contaminated land site management required.

The Property

The property consists of three large lots (Lot 106 DP755923, Lot 2 DP 1161638 and Lot 2 DP 1121854) which were originally a farm. It is located between the townships of Bendalong and Manyana, to the east of Inyadda Road and west of Inyadda Beach.

The property contains two very slight ridge lines that are aligned west to east with slopes that fall to the east. These are located roughly through the middle of the Site (ridge line 1) and along the southern boundary (ridge line 2) of the Site. Two small drainage depression cross the Site from the north-western corner (Creek 1) and south-western corner (Creek 2) of the Site. Creek 1 is located north of ridge line 1 and Creek 2 is located between ridge line 1 and ridge line 2. These flow eastwards, joining together within the eastern part of the Site (into Creek 3) and then flow into a small unnamed lake which overflows onto Inyadda Beach.

The property is currently zoned as R5 (large lot residential) to the west, R1 (general residential) towards the middle with the eastern part of the Site (Lot 2 DP1121854 zoned E3 (Environmental Management). The western and middle parts of the property (Lots 106 DP755923 and Lot 2 DP1161638) are proposed for residential development with the eastern part of the property (Lot 2 DO1121854) and areas along the existing creeks/drainage paths to remain undeveloped, creating green space within the subdivision.

Two portions of the property will be developed as shown on Figure 1 and is otherwise known as the Site. This includes an area towards the middle of the Site between Creek 1 and Creek 2, and area near the southern boundary of the property south of Creek 2. The proposed development is consistent with the NEPM definition of a low-density residential site and consequently, the health investigation levels for low density residential sites with access to the soil (HIL A) have therefore been adopted for the assessment.

Investigation Findings

The Site was in use as a farm until 1987. Several former residential buildings are visible on the Site on historical aerial images in two locations within Lot 2 DP1161638. The original buildings would have been of an age where they may have contained hazardous materials such as asbestos bonded/containing materials (ABM/ACM) and paints which contain heavy metals such as lead. These structures were removed prior to the late 1980's. Since 1987, the Site has not been in formal use but has been accessible to the public. This has resulted in the Site being used for recreational



off-road motoring sports and the illegal dumping of waste materials (eg fly-tipping). Parts of the Site have recently been exposed to bush fires.

The desk study and site walkover indicate there are several sources of potential contamination related activities that have occurred on the Site. Based on the potentially contaminating activities, six (6) Areas of Environmental Contamination (AECs) have been identified for the Site. They are summarised as follows:

- AEC 1 and AEC 2: Two cleared areas within the middle of the Site within Lot 106 DP 755923 which are visibly in use for recreational motor sports and the illegal dumping of waste materials;
- AEC 3: Includes the southern boundary of the Site where adjacent residential use is actively encroaching. This use could include pesticides and herbicides to manage vegetation and insects, disposal of household waste and building materials, supply of firewood, burning of fires and parking of vehicles.
- AEC 4: This area is located adjacent to Inyadda Road:
 - It may be subject to opportunistic illegal dumping of waste materials along the roadside;
 - The western part of this area was occupied by old farm buildings (now removed). These may have contained hazardous materials such as lead and asbestos which may impact areas within and near previous building foot prints;
- AEC 5: this includes the main access tracks throughout the Site which are used to access Areas 1 and 2. These areas are also used for recreational motor sports and illegal dumping of waste; and
- AEC 6: this includes the remainder of the Site. Within this area, pesticides have been used along creek lines to manage vegetation and old buildings may have been present and subsequently removed or become dilapidated. The area may also have been subject to motor sports and illegal waste dumping, but due to the dense vegetation this is expected to be at levels lower than within AEC 1 to 3 which are easily accessible to the public. Within this area are several old dams and creeks which are visible on aerial images. Many of these have become silted.

Soil sampling investigations have been conducted across the property on two occasions, in 2019 and in 2022. The 2019 investigation targeted specifically areas AEC 1 and AEC 2 as requested by the client at that time, as this was the area proposed for development. Further assessment was deemed required as:

- The proposed area for development was expanded to include areas along the southern portion of the property not yet investigated; and
- Additional testing was suggested in the 2019 PSI for clearings 1 and 2 located in the northern part of the Site. This part of the Site has been subject to ongoing use as well as bush fires between 2019 and 2020. This additional sampling allows for a more detailed inspection of the Site and the ability to undertaken additional testing to address any gaps in the 2019 assessment.

In total, 45 locations across the Site were undertaken during the two investigations. Soil samples were collected and tested for potential entrapped contaminants including heavy metals, asbestos and hydrocarbons. Samples taken in the 2019 investigation were named BH01 to BH24 and samples taken in the 2022 investigation were named D1 to D21.

The investigation identified analytes above the level of detection. These findings are summarised in Tables 10.1 and Table 10.2 based on the analytes detected and the test location respectively. In summary, the investigation found:

- Elevated of levels of lead above the HIL in sample location BH18 in Clearing 1 in the northern part of the Site. This sample was taken from below a burnt-out car.
- A large pile of asbestos sheeting was found on the ground surface around sample location D12. This was located in a clearing in the northern part of the Site. The material is relatively intact and made of bonded material that has been flytipped on the Site.
- Some samples taken from campfires in the southern part of the Site were found to be impacted by F2 hydrocarbons above the Health Screening levels. This suggests the use of hydrocarbon-based fire accelerants in the campfires. The levels are below HILS for direct soil contact.
- There are exceedances of EIL, ENM and GSW CT1 guidelines levels for some heavy metals (Nickel, Chromium and Zinc), but further testing for Nickel and Chromium indicates low leachability.
- Chromium (III) and Nickel were found to be elevated above the VENM guidelines levels across most of the Site.



A site walkover was undertaken to identify surface contaminants or aesthetic issues which may require further attention or assessment.

Several car bodies, a fridge, a caravan, a metal sheeted "lean-to" /"cubby house" and building waste materials were found across the Site, but mainly along the southern boundary adjacent the existing residential properties. This is indicative of long-term encroachment by neighbouring properties into AEC3. These findings are general comprised of inert materials that are likely to have on-surface impact on the Site's soils and can be easily removed from the Site.

In terms of asbestos, The WA DOH guidelines indicate a more qualitative approach can be adopted for low-risk residential sites that may have been subject to legacy contamination by demolition and/or illegal dumping. This assessment requires inspection of the Site based by a competent person on a grid basis to assess whether ACM is present at levels less than $10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}^2$.

An inspection and sampling programme was adopted to identify if asbestos was present on the Site or in the surface soils. The Site was walked over by two separate individuals to identify any suspected pieces of ACM on the ground surface. Soil samples was taken at several locations across the Site where a higher potential for impact by asbestos was identified. The results are summarised as follows:

- Several fragments >7mm in dimension of potentially asbestos containing material were observed on the Site. These potential asbestos finds occurred in one location in Area 1 (near D12 only) with the material found lying on the ground surface adjacent to a 1.5m by 1.5m pile of potential asbestos containing material (measuring conservatively). This is where asbestos was observed previously in the 2019 investigation. Four small fragments were tested which were confirmed by the laboratory to contain asbestos containing materials (bonded material / fibreboard). The estimated total area of asbestos is approximately 2.25m². This can be treated as a localised hot spot find.
- Eight bulk samples of subsurface material from across the Site were submitted to the laboratory for asbestos testing of fines and fibres. No asbestos finds were detected. No asbestos (bonded, FA or AF) was observed or detected in samples taken from the surface material. This includes surface material from where bonded fragments of asbestos were found near D12.

Conclusions

The investigation concluded the following:

- There are two localised areas which require further action, as follows:
 - Around sample location BH18, elevated of levels of lead occur that are above the HIL. This sample was taken from below a burnt-out car. The car and underlying soil should be removed from the Site and disposed of to landfill. Verification that the soils in this remediated area are clean should then be undertaken.
 - Around sample location D12 is a large pile of asbestos sheeting which is relatively intact and made of bonded material. Given the limited volume of material and the fact that soils are not impacted, this material would be best removed from the Site by a licenced contractor. The area below the stockpile should be verified as clean.
- Samples taken from campfires near sample locations D1 and D15, and from stockpiles of materials around sample location D6 are impacted by F2 hydrocarbons above Health Screening levels. However, these are deemed related to accelerant use in the campfires and are highly unlikely to result in a risk of vapour generation within the subsoils. The levels are below HILs for direct soil contact. It is recommended that in the areas of campfires and stockpiled materials, the surface topsoils are stripped and disposed of to landfill. The underlying soils should then be verified as clean. It is noted that hydrocarbons can biologically degrade with time, and so it may also be possible to remediate these affected soils on Site in the short to medium term or place the affected materials under proposed roads.
- There are some exceedances of EIL, ENM and GSW CT1 guidelines levels for some heavy metals, but leachate testing indicates that these do not have a potential environmental health impact and can be left on Site or disposed of to land fill.



This VENM exceedances finding means that some soils on the Site cannot be used off site as VENM. The
earthworks plans for the Site should consider these materials remaining on site with material that can be
assessed as VENM being prioritised for reuse offsite. It is noted that Chromium (III) and Nickel was elevated
above the VENM guidelines levels across most of the Site. An additional test to assess background levels of
these metals would be beneficial to determine if these elevated levels are geologically related.

Where material that has been flytipped, stockpiled, or burnt in campfires is removed from the Site, the levels of residual contaminants on the Site should be below the HILs and EILS values. The levels of remaining elevated analytes on the Site are not deemed to result in "contamination" of the Site to levels which would preclude its residential development.

Gross contamination of bonded asbestos material across the Site due to illegal dumping (except for the hot spot around D12) was not identified. Areas of excavation and filling which may be associated with dumping of asbestos contaminated soil were also not observed. The hotspot of asbestos dumped material should be removed from the Site by a licenced professional. Once this is removed, the Site should not be impacted by asbestos at levels which would affect human health or the environment.

Recommendations

In terms of SEPP55, this assessment has been undertaken to assess where previous land use has caused contamination of the Site and whether this contamination has the potential to cause a risk to health or the environment. It should be noted that contamination is likely to be present on most sites as by definition, a contaminant is a substance present at a concentration above which it would not normally be present on that site. However, this contamination only becomes a risk to the proposed development where it is at a level where it becomes a potential risk to health or the environment. For this to occur the following is required:

- A contaminant must be present on a site above a given guideline value. Guidelines values have been derived to allow first tier assessments to be made in terms of the potential for health or environmental risk to exist;
- There must be a receptor that can be impacted by that contaminant. That receptor can be on and/or off the site; and
- There must be a pathway between the contaminant and the receptor.

For a contaminant to be considered a risk to health or environment, all of the above must be present. Where there are all present, decisions must then be made as to whether the land needs further assessment, should be remediated, or its use restricted, in order to reduce the risk.

In terms of SEPP (Resilience & Hazards) 2021, the investigation has identified that levels of contamination on the Site, associated with its historical residual use, have not resulted in contamination of the majority of the Site at a level where the Site would be deemed contaminated land and require full scale remediation.

The Site requires a general clean up and two areas of further action to address hot spots of lead and asbestos at sample locations BH18 and D12 respectively. Terra does not believe the level of contaminants identified in these two areas warrants a formalised Remediation Action Plan (RAP) for the Site.

The following recommendations are made:

- 1. Material fly tipped on the Site should be removed from the Site. This includes materials in stockpiles and campfires in and near sample locations D1,D6,D8, D11, D13, D15,D16, D18, and BH18;
- 2. A pile of asbestos in clearing 1 near sample location D12 on the Site shall be removed by a licensed contractor;
- 3. The existing lean-to/cubby house in AEC3 shall be subject to removal by a licenced professional. This structure does not appear to contain asbestos. As a precautionary measure, post removal, the near surface soils should be validated as clean of heavy metals and asbestos.
- 4. The near surface soils on the site beneath and surrounding test locations: D1, D6, D8, D12, D13 and BH18 should be disposed of off-site as General Solid Waste in accordance with waste classification requirements.



It is noted that sample locations D1,D6,D15, D11,D16, D18 have hydrocarbon EIL exceedances which are likely to reduce biologically with time. Some of these sample locations also have heavy metal EIL exceedances but leachate testing shows these values are unlikely to have an environmental impact. This means that with appropriate planning, these affected soils could remain on the Site. They could be buried under proposed roads for added conservatism. The exception to this is soils beneath the burnt-out car at sample location BH18 which have lead HIL exceedances and must be disposed of off-Site to landfill.

- 5. Testing indicates elevated levels of Chromium and Nickel across the Site. This impacts soils beneath and surrounding test locations BH03, BH04, BH07, BH08, BH11, BH14, BH17, BH19, BH21, BH23, D2-D5, D7, D9, D12, D14, D16, and D20. These soils must be disposed of as GSW if taken off-Site. They cannot be reused as VENM. Alternatively, testing indicates they contain contaminants are at levels that are low enough for them to remain in situ on Site. Consideration should be given to additional background testing to confirm that these elevated Chromium and Nickel levels are natural.
- 6. To prevent further fly tipping on the Site prior to development, the Site should be fenced. Immediately prior to development, the Site will require a general clean up to remove fly tipped inert material.
- 7. Post site clean-up activities and immediately prior to site development, a site walk over by a licenced asbestos assessor should be undertaken to ensure the Site has remained clean of asbestos.
- 8. An unexpected finds protocol should be documented for the Site.
- Terra Insight recommends that to set out the appropriate management detailed in Recommendations 1 8 above, a short-term Construction Management Plan (CEMP) be developed for the Site. The plan shall address the following:
 - a) Demolition and removal of the existing shed;
 - b) Off-site disposal of general solid waste (GSW) impacted by heavy metals and hydrocarbons from the Site;
 - c) Off-site disposal of the underlying VENM material generated by site earthworks;
 - d) Unexpected findings of contaminated material and management of any underlying soil guidelines exceedances if unexpected findings occur.

Where the above recommendations are undertaken, the Site is deemed suitable for the proposed residential development. No further contamination assessment of the Site is deemed required.

For and on behalf of Terra Insight

Karen Gates Principal Engineer/ Director CPEng MIEaust MEIANZ BEng MEngSc(Geot) MEnvMgt MBA NPER CEng CEnvP



vi



Contents

1	Introd	uction	. 9
2	Object	tives – SEPP (Resilience & Hazards) 2021 and Contaminated Land Act	. 9
3	Scope	of work	10
4	Deskto	op Study Findings	11
	4.1	Site description	11
	4.2	General Geology	12
	4.3	Surface Topography	12
	4.4	Surface hydrology and Subsurface Hydrogeology	12
	4.5	Groundwater	12
	4.6	Site history data sources	13
5	Summ	ary of desktop Site history review	22
6	Site w	alkover	24
	6.1	Site Walkover in 2019	24
	6.2	Site Walkover in 2022	25
7	Prelim	inary Assessment Findings	26
	7.1	Potential areas of environmental concern	26
	7.2	Potential Contaminants of Concern (CoCs)	26
	7.3	Potential receptors of concern	27
	7.4	Conceptual Site model	28
8	Detail	ed Soil Sampling Investigation	32
	8.1	Subsurface Conditions from 2019	32
	8.2	Sampling Plan 2022	32
	8.3	Field Investigation Methodology	33
~	0.4 Davis	Laboratory resting	22
9	Review	v of Investigation Findings	34
	9.1	Published guidelines and framework for contamination assessment	34
	9.2	Derivation of Investigation levels for further assessment	34 20
	9.5 9.4	Aesthetic Criteria	29 48
	9.5	Data Quality Objectives	48
10	SEPP5	5 Review	50
11	Conclu	isions	51
ТТ	11 1	Subsurface conditions	51
	11.1 11.2	Historical site use	51
	11.2	Potential contamination due to site use	51
	11.4	Summary of Sampling and Laboratory Testing Programme	52
	11.5	Summary of Investigation Findings	52
	11.6	SEPP Assessment	61
12	Recon	nmendations	62
	12.1	Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) requirements	62
13	Limita	tions	64
14 List of Acronyms			
15	i list of	, Definitions	66
			50

7





Tables

Table 4-1:Summary of Site identification, ownership and use information	11
Table 4-2: Summary NSW EPA search results for Contaminated Land Register	14
Table 4-3: Summary NSW EPA search results for PEOE Register	14
Table 4-4: Observations during review of Historical Aerial Imagery	15
Table 4-5: Summary of Owners Report – InfoTrack	20
Table 4-6: Summary of Council Historical Records Search	21
Table 5-1: Summary Desktop review findings	22
Table 7-2: Potential contamination-based pathways and receptors	27
Table 7-3: Preliminary Conceptual Site Model	29
Table 9-1: Summary of TPH HSL	35
Table 9-2: Reproduction of Table 6-1 from Schedule B1 of the ASC NEPM (Equivalency of terms used in the NEPM, WA	
DoH (2009) and Work Health and Safety legislation and guidelines)	37
Table 9-3 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos Contamination in Soil	38
Table 9-4 Parameters Used for Asbestos Quantity Assessment	39
Table 9-5: Summary of Exceedances by Location	40
Table 10-1: SEPP55 Checklist for initial site evaluation	50
Table 10-1: Summary of Exceedances by Contaminant	53
Table 10-2: Summary of Exceedances by test locationation	59

Figures

- Figure 1: Site Location
- Figure 2: Site Geology
- Figure 3: Historical Aerial Images
- Figure 4: Summary of Site Observations
- Figure 5: Areas of Environmental Concern
- Figure 6: Test Site Locations
- Figure 7: Investigation Findings

Appendices

- Appendix A: Your Report
- Appendix B: Proposed Site Development
- Appendix C: Lot Search report
- Appendix D: Lotsearch Title Search
- Appendix E: Site Images 2019
- Appendix F: Site Images 2022 Northern
- Appendix G: Site Images 2022 Southern
- Appendix H: EIL Derivation
- Appendix I: Laboratory summary and certificates

8





1 Introduction

At the request of Egis Consulting on behalf of Heir Asquith (the client), Terra Insight Pty Ltd (Terra) has updated our Preliminary Site (Contamination) Investigation (PSI) of Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Dr, Manyana NSW (the Property) to include the results of additional investigations. These additional investigations focused on the Areas of Environmental Concern (AECs) identified in the previous investigation conducted by Terra. The investigation previously undertaken by Terra in 2019 targeted the northern part of the Site proposed for development and included some sampling for contaminants and Acid Sulfate Soils (ASS). Since initial assessment, further investigation has been recommended by Terra as follows:

- A detailed walkover over of all the areas within the Site currently proposed for development;
- Soil sampling in areas previously sampled where the recent site walkover identified localised additional disposal of waste material or use of the land not consistent with its current undeveloped bush land setting; and
- Soil sampling of the southern portion of the Site which is now proposed for development.

Areas of the Site not proposed for development and to remain in their current undeveloped condition were not inspected or sampled.

For the purpose of this assessment, Investigation Levels are derived for four (4) generic land-use categories as follows:

- Class A: Standard residential with garden/ accessible soils (home produce <10%), no poultry, includes childcare centres, preschools, and primary schools;
- Class B: Residential with minimal opportunities for soil access, includes dwellings with full and permanently paved yard space such as high rise buildings;
- Class C: Includes developed open spaces such as parks, playgrounds, playing fields, secondary schools, and footpaths. Does not include undeveloped public open spaces which should be site specific.
- Class D: Commercial/ Industrial includes premises such as shops, offices, factories, and industrial sites.

We note that this development is residential with garden/accessible soils, consistent with a Class A site for the purpose of this assessment.

2 Objectives – SEPP (Resilience & Hazards) 2021 and Contaminated Land Act

The objective of this assessment was to:

- provide advice on the potential for Site contamination (as defined in Section 5 of the Contaminated Land Management Act, 1997) to be present on the Site due the deposition of the fill; and
- provide advice on whether the considerations of Cl 4 of SEPP55 have been satisfied; and
- assess whether this contamination will impact on the proposed use of the Site and whether further investigation or remediation of the Site is required.

We note that the *Contaminated Lands Management Act* 1997, defines the contamination of land as the presence (in, on, or under the land) of a substance at a concentration above the concentration at which the substance is normally present (in, on, or under the land respectively in the same locality), being a presence that presents a risk of harm to human health or any other aspects of the environment. However, land is not, for the purposes of this Act, contaminated land:

- Merely because in any surface water standing or running through the land, a substance is present in such concentration, or
- Merely because of the presence of a substance prescribed by the regulations, or
- In circumstances prescribed by regulations.

In terms of SEPP (Resilience & Hazards) 2021, a local authority must when carrying out planning functions under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, consider the possibility that a previous land use has caused



contamination of the site as well as the potential risk to health or the environment from that contamination. It should be noted that contamination is likely to be present on most sites as by definition, a contaminant is a substance present at a concentration above which it would not normally be present on a site.

However, this contamination only becomes an issue where it is at a level where it becomes a potential risk to health or the environment. For this to occur the following is required:

- A contaminant must be present on a site above a given guidelines value. These guidelines values have been derived to allow a first-tier assessment to be made in terms of the potential for a health or environmental risk to exist;
- There must be a receptor that can be impacted by that contaminant. the receptor can be on and/or off the site; and
- There must be a pathway between the contaminant and the receptor.

For a contaminant to be considered a risk to health or environment, all of the above must be present. Where there are present, decisions must then be made as to whether the land needs further assessment, should be remediated, or its use restricted, to reduce the risk.

It is understood that the findings and conclusions of this PSI assessment will be used by Council to determine the need for any site management to occur. It is noted that if land is contaminated but this contamination is not determined to be 'significant enough to warrant regulation' then the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* does not apply. In such cases, the provisions within the planning legislation and/or the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* may be the appropriate mechanism for management of such contamination. This means that contamination can be present on a site, but at levels deemed to not require further assessment or remediation.

3 Scope of work

The proposed scope of work for a PSI is typically comprised of a desk study and a site walkover. Soil sampling may also be undertaken. For the Site, this revised 'PSI With Soil Sampling' included the following:

- Review of the following:
 - information available for the Site including topography, soil landscapes, and geology.
 - historical aerial photography; and
 - Specific historical information for assessing the likelihood of potential contamination to exist at the Site including publicly available information maintained by council, the department of land registry, and the New South Wales Environment Protection Authority (NSW EPA).
- A Site walkover by a principal geo-environmental engineer (CEnvP) who is experienced in contamination assessment to visually identify and observe:
 - topography, noting visual evidence of filling.
 - nearby sensitive environments.
 - potential areas of environmental concern (APECs) and chemicals of potential concern (COPC) associated with potentially contaminating activities on or near the Site.
- A subsurface investigation comprised of:
 - Forty-five (45) surface samples to 0.3m below the natural ground level and into natural material below the topsoil and stockpiled materials;
 - Sampling of fill materials encountered on the Site at regular intervals until natural soils are encountered;
- Report on activities above in relation to the objective outlined in Section 2.

The assessment is undertaken in accordance with consultants' guide/requirements 2011 (NSW) and ASC NEPM Schedule B2 and the NSW EPA 'Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Land' guidelines 2020.



4 Desktop Study Findings

4.1 Site description

A summary of key Site details is provided in Table 4.1.

Table 4-1:Summary of Site identification, ownership and use information

Road Address	Inyadda Drive Manyana		
Title Identifiers	Lot 106 DP755923, Lot 2 1161638, and Lot 2 DP 1121854		
Site Description	The Site is accessed via Inyadda Drive from the west of the Site. The Site is surrounded by undeveloped bushland to the north and west. The Site is bounded by Inyadda beach on the eastern boundary, residential properties along the southern boundary, Inyadda drive to the west and bushland to the north.		
	The Site is comprised of three cleared areas (referred to Area 1 to Area 3). Two are located in the northern part of the site proposed for development (Area 1 and Area 2). These areas consist mostly of grassland surrounded by bushland. The third is the cleared land along the southern boundary referred to as Area 3. Within this area, along the southern portion of the Site, adjacent properties have cleared the land, most to likely provide a fire protection zone but also to allow informal extensions to their northern yards. Their residential occupation encroaches into the Site.		
	There is an area associated with previous occupation located in the south-western corner of the site property. This is referred to as Area 4. The remaining areas of the property consists mostly of bushland with some bush tracks. Areas along the tracks are hereafter referred to as Area 5. Areas of undisturbed bush are referred to as Area 6.		
District/Division Name	Manyana		
Area	Property is ~ 76ha. The area for proposed development is ~13Ha over 65 lots.		
Current Zoning (Property)	E3 – Environmental management on the east part of the Property which is not to be developed (lot 2 DP1121854). R5 – Large Lot residential located on the western part of the site to be partly developed and R1 General residential located towards the middle of the site.		
	be developed (le part of the site the middle of th	ot 2 DP1121854). R5 – Large Lot residential located on the western to be partly developed and R1 General residential located towards e site.	
Current Site Use	be developed (if part of the site the middle of th Undeveloped F definition of a re	ot 2 DP1121854). R5 – Large Lot residential located on the western to be partly developed and R1 General residential located towards se site. Residential and Environmental management – Meets NEPM esidential site with minimum access to soils (HIL A) site.	
Current Site Use Proposed Site Use	be developed (in part of the site the middle of th Undeveloped F definition of a re Residential and with access to so	ot 2 DP1121854). R5 – Large Lot residential located on the western to be partly developed and R1 General residential located towards residential and Environmental management – Meets NEPM esidential site with minimum access to soils (HIL A) site. conservation areas – Meets NEMP definition of a residential site pils (HIL A) site.	
Current Site Use Proposed Site Use Surrounding Land Use	be developed (in part of the site the middle of the Undeveloped F definition of a re Residential and with access to so North	ot 2 DP1121854). R5 – Large Lot residential located on the western to be partly developed and R1 General residential located towards residential and Environmental management – Meets NEPM esidential site with minimum access to soils (HIL A) site. conservation areas – Meets NEMP definition of a residential site pils (HIL A) site. E2 and E3. Mostly bushland.	
Current Site Use Proposed Site Use Surrounding Land Use	be developed (in part of the site the middle of the Undeveloped F definition of a re Residential and with access to so North South	ot 2 DP1121854). R5 – Large Lot residential located on the western to be partly developed and R1 General residential located towards ne site. Residential and Environmental management – Meets NEPM esidential site with minimum access to soils (HIL A) site. conservation areas – Meets NEMP definition of a residential site oils (HIL A) site. E2 and E3. Mostly bushland. R2 – low density residential	
Current Site Use Proposed Site Use Surrounding Land Use	be developed (in part of the site the middle of the Undeveloped F definition of a re Residential and with access to so North South East	ot 2 DP1121854). R5 – Large Lot residential located on the western to be partly developed and R1 General residential located towards ne site. Residential and Environmental management – Meets NEPM esidential site with minimum access to soils (HIL A) site. conservation areas – Meets NEMP definition of a residential site oils (HIL A) site. E2 and E3. Mostly bushland. R2 – low density residential RE1 – Public recreation	
Current Site Use Proposed Site Use Surrounding Land Use	be developed (in part of the site the middle of the Undeveloped F definition of a re Residential and with access to so North South East West	ot 2 DP1121854). R5 – Large Lot residential located on the western to be partly developed and R1 General residential located towards he site. Residential and Environmental management – Meets NEPM esidential site with minimum access to soils (HIL A) site. conservation areas – Meets NEMP definition of a residential site oils (HIL A) site. E2 and E3. Mostly bushland. R2 – low density residential RE1 – Public recreation SP2 (Inyadda Drive), RU2 – undeveloped land.	



4.2 General Geology

The 1:250,000 geology sheet for Ulladulla indicates the site is underlain by 'Undifferentiated Tertiary' aged sediments, consisting of gravel, sand, clay, quartzite, sandstone and conglomerate (refer Figure 2). It also shows 'Quaternary' aged alluvial sediments located around Creek 2, and around the small lake and creek 3 located within the middle and eastern parts of the site respectively.

4.3 Surface Topography

According to online contour mapping, the Property contains two very slight ridge lines that are aligned west to east with slopes that fall to the east. These are located roughly through the middle of the site (ridge line 1) and along the southern boundary (ridge line 2) of the site.

Two small drainage depression cross the Property from the north-western corner (creek 1) and south-western corner (Creek 2) of the Site. Creek 1 is located north of ridge line 1 and Creek 2 is located between ridge line 1 and ridge line 2. These flow eastwards, joining together within the eastern part of the Site (into Creek 3) and then flow into a small unnamed lake which overflows onto Inyadda Beach.

The elevation of the Property is approximately 26m AHD on the western side of the Property, dropping to approximately 7m AHD on the eastern side of the Property. Elevations above creeks on the western and central parts of the Property are typically above 8m AHD.

4.4 Surface hydrology and Subsurface Hydrogeology

Rainfall that falls on the Property will follow the surface topology of the Property, draining towards the natural depressions referred to as Creek 1, Creek 2 and Creek 3. Groundwater if present is expected to be above the interface of residual and extremely weathered material and will likely follow the contours of the Property into one of the creeks or towards the east.

4.5 Groundwater

Groundwater boreholes within 2km of the Property are shown on Image 1 following. The nearest groundwater boreholes are listed as follows:

- GW056020: used as a water supply, 510m southwest of the Property, drilled in 1982, drilled depth of 9m;
- GW058302: used as a water supply, 1.15km southwest of the Property, drilled in 1982, drilled depth of 69.2m;
- GW058740: used as a water supply, 1.47km northeast of the Property, drilled in 1981, drilled depth of 33m.





Image 1 Groundwater Map, Minview.

4.6 Site history data sources

Information on the Site's history was obtained from:

- A search of NSW EPA register for listings of the Site and nearby sites;
- Review of historical aerial imagery;
- A Lotsearch title search report (refer appendix C).
- A review of site ownership (refer Appendix D); and
- A review of Council records.

The Site history documentation is summarized in the following sections.

4.6.1 NSW EPA Contaminated Land and POEO Records

Based on an online search conducted on the 6th of July 2022 there are currently no notices on or adjacent to the site on the NSW EPA contaminated land record as shown in Table 4.2.

4.6.2 Historical Aerial Imagery

Aerial imagery from 1961 to present day was reviewed. Select historical images of the area around and including the Site since 1961 are shown on Figure 2. Table 4-4 and presents a summary of observations made during the review.



Table 4-2: Summary NSW EPA search results for Contaminated Land Register

Home Public registers Contaminated land record of notices

Search results

Your search for: Suburb: MANYANA

did not find any records in our database.

If a site does not appear on the record it may still be affected by contamination. For example:

- Contamination may be present but the site has not been regulated by the EPA under the Contaminated
 Land Management Act 1997 or the Environmentally Hazardous Chemicals Act 1985.
- The EPA may be regulating contamination at the site through a licence or notice under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 (POEO Act).
- · Contamination at the site may be being managed under the planning process.

More information about particular sites may be available from:

- The POEO public register
- The appropriate planning authority: for example, on a planning certificate issued by the local council under <u>section 149 of the</u> <u>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act</u>.

See What's in the record and What's not in the record.

If you want to know whether a specific site has been the subject of notices issued by the EPA under the CLM Act, we suggest that you search by Local Government Area only and carefully review the sites that are listed.

This public record provides information about sites regulated by the EPA under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997, including sites currently and previously regulated under the Environmentally Hazardous Chemicals Act 1985. Your inquiry using the above search criteria has not matched any record of current or former regulation. You should consider searching again using different criteria. The fact that a site does not appear on the record does not necessarily mean that it is not affected by contamination. The site may have been notified to the EPA but not yet assessed, or contamination may be present but the site is not yet being regulated by the EPA. Further information about particular sites may be available from the appropriate planning authority, for example, on a planning certificate issued by the local council under section 149 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act. In addition the EPA may be regulating contamination at the site through a licence under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997. You may wish to search the POEO public register. POEO public register.

6 July 2022

No results were found on the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 public register for the Manyana as shown in Table 4-3.

Table 4-3: Summary NSW EPA search results for PEOE Register

Home Public registers POEO Public Register Licences, applications and notices search

Search results

Your search for: General Search with the following criteria

Suburb - Manyana

returned 0 result





Table 4-4: Observations during review of Historical Aerial Imagery

Image Date	Onsite Observations	Offsite Observations
1961	The earliest image for the Property is 1961. The Site appears to be in use as a farm. Within the south- western corner of the Property is a farmhouse and several associated buildings. Two dams are visible on the site, one in the south-western corner of the Property, north of the dwelling (Dam 1) and one to the north-east of the dwelling (Dam 2). The western half of the Site is mainly grassed with some isolated stands of trees. There appears to be three (3) main access tracks visible on the Property with several smaller track coming off these tracks. The main track is aligned north to south through the middle of the Property (NS Track). The other is aligned west to east through the middle of the site (WE Track), but the western part of the track (track 3) is barely visible. The eastern end of the WE track appears to terminate near a water body (Dam 3) on the eastern half of the Property which flows into a creek (creek 3) and to the beach. There appears to be a filled platform adjacent to the Dam 3 (possibly a land jetty). A track is also visible along the northern boundary of the site (this may possibly be the formation of creek 1). The eastern half of the Property is well vegetated except for the south-eastern part near the beach and a portion towards the middle of the Property, which are cleared of vegetation. Other than the lake, the two dams, the creek on the eastern boundary of the Property, and the potential creek along the northern boundary, there are no obvious large-scale drainage lines traversing the site.	Residential development to the south of the Property has commenced with several roads under construction. The township of Bendalong is visible to the north-east of the Site.
1969	The entire Site has been cleared of vegetation except for a stand of trees to the east of the farmhouse and a stand of trees along the creek adjacent to the beach. This clearance of vegetation obscures the WE and NS tracks visible on the 1961 image. To the south of the WE track is a white structure (possibly the Goodsell Grave site). Two additional tracks are now visible on the Site. One traverses the Site from Inyadda Road, though Dam 1 (still visible) and to the east towards Creek 3 (Southern Track). This appears to be an access track but could be the early formation of Creek 2. Dam 2 is no longer visible, but another dam is now visible on this track (or Creek 2) towards the middle of the Property (Dam 4). The second track (Northern Track) is visible starting at the north-eastern corner of the Site at Inyadda Road and traverses eastwards and then south-eastwards towards Creek 3 (this may be the early formation of Creek 1). There is a new dam visible to the north of Creek 3 (Dam 5). Dam 3 is no longer visible. The Site appears to be in use as a farm.	To the south, houses are now being constructed within the township of Manyana. The coastal track (coastal Track) between Bendalong and Manyana is visible. Inyadda Road has been sealed.



Image Date	Onsite Observations	Offsite Observations
1979	Vegetation cover on the Property has increased, especially along the southern and Northern tracks and Creek 3. The farmhouse and associated structures are still visible. Dam 1, Dam 4 and Dam 5 are still visible. The northern and southern access tracks appear more like Creeks (eg Creek 1 and Creek 2).	Additional houses are visible within the township of Manyana.
1987	The farmhouse on the south-western corner of the Property is no longer visible. The southern track has several smaller tracks connecting with it from the north and south. Dam 1 is just visible. Dams 4 and 5 are just visible but appear to be silted. Midway along the southern track is a possible dwelling. There are a few other smaller structures near the southern tracks and on the southern part of the Site (possible shelter for animals). The density of vegetation has increased throughout the Site. There is an access track from the coastal road on the north-eastern corner of the site, which traverses westwards towards the middle of the site and the Northern Track (this is an early form of Track 3). There is also a new track visible within the eastern part of the Property, which traverses from the north-eastern corner of the Property towards the start of creek 3 and then back to the coastal road on the south-eastern part of the Property (Eastern track).	Manyana township is well established with only a few bare lots.
1993(First in colour)	The NW and WE track are again visible. The EW track has now formed Track 1. The southern track is partly visible but appears more like Creek 2. The eastern end of the northern track has formed Track 3 and is in increased use. The eastern track (near the coast) is also more defined due to increased use. The western end of the northern track appears to have formed Creek 1. A large circular track (Motor cross track 1) is visible within the north-western corner of the Property north of Track 1. This appears to be the early formation of the cleared "Area 1". A white structure is visible within Area 1 (possibly a sea container). There are several tracks that branch out from Area 1 to the north and north-east towards Track 3. To the east of the NS track is a similar smaller circular track which appears to be an area cleared for Motor-Cross use. This appears to be the early formation of the cleared "Area 2". Located to the south of Track 2, is a new track which traverses south-east to the southern part of the Site. This track is within the current location of Track 2. There are some white	Manyana township is continuing to develop with vacant blocks being infilled.
	items on the ground part way along track 2. Track 2 provides access to a track forming the southern boundary of the Property. Dam 1 appears silted. Dam 4 appears to be containing water. Dam 5 appears silted. Dams 2 and 3 are not visible. No residential structures are visible.	



Image Date	Onsite Observations	Offsite Observations
01/02/2004	 The Property is predominantly vegetated with low lying vegetation. The WE track now clearly resembles Track 1. Track 2 and 3 are also now also clearly visible. The eastern (near coastal) track is no longer visible. Areas 1 and 2 are clearly visible and appear to be in use for motor-cross riding and recreational vehicle off roading. Berms typical of those in motocross racing are present in Area 1. Numerous car bodies are visible in imagery. Three possible vehicles are in the southern part of Area 1. Seven locations within Area 2 contain vehicles and objects. Along track 2 the white objects are still visible on the ground (possibly dumped construction material or car bodies). Dam 1, 2 and 3 are not visible. Dam 4 and Dam 5 are visible but appear silted. 	Residential development has infilled to the south of the Property. The western boundary of the Site is bounded by Inyadda Drive. To the west of the Inyadda Drive the land is underdeveloped mostly consisting of bushland/farmland. To the north, the land is still undeveloped, mostly consisting of bushland. A dirt road is still visible along the eastern boundary of the Property (the coastal track). This road provides access to Track 3 from Bendalong Road to the north.
20/10/2009	Tracks 1 to 3 and the eastern end of the northern track are still visible. There has been significant vegetation growth on the Property. The residential properties to the south continue to use the area adjacent to the southern boundary of the property. Multiple cars are parked in this area. Access to this area is from Sunset Strip to the east or via No. 24 which is a vacant block and No. 68 Curvers Drive. A small structure is visible on the Site (possibly a shed), to the north of No. 86 Curvers Drive. Miscellaneous items are also visible within this area. The vehicles and objects in Area 1 and 2 appear to have been removed. The berm in Area 1 is no longer present. A vehicle (appears to be dilapidated) is visible in the centre of Area 2. This vehicle was not present in imagery taken on 19/08/2019.	There are no notable changes.
06/09/2011	Numerous white objects are scattered near the southern and western tree line in Area 1. The dilapidated vehicle observed in previous imagery is no longer present. A car is visible on the southwestern tree line in Area 2.	There are no notable changes.
11/10/2013	White objects, potentially construction materials are near the northwestern tree line in Area 1. The car in Area 2 is no longer present in the original location. Another car, possibly the original car appears rusted and is located towards the centre of Area 2.	There are no notable changes.



Image Date	Onsite Observations	Offsite Observations
13/02/2016	Two car bodies are visible in the centre of Area 1. Additional imagery shows these cars were present in late 2015. Many items are littered on the ground near the southern tree line of Area 1. Another object, possible a vehicle is present in Area 2, near the western tree line. Sporadically spread objects are visible near the southern tree line of Area 2. Piles of construction material are visible within Area 3 to the north of No. 76 and No. 90 Curvers Drive. The rear yards of many of the residential properties continue to the north onto the Site. Cars are parked in multiple locations within this area.	There are no notable changes.
2018	Imagery from this time is blurry. No additional changes are noticeable in Area 1. An additional rusted vehicle appears to be present in Area 2.	There are no notable changes.
2022	Imagery shows some large objects to the east in Area 2. There are changes to the vegetation likely due to recent bushfires.	There are no notable changes.



4.6.3 Lot search GIS data base search

A Lotsearch Detailed Database search was requested for the property (refer Appendix C). This report indicates the following:

- There are no sites listed on the Contaminated Land Registry within 500m of the property.
- There is one site registered on the National Waste Management Site Database. This site is the Bendalong Waste Transfer Station owned by Shoalhaven City Council, located 185m to the northwest of the property.
- The site is not the subject of any publicly known PFAS investigation programmes.
- One Licenced Activity under the POEO Act 1997 is registered within 500m to the northwest of the property. The activity is a sewage treatment processing plant.
- Former Licenced and Delicensed EPA activities have occurred on the property. These activities all
 pertain to the application of herbicides adjacent to creeks within the property. The statuses of these
 licenses are now surrendered and all were issued by three organisations in September and November
 of 2000.
- No businesses have been listed as trading from or within 500m of the property. This includes business such as service stations, motor garages or dry cleaners.
- Topographic features indicate a grave is located within the property.
- The property is located to the south east of Conjola National Park.
- Contour mapping indicates the maximum height of the property is 24m AHD on the western boundary, dropping to less than 4m AHD on the eastern part of the property.
- The property is underlain by fractured, or fissured, extensive aquifers of low to moderate productivity,
- The closest groundwater well is within 505m to the south west of the site, (GW056020). This
 groundwater well is private and intended for domestic purposes.
- There is no naturally occurring asbestos identified in association with the geology that underlies the property.
- The risk of acid sulfate soils (ASS) is mapped as Extremely low (1-5%), class 5 meaning the site is located near areas with known ASS occurrence but the risk of ASS being present on the property is low.
- The property is not mapped as impacted by dry land salinity.
- The property is not mapped as impacted by mine subsidence.
- Part of the property is mapped with ecological constraint, specifically:
- coastal complexes, consisting of coastal swamp and a forest complex. These are located towards the middle of the northern boundary, southern and eastern portion of the property. Parts of these areas are proposed to be developed.
- Dry Shrubby forests, consisting of low land dry shrub forests. These are located towards the northwestern portion of the property. Parts of these areas are proposed to be developed.
- High and moderate groundwater dependant ecosystems are mapped within the property.

4.6.4 Lot search Title search

The property is comprised of three lots (Lot 106 on DO 755923, Lot 2 on DP1121854 and Lot 2 on DP1161638). A Lotsearch title report for the Site was requested (refer Appendix D). The summary of property ownership is provided in Table 4.5.

4.6.5 Review of council and land registry records

Terra Insight utilised Shoalhaven City Council to review relevant information pertaining to the property. This included property files, development applications (DA), complaints history, issues relating to contamination and current and previous zoning. Documents relating to the Inyadda Drive, Manyana Planning Proposal are available on the Shoalhaven City Council website. A summary of the documentation relevant to the Site is provided in Table 4.6.



Table 4-5: Summary of Owners Report – InfoTrack				
Date Ownership Details				
(Lot 106 DP 755923)				
2018 – to 2021 James Walter Douglas Pty Ltd				
1990 – 2018	Kylor Pty. Limited			
	(Portion 106 Parish Conjola – Area 82 Acres – CTVol 3564 Fol 33)			
1987 – 1990	Kylor Pty. Limited			
1955 – 1987	John William Antony Curvers, company director			
1943 – 1955	Victor Hilton Sully, soldier			
1943 – 1943	John Knight, general merchant			
	Joseph Farrar Johnson, motor driver			
	Paul Louis Herman Hoffman, labourer			
1924 – 1943	Jesse Goodsell, grantee			
	(Portion 106 Parish Conjola – Area 82 Acres)			
Prior – 1924	Crown Land			
(1920 – 1924)	(Conditional Purchase 1920 – 9 Milton to Jesse Goodsell)			
(Lot 2 DP 1121854)				
2018 – to 2021	James Walter Douglas Pty Ltd			
2009 – 2018	Kylor Pty. Limited			
	(Lot 204 DP 755923)			
1996 – 2009	Kylor Pty. Limited			
	(Portion 204 Parish Conjola – CTVol 12435 Fol 136)			
1987 – 1996 Kylor Pty. Limited				
1974 – 1987 John William Antony Curvers, company director				
	(Portion 204 Parish Conjola – Area 58 Acres 2 Roods)			
Prior – 1974	Crown Land			
(1959 – 1974) (Conditional Purchase 1959 – 31 Milton to John William Antony Curvers, company				
	director)			
(1951 – 1959)	(Special Lease 1951 – 108 Milton to Victor Hilton Sully, soldier)			
(1911 – 1951)	(Conditional Lease 1911 – 1 to Jesse Goodsell)			
(Lot 2 DP 1161638)				
2018 – to 2021 e	James Walter Douglas Pty Ltd			
2011 – 2018	Kylor Pty. Limited			
	(Lot 1070 DP 836591)			
1994 – 2011	Kylor Pty. Limited			
	(Portion 107 Parish Conjola – Area 60 Acres – CTVol 8455 Fol 135)			
1987 – 1994	Kylor Pty. Limited			
1963 – 1987	John William Antony Curvers, company director			
	(Portion 107 Parish Conjola – Area 60 Acres – CTVol 1540 Fol 141)			
1955 – 1963 John William Antony Curvers, company director				
1943 – 1955 Victor Hilton Sully, soldier				
1943 - 1943	John Knight, general merchant			
	Joseph Farrar Johnson, motor driver			
	Paul Louis Herman Hoffman, labourer			
(1922 – 1943)	(lease to Kirton and Earnshaw Limited of part)			
1904 – 1943	Jesse Goodsell, grantee			



Table 4-6: Summary of Council Historical Records Search

Site	Reference and Date	Comments
Inyadda Drive Planning Proposal, Manyana Shoalhaven City Council	Urban Design Strategy 10/12/2018	The zoning is proposed to be changed to R1 – General Residential, R2 – Low Density Residential and E2 – Environmental Conservation. The Site was rezoned in August 1992 to facilitate residential subdivision, commercial uses, golf course and tourist recreational facilities. Site originally identified as the 'Klor Site' during proposal to seek new zoning boundaries under the Shoalhaven Plan 2014 which were approved in 2015. White structure identified to the south of Area 1 in Historical Aerial Imagenuis a Heritage Site known as the Goodcall Grave
		intagery is a rientage site, known as the doodsell drave.
	Kylor PP Attachment A, Appendix C 6/08/2013	The property was cleared for faming between 1950 and 1970. No further development occurred onsite and Site is now revegetated.



5 Summary of desktop Site history review

The following table summarises the significant activities observed in and around the Site from 1950s to the present.

Table 5-1: Summary Desktop review findings

Time Period	On Site	Off Site
1950 to 1987	The Property was in use as a farm between the 1950's and 1980's. The Property was mainly clear of vegetation during this time. Several access tracks were present on the Site and several dams. The main farmhouse was located within the south- western corner of the Property. This was removed prior to 1987 and a new dwelling constructed towards the middle of the Property. No grave is visible on the 1981 historical map covering the property. However, a structure is visible in this rough location the grave on the 1969 aerial image	Bendalong township was established. Manayan Township was being developed. Inyadda Road was initially a dirt track but was then sealed. A coastal track was established between Bendalong and Manyana. A waste Transfer Station is located to 185m to the northwest of the property.
1987-2004	The Property was purchased by Kylor Pty Ltd in 1987 and rezoned in August 1992 to facilitate residential subdivision. However, no development occurred, and denser vegetation growth became established across the Property. The current tracks (Track 1 to 3) are becoming established. Other tracks have become overgrown. Area 1 and 2 (areas of active motor-cross riding and four wheel driving) are also becoming established. Objects are visible within Areas 1 and 2. These appear to be illegally dumped waste including car bodies. Herbicides were used around the drainage depressions to control vegetation between 2000 and 2001.	The township of Manyana is established.
2004-Present day	To the south of Area 1, a Heritage Site known as the Goodsell Grave is now shown on local mapping in 2015. Access to the Site is continuing to occur via several dirt tracks. These provide access through from Inyadda Road to the west of the Site through the Property (Track 1), from the southern boundary of the Property to the middle of the Site (Track 2), and from the north-eastern corner of Site to the middle of the site (Track 3). These access roads provide access to three cleared areas within the Property and a partly cleared area along the southern boundary of the Site. Inyadda Road provide access along the western edge of the Property. Area 1 appears to be in use for motocross racing and off-road driving	A sewage treatment processing plants is operating (Conjola Regional Sewerage Scheme) 474m to the northwest of the Property. A waste transfer station is operating to the west of the property. No ground water wells are located within 500m of the Site. Residential dwellings to the south of the Site utilise the southern portion of the Site for residential activities.

Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Dr, Manyana NSW



Time Period	On Site	Off Site
	According to aerial imagery, the Site has been accessible to the public and has been prone to illegal dumping of cars, residential inert construction materials, and miscellaneous items. Imagery indicates some of these items may have been removed or moved around. In some locations objects on the ground are sporadic. Locations with visible dumping activity are largely within accessible parts of the Site (e.g. Areas 1 to 2)	
	Properties along the southern boundary use the adjacent, partly cleared area of the Site (Area 3). Cars are parked within this area, the gardens of some of the properties encroach onto the Site and miscellaneous items are kept in this area by local residents. No.68 Curvers Drive is used as a major access point to Area 3. New zoning boundaries were approved in 2014.	



6 Site walkover

6.1 Site Walkover in 2019

An experienced Terra Insight geo-environmental engineer made observations of the Site in August 2019. The Site is a large site which has historically been in use as a farm. Consequently, as requested by the client, the site walkover focused only on Areas 1 and 2 and adjacent access tracks to these areas as these areas were identified as having the highest potential for contaminants to be present.

A summary of the relevant observations made during the Site walkover is provided below, annotated on Figure 4, with photographs provided in Appendix F.

- Site observations within Area 1:
 - The area is predominantly flat with a slight fall to the south east with an RL of between 24 to 17m AHD.
 The surface of the site is undulated with dirt roads and washouts within them,
 - Throughout the area is numerous car bodies some of which have been burnt out,
 - The surface of the area is scattered with foreign material including but not limited to glass bottles, building waste, rubbish, plastic, old fridges, paint containers, bricks and more,
 - Three or four zones within area 1 were observed to have large amounts of dumped building waste, some
 of which asbestos containing material was sampled for asbestos testing (refer to Figure 6 for locations),
 - In the middle of Area 1 it is predominantly grassed surrounded by thick bush. There are several dirt vehicle tracks in and around the grassed area,
 - The open grassy zone of the Area is where the car bodies are scattered,
 - Most of the dumping was noted to be just off the tracks on the boundary of the bush (r5efer to photograph 6),
 - Near the middle of the area a large mound of waste and vegetation was observed where burning of a mixture of material had occurred. Within this mound asbestos containing material (sample X002) was observed along with other material such as metal, bricks, wood, plastic, glass etc, refer to photograph 8.
- Site observations within Area 2:
 - Area 2 slightly slopes south eastward with an approximate RL of 14 to 8m AHD,
 - Like Area 1, Area 2 is predominantly grassed in the middle and has 3 car bodies scatted throughout this open area,
 - Unlike Area 1 the car bodies within Area 2 have not been burnt-out and appear to be more recent,
 - There is a dirt vehicle track around the perimeter of the grassed centre of the Area in which the dirt road continues northward which from the aerial photography is assumed to provide access to the lot north of the site,
 - Within the area there was notably less dumping other than the few car bodies and the odd paint can and glass bottles,
 - The vegetation on the eastern side of the area was a lot denser than the bush encountered in Area 1 and could be associated with a creek thought to be present near this side of the area (no creek was observed during the site visit).
 - General observations of the Site:
 - Areas surrounding Area 1 and Area 2 is mostly bushland.
 - Motocross and 4WD tracks are found throughout the remaining area, some parts of tracks are lined with tyres.
 - Areas near tracks around Area 1 and Area 2 contain dumped items including dilapidated car bodies and piles of rubbish.



6.2 Site Walkover in 2022

An experienced Terra Insight geo-environmental engineer made additional observations of the Site in August 2022 which included a detailed walkover of all areas proposed for development. The walkover was done in two parts focusing on the Northern parts of the Site inspected in 2019 and then the Southern parts of the Site now proposed for development. Photographs taken during these inspections are provided in Appendix G for the northern section and Appendix H for the southern section.

- Site observations within Northern Site (refer Appendix G):
 - There are some noticeable changes to the previous investigation. Since the 2020 bushfires, much of the vegetation in Area 2 has been destroyed and there is new growth occurring in the lower canopy.
 - There were numerous car burnout car bodies identified in the area. Some of them had "2022" spray painted on them.
 - The surface of the area is scattered with building materials. One pile was observed to be a pile of asbestos containing building materials which was approximately 1m by 1m in size.
 - There were many dirt tracks throughout the area.
 - Most of the dumped materials were noted to be adjacent to tracks. Few foreign items were found deep into the vegetation
 - There were remnants of small fires which included glass, metals and other materials which had been burnt.
- Site Observations within Southern Site (refer to Appendix H):
 - The southern boundary of this area is grassed and backs onto residential lots.
 - Along the boundary are numerous stockpiles of tree logs, garden waste and building materials.
 - The area behind No 108 Curvers Drive is in use by someone as an area for storing, chopping and supply wood for domestic use. Several access tracks from Curvers drive are visible providing ute access to this area.
 - The area behind No. 100 Curvers Drive is used for storing metal sheeting, a boat, timber, paint cans and other building materials (refer to photographs 15-17).
 - There is a small shed that has been constructed about 5m into the bush from the southern boundary.
 There is an old caravan adjacent to it. There are mattresses, insulation, glass, a lawn mower, a transformer and other objects around the shed and caravan (refer to photographs 19-22).
 - West of this area is the start of a bike track. There are small stockpiles of presumably local soils that have been built over fallen trees for a smooth surface (refer to photograph 18).
 - The bike tracks continue throughout this southern area. There are foreign objects including pieces of plywood and hard plastics creating ramps (refer to photographs 7-9).
 - There is an old light wooden post with wires and coils located to the west of the site there was found amongst the vegetation.
 - An old building foundation was found in the vegetation. This is presumed to date back prior to when there were council records.



7 Preliminary Assessment Findings

7.1 Potential areas of environmental concern

Site history information and site observations indicate that potentially contaminating activities may have occurred across the Site. These are typically associated with the Site's previous use as a farm and trespass of the Site for use which is not consistent with the Site's current bush land setting and non-occupation.

A summary of the potential contaminating activities and their potential areas of impact in the area of proposed development are detailed in table 7.1.

Table 7-1: Summary Desktop review findings

Potential areas of impact	Activity
Area 1 – Large cleared area and surrounding bushland towards the western side of the Site.	Dumping of waste (fly tipped) material, construction material, burning camp fires and cars. Use of the Site for recreational motor- cross and four-wheel driving.
Area 2 – Large cleared area and surrounding bushland towards the middle of the Site.	Dumping of waste (fly tipped) material, construction material, and cars. Use of the Site for recreational motor-cross and four-wheel driving.
Area 3 – Area adjacent to residential properties, along the southern boundary of the Site.	Dumping of waste (fly tipped) material along boundary (potential for construction waste, general house-hold waste) by adjacent residential properties. Active ongoing use of the area by adjacent residents e.g., use of herbicides and pesticides, parking of vehicles, burning campfires. This area is proposed for residential development.
	Use of the Site for provision of firewood commercially
Area 4 – Area within the south-western corner of the Site	Removal of original farmhouse which is likely to have been constructed using asbestos and lead paints. It is noted that only part of the area is proposed for residential development.
	Dumping of waste (fly tipped) material and construction material. Use of the Site for motor sports.
Area 5: Area along and around major	Dumping of waste (fly tipped) material. Driving of vehicles.
tracks access through the Site.	In our original report, this included a small cleared area to the south of Area 2 (which was referred to as Area 3), along Track 2 which is outside of the area of proposed development. In this area there is a small clearing in which flytipping has occurred.
Area 6: Remaining Areas of the Site.	Historic spraying of herbicides/pesticides adjacent to creeks for vegetation control. Historical infilling of dams. Potential removal of unknown structures. Sporadic use of the Site for illegal dumping of waste and motor sports. Most of these areas are not proposed for residential development.

7.2 Potential Contaminants of Concern (CoCs)

The potential contaminants of concern associated with the use of pesticides for vegetation control, dumping of waste, driving of vehicles, burning campfires and the demolition of former structures on the Site are detailed in section 8.1 include the following:



• Pesticides:

The term pesticide covers a wide range of compounds including insecticides, fungicides, herbicides, rodenticides, molluscicides, nematicides, plant growth regulators and others. Among these, organochlorine (OC) insecticides (used successfully in controlling a number of diseases, such as malaria and typhus) were banned or restricted after the 1960s. This was followed by the introduction of synthetic insecticides including organophosphate (OP) insecticides in the 1960s, carbamates in 1970s and pyrethroids in 1980s. Pesticides are likely to have been used along drainage channels west of the Site to manage vegetation. When sprayed it is likely to have been blown by the wind to other areas including potentially the site. They can also flow with rainwater into nearby streams or can seep through the soil into ground water. Pesticides differ according to their effects on various organisms. Selective pesticides are toxic only to the target pests (e.g., termite treatment underneath proposed dwellings). Their persistent in the environment is dependent on each individual chemical's composition and the environment in which they are used. Typically, persistence is less than 5 years, with DDT and copper-based pesticides being a few of the exceptions. Such chemicals are typically used within proposed building footprints.

• Total recoverable hydrocarbons (TRH), BTEX, PAHs (poly aromatic Hydrocarbons) and PCBs (Polychlorinated Biphenyl's):

These contaminants may potentially exist if fuel or oil was spilled accidently onto the source Site of the fill and then become entrapped within the fill. TRH and BTEX (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene) are not considered to be persistent in the environment due to their volatile nature. Some of these contaminants are typically used in oils. PCBs are generally non-soluble in water, non-volatile and resistant to flame, thermal and chemical degradation. PCBs are therefore relatively persistent in the environment, due to their chemical composition, however in aerobic environments, bacteria can degrade PAHs.

• Heavy Metals:

Heavy metals are likely to be associated with leaks of leaded fuel and from old paints which are known to contain lead and other heavy metals. Galvanised roofing may also be associated with elevated level of zinc. Such contaminants may also be associated with historical importation of fill materials (if this occurred) on the site.

Asbestos:

This material was used in construction of buildings prior to the 1990's. However, such material can also be associated with historical illegal dumping on the site or entrapment within fill material brought onto the Site. Although asbestos can enter the environment through the breakdown of natural deposits, the presence of asbestos on Site is mainly via the deterioration of manufactured asbestos products. Asbestos fibres do not breakdown in air or dissolve in water, and so they have the potential to be suspended or re-suspended and to travel large distances (by air and/or water) before settling. The larger fibres tend to settle more readily. Asbestos fibres do not readily move through the soil, and in general do not breakdown to other compounds, and therefore persist in the environment.

7.3 Potential receptors of concern

Review of historical aerial photographs and surrounding land uses indicates the following potential receptors of concern:

Sources	Pathway	Receptor
Asbestos	Inhalation of fugitive dust /	Construction/Maintenance Workers
impacted soils	airborne fibres	Current site occupiers
		Future Site occupiers
		Current fauna
	Inhalation of vapours	Construction/Maintenance Workers

Table 7-2: Potential contamination-based pathways and receptors



Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Dr, Manyana NSW

Preliminary Site Investigation with Soil Sampling

Sources	Pathway	Receptor
Petroleum		Current site occupiers
hydrocarbons, PAH. heavv		Future Site occupiers
metals, TPH,	Ingestion and absorption by direct contact	Future Site occupiers
pesticides and BTEX		Current site occupiers
	Migration by surface run-off	Surface waters
	Migration by liquid flow	Surface waters
		Aquatic systems
	Plant uptake	Local flora
		Ingestion of home-grown vegetables

7.4 Conceptual Site model

The conceptual Site Model (CSM) detailed herein defines:

- the potential contaminants which may be present on the site from current and historical site uses,
- the potential areas these contaminants may be present;
- the receptors that may be impacted by these contaminants; and
- the potential pathways through which these receptors may be impacted.

In this Conceptual Site model (CSM), a contaminant can be any substance, which is in, on or under the land and which has the potential to cause harm or to cause pollution of controlled waters. A pathway is defined as one or more routes or means by, or through, which a receptor is being or can be exposed to, or affected by, a contaminant.

The CSM also provides an assessment of the risk associated with these potential contaminants on the site to allow for the identification and prioritisation of areas for further assessment.

Locations of Areas of Potential Environmental Concern are given in Figure 3. Table 7.3 summarises the following in a conceptual Site model (CSM) for the Site, specifically:

- The potential area of environmental concern (AEC) identified on the Site,
- The potential contaminating activities which are associated with the AEC identified on the Site;
- The potential contaminants of concern associated with the AEC identified on the Site; and
- The likelihood of contamination.



Table 7-3: Preliminary	Conceptual Site N	1odel
------------------------	-------------------	-------

AEC	Potential Areas of Environmental Concern (See also Figure 3)	Potentially Contaminating Activity/Source	Sub Component / Description	Likelihood of Contamination*	Potential Chemicals of Concern
AEC 1	Cleared area (Area 1) used recreationally	Dumping of waste (fly tipped) material. Burning campfires Use of the area for motor-cross riding and by 4WDs	Potentially contaminants within the fly tipped and burnt material including construction material waste, asbestos, car bodies. Leaks from cars and motor bikes	HIGH likelihood of contaminants being present based on-ease of access to the Site by the public and the visibly deteriorated car bodies observed in historical aerial imagery and during the Site walkover.	Asbestos, lead, zinc, arsenic, PAHs, PCBs, BTEX, TRH.
AEC 2	Cleared Area (Area 2) used recreationally	Dumping of waste (fly tipped) material. Use of the area for motor-cross riding and by 4WDs	Potentially contaminants within the fly tipped material including construction material waste, asbestos, car bodies. Leaks from cars and motor bikes	HIGH likelihood of contaminants being present based on-ease of access to the Site by the public and the visibly deteriorated car bodies observed in historical aerial imagery and during the Site walkover.	Asbestos, lead, zinc, arsenic, PAHs, PCBs, BTEX, TRH.
AEC 3	The area immediately adjacent to the existing residential properties along the southern boundary of the Site.	Dumping of waste (fly tipped) material. Active use of the area by adjacent residents Burning of campfires Construction of unauthorised structures Stockpiling of wood and building materials	Potentially contaminants within the fly tipped material including construction waste and asbestos. Potentially contaminating residential activities, including use of herbicides and pesticides to manage vegetation, disposal of household chemicals, and leaks associated with the parking of cars for extended periods.	HIGH likelihood of contaminants being present as there has been significant use of this area by adjacent and local residents campfires, sheds and some storage of materials and including dumping of building materials and other foreign objects.	Asbestos, lead, zinc, arsenic, PAHs, PCBs. Herbicides and Pesticides.



Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Dr, Manyana NSW

AEC	Potential Areas of Environmental Concern (See also Figure 3)	Potentially Contaminating Activity/Source	Sub Component / Description	Likelihood of Contamination*	Potential Chemicals of Concern
AEC4	Area on south-western corner of Site.	Historical farm buildings now removed	Potential for these buildings to have contained asbestos and heavy metals (lead)	MODERATE- potential for contaminants to be present as the buildings are likely to have been removed without specialist assistance. Remnants of the previous structures were not observed during the Site walkover excluding a small section of foundation	Asbestos, lead, zinc, arsenic, PAHs, PCBs. Herbicides and Pesticides
AEC 5 (Sub areas 1 to 3)	Major access tracks (Track 1, 2 and 3) connecting cleared areas within the Site from boundaries.	Dumping of waste (fly tipped) material, use of the tracks by motor vehicles and bikes	Potentially contaminants within the fly tipped material.	MODERATE likelihood of contaminants being present based on the ease of access to the Site but also the lack of significant dumping observed along the tracks during the Site walkover.	Asbestos, lead, zinc, arsenic, PAHs, PCBs, BTEX, TRH.
AEC6	Remaining areas of the Site, predominantly consisting of bushland and minor tracks.	Dumping of waste (fly tipped) material	Potentially contaminating fly tipped material.	LOW likelihood of contaminants being present based on the extent of illegally dumping there is a moderate potential for contamination near actively used areas on the Site and along minor tracks. Areas that are isolated and heavily vegetated have a lower likelihood for contamination due to limited access. However, most of these parts of the Site are not being developed.	Asbestos, lead, zinc, arsenic, PAHs, PCBs, BTEX, TRH.
	Potential use of pesticides and herbicides around creeks on the remainder of the site.	Potential historic spraying of herbicides/pesticides adjacent to creeks for vegetation control.	Use of OCC and OCP chemicals along water ways	LOW likelihood of contaminants being present likelihood of potential soil contamination as use of herbicides along the drainage areas has ceased and any historical pesticide use would have been biologically degraded with time. The exception to this would be DDT which is unlikely to have been used in such a sensitive environment. It is noted that no residential development is proposed for this part of the Site. The area associated with the creeks is to set aside for green space within the development.	Pesticides, herbicides



AEC	Potential Areas of Environmental Concern (See also Figure 3)	Potentially Contaminating Activity/Source	Sub Component / Description	Likelihood of Contamination*	Potential Chemicals of Concern
AEC 6 cont.	Unknown buildings now removed	Demolished and deteriorated structures	Potential for these structures to have been constructed from hazardous materials	LOW likelihood of contaminants being present likelihood as little evidence on historical aerial images of existing structures on the Site except the old farmhouses.	Asbestos, lead, zinc, arsenic, PAHs, PCBs, BTEX, TRH.
	Old creeks and dams	Silting of these dams and potential filling of these dams with material won from off-site	Contaminants within any imported fill or fill won from the site	LOW likelihood of contaminants being present likelihood as aerial images suggest the dams and drainage depression have been filled by natural siltation processes and are not located within the area proposed for development.	Asbestos, lead, zinc, arsenic, PAHs, BTEX, TRH.



8 Detailed Soil Sampling Investigation

8.1 Subsurface Conditions from 2019

In the previous investigation that was conducted in 2019 boreholes were excavated across the Site for both contamination and ASS testing. Soils samples for contamination testing were generally taken from depths between 0m to 0.3m across the Site, from within near surface soils. Further samples for ASS testing were taken from depths up to 1.3m. Materials encountered were typically the following:

- Topsoil: consisting of Sandy CLAY of low to medium plasticity, red brown, brown, trace of fine gravel, foreign items in parts. Encountered at depths from 0 to 0.3m.
- Alluvial/Residual: consisting of Sandy CLAY to CLAY of medium to high plasticity, dark grey-brown, brown with fine to medium sand, trace of fine angular gravel. Encountered at depths between 0.2m to 1.2m across the Site.
- Extremely Weathered Material: consisting of material recovered as SAND, Silty SAND and Sandy CLAY, typically fine to coarse sand, yellow brown, low plasticity fines. Encountered at depths between 0.4m and 1.3m across the Site.

In test location BH08, fill was encountered to depths of 1.2m and in test location BH18, colluvial soil was encountered to depths of 0.6m.

8.2 Sampling Plan 2022

The areas of the Site that are to be developed have an approximate total area of 28 Ha. Prior to the field investigation, the AECs identified during the desk study and previous PSI, were "walked over" to identify areas where there would be a higher potential for contaminants to be present, such as adjacent to waste piles, in campfires, burnt out car bodies, potential asbestos containing materials, treated wood etc. The sampling plan developed for the additional investigation was comprised of the following:

- Northern Area: Additional sampling and testing to in fill any data gaps in the areas previous sampled in 2019 or to address any new areas of concern identified during the recent walkover. Samples were number D12 to D21.
- Southern Area: Detailed sampling and testing in the southern part of the site not yet investigated but now proposed for development. Samples were number D1 to D11.

The 2019 investigation identified Area 1 and Area 2 as having a high risk for contamination and in Stage 1, and subsequently twenty-four (24) locations were sampled across these areas. These two cleared areas were targeted as 1) they were identified in the clients brief specifically for assessment, 2) they were assessed as having the highest potential for contaminants to be present than other AECs subsequently identified on the site during the desk study phase of the PSI, and 3) were within the areas proposed for residential development.

In the Northern Area, any AECs that needed further sampling were identified in the PSI report with appropriate recommendation made. These recommendations were reviewed as part of the current investigation, with a more targeted sampling regime for the Northern Area adopted to infill any missing data gaps. Areas of Environmental Concerns AEC 1 and AEC 2 in the Northern Area, identified during the previous 2019 PSI, were associated with active use of the Site by the public for motor sports and for illegal dumping (fly tipping) of waste material. Since then, more potentially contaminating activity has been observed across these areas (including bush fires which allowed increased access to parts of the Site). Consequently, additional sampling was deemed required.

The southern section of the proposed development was not assessed in the prior investigation as at the time it was not planned to be developed. This part of the Site was therefore targeted for detailed investigation with 11 samples locations adopted.

Based on the historical aerial imagery and findings during the Site walkover, a targeted methodology was deemed most appropriate to detect potential contamination. Samples were taken from the locations using an excavator with bucket and/or augur attachment where the site was accessible and by spade where access was limited. The sampling locations were taken from the near surface materials (0.0-0.3m depth) as these were deemed most likely to be





impacted by the contaminating activities. No filling, other than some stockpiling, was observed on the Site. The locations of the sampling areas are shown on Figure 6 and 7.

8.3 Field Investigation Methodology

The field investigation was conducted on the 30th of June 2022. The investigation included the following:

- A grid walkover of the Site to detect the presence of asbestos on the ground surface;
- Sampling at 24 locations in 2019 and 21 locations across the Site in 2022. Sampling was undertaken at 45 locations in total;
- Testing for COCs including heavy metals, asbestos, PAHs, BTEX and hydrocarbons.
- The procedure involved the following:
 - Sampling using a spade to a depth of 0.3m into natural soils
 - Samples were collected of the dug-up materials.
 - Discrete samples were collected and placed in glass jars and placed within a chilled esky.
 - A bulk sample was taken from each hole was sieved. The sieved material was composited and bagged for asbestos testing. Composite samples included material from 2-3 nearby test locations to reduce laboratory cost.
- To prevent cross-contamination of soil samples, vinyl gloves were worn and changed between each sample. Soil samples were placed into laboratory provided acid-washed jars, or plastic bags. The soils were placed in a chilled ice chest (Esky) for delivery to the laboratory.
- The jars were filled to ensure minimum head space.
- The samples were accompanied by a chain of custody (COC) form identifying the analyses required for each sample.
- The supervision of the sampling of the materials encountered was undertaken by a Principal Geoenvironmental Engineer;
- For quality control purposes, the following samples were also taken:
 - An intra-lab duplicate and triplicate sample was taken and submitted for testing to Eurofins ;
 - A tripblank sample was kept in the chilled esky and subject to testing.
- As the samples were taken direct from the auger pile, no rinsate sample was collected.

8.4 Laboratory Testing

It should be noted that many of the tests undertaken by the laboratory are implemented on a small sub-sample of the original sample provided by Terra. For some tests, the whole sample is screened for the potential contaminant such as for asbestos. This was considered in the sampling and testing regime.

Discrete samples only were taken from the surface material for testing of heavy metals, hydrocarbons and pesticides. The material from the test location was sieved. Any foreign material observed in the tailings was photographed. From the sieved sample, a grab sample was taken for further laboratory analysis for asbestos. The following samples were collected and submitted for analysis (refer Appendix G for test certificates):

- Discrete: samples from surface material were taken. All were used to assess for heavy metals. Hydrocarbon, PAH, and BTEX contamination. Sampling locations from the 2019 investigation were named BH01 to BH24. Samples locations from the 2022 investigation were named D1 to D21.
- Asbestos grab samples: These samples were taken from bulk samples sieved over a 7mm sieve. Foreign material
 identified during the sieving process were photographed. The ten samples were then sent to a NATA registered
 laboratory to assess for the presence of asbestos fines and fibres. Any foreign materials potentially contain
 asbestos were subject to further laboratory assessment.
- One (1) trip blank sample was taken and assessed for volatiles
- Two (2) duplicate samples were taken and assessed for volatiles and heavy metals.



9 Review of Investigation Findings.

9.1 Published guidelines and framework for contamination assessment

This contamination assessment detailed within has been prepared with reference to the following:

- DECC NSW Contaminated Sites Guidelines on the Duty to Report Contamination under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (2009);
- DEC NSW Contaminated Sites Guidelines for the NSW Auditor Scheme (3RD Ed. 2017);
- NEPC National Environmental Protection (assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, Schedule B (1) Guidelines on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater (1999, revised 2013);
- NEPC National Environmental Protection (assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, Schedule B (2) Guidance on Site Investigation (1999, revised 2013);
- NSW EPA Contaminated Sites Sampling Design Guidelines (1995);
- NSW EPA Contaminated Sites Guidelines for Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Sites (1997); and
- NSW EPA and Department of Urban Affairs and Planning Guidelines SEPP (Resilience & Hazards) 2021.

These guidelines are used to identify levels of contamination that may pose ecological or health risks to future users of the Site. These documents provide guidelines for the derivation of levels (for various contaminates), above which further assessment is required to assess the potential impact on human health and the environment.

9.2 Derivation of Investigation levels for further assessment

9.2.1 VENM and background Investigation Levels

The initial assessment of the soils on the Site involved assessing whether the maximum or average concentrations for V/ENM (as published in the Resource Recovery Order under Part 9, Clause 93 of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulations) were exceeded and whether the level of contaminants detected were above typical background levels.

This approach was undertaken, as in most cases, the health investigation and environmental investigation levels (HIL and EIL) are the same or higher than the ENM maximum average concentration guidelines values. Consequently, where exceedances of the average V/ENM guideline concentration were observed, a detailed review of the Health Investigation Levels (HIL) and/or Ecological Investigation Levels (EILs) was deemed warranted. It is noted that the VENM guidelines require soils to have a pH between 5 and 9. Testing indicates the soils have pH values between this range.

9.2.2 HIL Investigation Levels

For the purpose of assessments, Health Investigation Levels (HILs) are available for four (4) generic land-use categories as follows:

- HIL A : Standard residential with garden/ accessible soils (home produced < 10%), no poultry, includes childcare centres, preschools, and primary schools;
- HIL B : Residential with minimal opportunities for soil access, includes dwellings with full and permanently paved yard space such as high rise buildings;
- HIL C: Includes developed open spaces such as parks, playgrounds, playing fields, secondary schools, and footpaths. Does not include undeveloped public open spaces which should be site -specific assessment.
- HIL D: Commercial / Industrial includes premises such as shows, offices, factories and industrial sites.

The Site is a residential site which will be residentially developed. This use meets the definition of a HIL(A) site. Consequently, appropriate tier 1 soil screening criteria for HIL (A) site have been adopted as follows:

Health Investigation Levels (HIL) A (residential with access to soil) for soil contaminants as per Table 1A

 of Schedule B1 of the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure
 1999 as amended 2013 (ASC NEPM).



In addition to the above, and where the above is silent, analytical results were compared against screening criteria in the following guidelines:

- Asbestos: WA Department of Health (2009) Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia (referred to herein as the WA Guidelines) and Table 7 Schedule B(1) NEPM 1999. These guidelines are discussed in detail in section 8.5.3.
- **Hydrocarbons, BTEX:** health screening levels from schedule B of the ASC NEPM and the CRC Care guidelines were adopted for fine soils as the soils were sandy to silty clays. A depth of 0m to 1m was adopted for the soil vapour health screening levels. Assessment was also undertaken using the HSL for direct contact. Details are as follows:

Table 9-1: Summary of TPH HSL

HSL Health screening for vapour Intrusion Analyte (mg/kg)		HSL direct contact (mg/kg)	
	Ref Table 1A(3)	(Ref CRC Care)	
F1 C6-C10	50	4400	
F2 C10-C16	280	330	
F3 C16-C34	NL	450	
F4 C34-C40	NL	6300	
Toluene:	480	14000	
Xylenes:	0.7	100	
Benzene	110	12000	
Ethylbenzene	NL	4500	

- **PAHs** : health screening levels from schedule B of the ASC NRPM have been adopted for the HIL A site . The following health investigation levels were adopted:
 - Benzo(a)pyrene: 3mg/kg; and
 - Total PAH: 300mg/kg.
- Heavy Metals: health screening levels from schedule B of the ASC NEPM for areas classed as HIL A (Residential with access to soils). The following health screening levels were adopted:
 - Arsenic: 100 mg/kg;
 - Cadmium: 20 mg/kg;
 - Chromium: 100 mg/kg;
 - Copper: 6000 mg/kg;
 - Lead: 300 mg/kg;
 - Mercury: 40 mg/kg;
 - Nickell: 400 mg/kg; and
 - Zinc: 7400 mg/kg.

9.2.3 Ecological Investigation Levels

Analytical results were compared initially with the Ecological Investigation Levels (EILs) presented in Schedule B1 of the ASC NEPM (2013), where available, to determine potential risks to current and future ecological receptors at the Site or near the Site. For other analytes, potentially phytotoxic to plants, the NEPM 1999 provisional phytotoxicity based investigation levels (PBILs) were also initially referenced. Reference was also made to the ANZECC B Environmental Investigation Levels.

It is noted that certain ASC NEPM (2013) EIL values rely on site specific inputs and calculations, whereas the (now rescinded) NEPM (1999) PBILs are indicative concentrations aimed at protecting plant health and were derived specifically for clayey soils or soils of a closely similar texture with a pH of 6 to 8. They were intended for assessment screening purpose only.



In the 2019 testing, local information was used to derive the EILs. In 2022, site specific testing to assess inputs to allow refinement of the ASC NEPM EILs for copper, chromium (III), nickel, and zinc was undertaken in accordance with the ASC NEPM 2013 guidelines. These Site-specific inputs include:

_	Cation exchange capacity (CEC)	22;
-	Soil iron content	9;
_	Soil organic carbon content (OC)	6.3; and
_	Soil pH	5.5.

These are used to derive the added contaminant limit (ACL). The ambient background concentration (ABC) is also required for each metal. The sum of the ACL and the ABC provides the EIL. An incomplete value is provided in the ASC NEPM for lead (i.e. just the ACL), where ABC must be added. EIL are also provided for arsenic, naphthalene and the pesticide DDT.

Having considerations for Site specific EIL calculation factors, any metals in the soils on the Site were considered 'aged', i.e. have been present for >2 years in current landform. The clay content of the soil is assumed to be at least 20% based of field observations. Cation Exchange Capacity values for (CEC) for sample D11 was determined by the laboratory to be for light clays a value of 22cmol/kg and soil pH of (based on laboratory testing) is used, a laboratory determined total organic carbon content of 6.3% and an iron content of 71% (based on laboratory testing) were adopted to derive the EILs. The EILS for residential areas are derived as follows (refer appendix I):

-	Mercury:	1mg/kg;
_	Cadmium:	3mg/kg;
_	Arsenic:	100 mg/kg;
_	Lead:	1100 mg/kg;
_	Copper:	160 mg/kg;
—	Nickel:	300 mg/kg;
_	Chromium (III):	380 mg/kg; and
-	Zinc:	350 mg/kg.

The ASC NEPM also provides ecological screening levels (ESL) for petroleum hydrocarbons and associated compounds, as Table 1B (6) of Schedule B1. These criteria are provided for fine- and coarse-grained soils. Visual assessment indicates the soils on Site are sandy clays to silty clays. However, laboratory testing indicates a clay content of 8%. Terra has undertaken site classifications and infiltration testing for sites adjacent and near the property, which indicate the soils are fine grained and medium plasticity and not granular. Consequently, the laboratory %Clay findings is deemed erroneous. The other soil characteristics data listed above is within the expected range for the soils on the site. As the primary concern was for fine grained soils, these criteria were used.

•	C6-10:	180mg/kg;

- C10-C16: 120mg/kg;
- C16-C34: 1300mg/kg;
- C34-C40: 5600 mg/kg;
- Benzene: 65mg/kg;
- Ethylbenzene: 125mg/kg;
- Toluene: 105mg/kg;
- Xylene: 45mg/kg; and
- Benzo(a)pyrene: 0.7mg/kg

9.2.4 Asbestos Soil Contamination and Health Risk

The assessment of asbestos described here is for the sole purpose of site contamination assessment purposes. The principle guidance is as follows, noting reference (1) is based on reference (2):


- Schedule B1 of the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, 2013 Amendment (National Environment Protection Council (NEPC), 1999) (ASC NEPM (1999, as amended 2013)); and
- 2. Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia (WA DoH 2009).

The AC NEPM guidance applies to the assessment of known and suspected asbestos contamination in soil and addresses both friable and non-friable forms of asbestos. Most assessments will involve non-friable bonded forms of asbestos-containing-material (bonded ACM) as this is the most common type of asbestos soil contamination in Australia. The guidance is not applicable to asbestos materials which are:

- wastes such as demolition materials present on the surface of the land; or
- asbestos materials in buildings or structures including operational pipelines.

For the purpose of assessing the significance of asbestos in soil contamination, three terms are used in Schedule B1 of the ASC NEPM which are based on WA DoH (2009).

Table 9-2: Reproduction of Table 6-1 from Schedule B1 of the ASC NEPM (Equivalency of terms used in the NEPM, WA DoH(2009) and Work Health and Safety legislation and guidelines)

NEPM terminology (based on WA DoH 2009)	Work Health and Safety terminology
Bonded asbestos-containing-material or 'bonded ACM' (referred to as ACM in WA DoH 2009)	Bonded asbestos/non-friable asbestos
Fibrous asbestos, FA	Non-bonded/friable asbestos
Asbestos fines, AF	

Bonded ACM

Bonded ACM comprises asbestos-containing-material, which is in sound condition, although possibly broken or fragmented, and where the asbestos is bound in a matrix such as cement or resin (e.g. asbestos fencing and vinyl tiles). This term is restricted to material that cannot pass a 7 mm x 7 mm sieve. This sieve size is selected because it approximates the thickness of common asbestos cement sheeting and for fragments to be smaller than this would imply a high degree of damage and hence <u>potential for fibre release</u>.

Bonded ACM is equivalent to 'non-friable' asbestos in Safe Work Australia (2011), which is defined therein as 'material containing asbestos that is not friable asbestos, including material containing asbestos fibres reinforced with a bonding compound'.

Fibrous Asbestos (FA)

FA comprises friable asbestos material and includes <u>severely weathered cement sheet</u>, insulation products and woven asbestos material. This type of friable asbestos is defined here as asbestos material that is in a degraded condition such that it can be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. This material is typically unbonded or was previously bonded and is now significantly degraded (crumbling).

Asbestos fines (AF) AF includes free fibres, small fibre bundles and also small fragments of bonded ACM that pass through a 7 mm x 7 mm sieve. (Note that for bonded ACM fragments to pass through a 7 mm x 7 mm sieve implies a substantial degree of damage which increases the potential for fibre release.)

From a risk to human health perspective, FA and AF are considered to be equivalent to 'friable' asbestos in Safe Work Australia (2011), which is defined therein as 'material that is in a powder form or that can be crumbled, pulverised or reduced to a powder by hand pressure when dry, and contains asbestos'.



Asbestos only poses a risk to human health when asbestos fibres are made airborne and inhaled. If asbestos is bound in a matrix such as cement or resin, it is not readily made airborne except through substantial physical damage.

Assessment and management of asbestos contamination should take into account the condition of the asbestos materials and the potential for damage and resulting release of asbestos fibres. Bonded ACM in sound condition represents a low human health risk. However, both FA and AF materials have the potential to generate, or be associated with, free asbestos fibres. As a result, FA and AF must be carefully managed to prevent the release of asbestos fibres into the air.

Schedule B1 of the ASC NEPM notes that it is an inappropriate response to declare a site a human health risk on the basis of the presence of bonded ACM alone. However, if the bonded material is damaged or crumbling (that is, it has become friable), it may represent a significant human health risk if disturbed and fibres are made airborne.

Schedule B1 of the ASC NEPM states that the site-specific assessment of sites contaminated with asbestos in soil should be aimed at describing the nature and quantity of asbestos present in sufficient detail to enable a risk management plan to be developed for the current or proposed land use. The management plan should address potential scenarios for the relevant land use(s) whereby asbestos fibres may become airborne and pose a human health risk.

Health screening levels for asbestos in soil, which are based on scenario-specific likely exposure levels, are adopted from the WA DoH guidelines and are listed in Table 8.4.

Form of asbestos	Health Screening Level (w/w)						
	Residential A ¹	Residential B ²	Recreational C ³	Commercial/ Industrial D ⁴			
Bonded ACM	0.01%	0.04%	0.02%	0.05%			
FA and AF ⁵ (friable asbestos)		0.001%					
All forms of asbestos		No visible asbestos for surface soil					

Table 9-3 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos Contamination in Soil

1. Residential A with garden/accessible soil also includes children's day care centres, preschools and primary schools.

- 2. Residential B with minimal opportunities for soil access; includes dwellings with fully and permanently paved yard space such as high-rise buildings and apartments.
- Recreational C includes public open space such as parks, playgrounds, playing fields (e.g. ovals), secondary schools and unpaved footpaths.
- 4. Commercial/industrial D includes premises such as shops, offices, factories and industrial sites.
- 5. The screening level of 0.001% w/w asbestos in soil for FA and AF (i.e. non-bonded/friable asbestos) only applies where the FA and AF are able to be quantified by gravimetric procedures (refer Section 4.10). This screening level is not applicable to free fibres.

Schedule B1 notes that there are various acceptable means to provide confidence that the soil surface is free of visible asbestos including, but not limited to, multi-directional raking of soil to about 10 cm depth picking of asbestos fragments or covering with a durable hard cover. The requirement for the soil surface to be free of visible asbestos applies to both assessment and remediation phases.

Assessment of bonded ACM is the recommended measure for total asbestos contamination where FA and AF (derived from bonded ACM only) are not likely to be significant as established by the preliminary site





investigation (PSI) including the site inspection (as a guide, this may be taken to be where FA and AF are likely to make up less than 10% of the total amount of asbestos present).

The asbestos concentration calculations are based on the amount of asbestos equivalent (i.e. asbestos in asbestos-containing-materials) in a measured/estimated amount of soil, expressed as a % weight for weight. The soil volume may be one or more individual 10 L samples from specific soil units or the area of a grid square multiplied by the investigation depth for raking and tilling methods (refer Schedule B2).

As outlined in enHealth (2005), the quantity of asbestos in soil may be estimated as follows:

%w/w asbestos in soil = % asbestos content x bonded ACM (kg) /soil volume (L) x soil density (kg/L)

In the example included in enHealth (2005) it was assumed that: % asbestos content (within bonded ACM) = 15% and soil density (for sandy soils) = 1.65 kg/L More representative results for asbestos concentration in soil can be calculated if the parameter values are analysed rather than assumed.

The assumption of 15% asbestos by weight in bonded ACM for sites contaminated with cement bonded ACM only is acceptable because typical compositions for bonded ACM products used in Australia are 10-15% asbestos by weight. However, other bonded products may contain much larger proportions of asbestos, e.g. asbestos vinyl floor tiles may contain 8-30% asbestos (Workplace Health and Safety Queensland, 2011).

Parameter	Value	Rationale
% asbestos content	15	Constant, as provided in ASC NEPM.
Bonded ACM (kg)	Cell Specific	Site Specific.
Soil Volume (L)	40,000	Based on 20 x 20 m by 0.1 m depth being 40 m^3 and where 1 m^3 = 1,000 L.
Soil Density (kg/L)	1.65	Straight adoption of the ASC NEPN quoted value noting that this is reasonable for sandy soils.

Table 9-4 Parameters Used for Asbestos Quantity Assessment

Note that the quantity assessment reported herein is to be considered indicative only as due to the volume of ACM not all fragments may have been observed / recovered.

9.3 Summary of Laboratory Findings

The laboratory test certificates, and summary of the laboratory results are provided in Appendix J. Table 9-1, Figure 7 and the following sections summarises the key exceedances from investigations in 2019 (BH01-BH18) and 2022 (D1-D21).



Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Dr, Manyana NSW

Preliminary Site Investigation with Soil Sampling

Table 9-5: Summary of Exceedances by Location

	,		Guideline	levels (ppm)				
Sample and Location	HIL	HSL (A)	EIL	CT1 Waste Class	ENM	Background Levels		
		Northern p	part of the Site					
BH01		1	1		1			
Nickel – 53 mg/kg	No	NA	No	Yes (40 mg/kg)	No	No		
BH02								
Nickel – 47 mg/kg	No	NA	No	Yes (40 mg/kg)	No	No		
BH03	- -	1	1		1			
Nickel – 90 mg/kg	No	NA	No	Yes (40 mg/kg)	Yes (60 mg/kg)	No		
BH04						1		
Chromium – 211 mg/kg	No	No	No	No	Yes (150 mg/kg)	No		
Nickel – 141 mg/kg	No	NA	No	Yes (40 mg/kg)	Yes (60 mg/kg)	No		
BH06								
Nickel – 41 mg/kg	No	NA	No	Yes (40 mg/kg)	No	No		
BH07	T	I	I		I			
Nickel –194 mg/kg	No	NA	No	Yes (40 mg/kg)	Yes (60 mg/kg)	No		
BH08	1							
Chromium – 165 mg/kg	No	No	No	No	Yes (150 mg/kg)	No		
Nickel – 146 mg/kg	No	NA	No	Yes (40 mg/kg)	Yes (60 mg/kg)	No		
BH11	I	I	I		I			
Chromium – 152 mg/kg	No	No	No	No	Yes (150 mg/kg)	No		
Nickel – 48 mg/kg	No	NA	No	Yes (40 mg/kg)	No	No		
BH12	1							
Nickel – 44 mg/kg	No	NA	No	Yes (40 mg/kg)	No	No		
BH14	1							
Chromium – 154 mg/kg	No	No	No	No	Yes (150 mg/kg)	No		
BH17	1							
Chromium – 186 mg/kg	No	No	No	No	Yes (150 mg/kg)	No		
BH18								
TCLP - <0.1 mg/L	No	NA	res (230 mg/kg)	No	Yes (200 mg/kg)	No		
Lead – 506 mg/kg TCLP – 0.1 mg/L	Yes (300 mg/kg)	NA	nO	Yes (100 mg/kg)	Yes (100 mg/kg)	No		
Nickel – 82 mg/kg	No	NA	No	Yes (40 mg/kg)	Yes (60 mg/kg)	No		
Zinc – 2030 mg/kg	No	NA	Yes (350 mg/kg)	NA	Yes (300 mg/kg)	Yes (300 mg/kg)		
BH19								
Chromium – 152 mg/kg	No	No	No	No	Yes (150 mg/kg)	No		



Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Dr, Manyana NSW

Preliminary Site Investigation with Soil Sampling

			Guideline	levels (ppm)		
Sample and Location	HIL	HSL (A)	EIL	CT1 Waste	ENM	Background
BH21				Class		Levels
Chromium – 184 mg/kg	No	No	No	No	Yes (150 mg/kg)	No
BH23		1				
Chromium – 156 mg/kg	No	No	No	No	Yes (150 mg/kg)	No
D12						
Chromium –170 mg/kg	No	NA	No	No	Yes (150 mg/kg)	No
Total C10-C36 – 648mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA
D13		1			1	
Arsenic- 21mg/kg	No	NA	No	No	NO (40 mg/kg)	No
Zinc – 570 mg/kg	No	NA	Yes (350 mg/kg)	NA	Yes (300 mg/kg)	Yes (300 mg/kg)
D14						
Total C10-C36 – 527mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA
D15		1				
Chromium – 210 mg/kg	No	NA	No	No	Yes (150 mg/kg)	No
Nickel – 68 mg/kg TCLP – 0.11 mg/kg	No	NA	No	Yes (40 mg/kg)	Yes (60 mg/kg)	No
F2>C10-C16-430 mg/kg	No	Yes (330 mg/kg)	Yes (120 mg/kg)	NA	NA	NA
Total C10-C36 – 1280mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA
D16		1				
Chromium – 190 mg/kg	No	NA	No	No	Yes (150 mg/kg)	No
Zinc – 350 mg/kg	No	NA	No	NA	Yes (300 mg/kg)	Yes (300 mg/kg)
F2>C10-C16-170 mg/kg	No	No	Yes (120 mg/kg)	NA	NA	NA
Total C10-C36 – 1280mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA
D18					I	
Cadmium – 8mg/kg	No	N/A	Yes (3mg/kg)	No	Yes (1 mg/kg)	N Yes (1 mg/kg)o
Nickel – 53 mg/kg TCLP – 0.11 mg/L	No	NA	No	Yes (40 mg/kg)	No	No
F2>C10-C16-140 mg/kg	No	No	Yes (120 mg/kg)	NA	NA	NA
Total C10-C36 – 1445mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA
D20						
Zinc – 330mg/kg	No	No	No	No	Yes (300 mg/kg)	Yes (300 mg/kg)





Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Dr, Manyana NSW

Preliminary Site Investigation with Soil Sampling

	levels (ppm)					
Sample and Location	HIL	HSL (A)	EIL	CT1 Waste Class	ENM	Background Levels
		Southern p	part of the site			
D1						
Zinc – 410 mg/kg	No	NA	No Yes (350 mg/kg)	NA	Yes (300 mg/kg)	Yes (300 mg/kg)
F2>C10-C16-450 mg/kg	No	Yes (330 mg/kg)	Yes (120 mg/kg)	NA	NA	NA
Total C10-C36 – 1480mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA
D2						
Total C10-36 – 603mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA
D3						
Total C10-36 – 621mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA
D4		1				
Total C10-C36 – 1050mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA
D5	1	I	I		1	
Total C10-C36 – 523mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA
D6		1	1			
F2>C10-C16-430 mg/kg	No	Yes (330 mg/kg)	Yes (120 mg/kg)	NA	NA	NA
Total C10C-36 – 523mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA
D7						
Chromium – 290 mg/kg	No	NA	No	No	Yes (150 mg/kg)	No
D8	I	I	I		I	
Lead – 110 mg/kg TCLP- 0.03 mg/L	No	No	No	Yes (100 mg/kg)	Yes (100 mg/kg)	No
Zinc – 420 mg/kg	No	NA	Yes (350 mg/kg)	NA	Yes (300 mg/kg)	Yes (300 mg/kg)
Total C10-C36 – 560mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA
D9	1	I	I		1	
Chromium – 290 mg/kg	No	NA	No	No	Yes (150 mg/kg)	No
Nickel – 52 mg/kg TCLP – <0.01 mg/kg	No	NA	No	Yes (40 mg/kg)	No	No
Total C10-C36 – 523mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA
D11						
F2>C10-C16-140 mg/kg	No	No	Yes (120 mg/kg)	NA	NA	NA
Total C10-C36 – 880mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes (500 mg/kg)	NA





9.3.1 Heavy Metals

No heavy metals above the Tier 1 health investigations for a class A site were identified excluding one sample (BH18) which was taken during the 2019 investigation and detected elevated lead at 506ppm.

Heavy metals above the level of reporting were detected in all samples taken from the Site. Exceedance by contaminant are summarised in Table 9.6.

Table 5 of Summary of Execculations of ficary filetal containing	Table 9-6: Summar	y of Exceedances	by Heavy Meta	Contaminant
--	-------------------	------------------	---------------	-------------

Heavy	Location of exceedance								
Metal	HIL	EIL	CT1	ENM(max)	Comment				
Nickel			BH01-BH04, BH06-BH09, BH18, D15, D18, D9	D15	D4,D5,D6,D12 also above average ENM guideline				
Lead	BH18		BH18, D8	D8					
Zinc		BH18, D1, D8, D13		BH18, D1, D8, D13, D16, D20					
Copper		BH18	BH18						
Cadmium		D18		D18					
Chromium				BH04, BH08, , BH11, BH14, BH17, BH19, BH21, BH23, D7, D8, D9, D12, D15, D16	Concentrations exceeded Total Chromium ENM guideline				
Arsenic					D13 exceed the average for ENM.				

From the above the following can be noted:

Concentrations of Nickel were found above GSW CT1 and in some cases ENM maximum guideline • levels across most of the northern cleared parts of the Site (eg Area 1 and 2) in borehole BH01 to BH04, BH06 to BH09, and BH18. Nickel was also at concentrations above CT1 guideline values across the southern parts of the Site in samples D9, D15 and D18, and also above the ENM Average guideline value in D4 to D6 and D12. Samples with elevated Nickel underwent leachate testing. These showed low levels of leachable concentrations below that for recommended for reassessment of the material by Specific Contamination Concentration (SSC1) for GSW. The elevated concentrations of nickel across the Site could be due to historical use of vehicles or burning of metals (eg hydrocarbons such as oils or petrol now naturally biologically removed or chromium plated metals), however, it is noted that there is little elevated lead for this to be associated with lead based fuels. It is also possible, based on the generally elevation of nickel across the Site that this is associated with the natural soils having a higher nickel content that is above ENM and CT1 but within background levels. The nickel concentrations were below all environmental and health guideline values and the levels are not deemed to pose any risk to human occupation or the environment if this material impacted by Nickel remains on Site.



- Concentrations of chromium were found above the ENM Maximum Concentration in sample locations D7 and D9 on the southern part of the Site and samples D15, D16, BH04, BH08, BH11, BH14, BH17, BH19, BH21, and BH23 on the northern part of the Site. Furter laboratory testing shows that this chromium is trivalent chromium (Cr III) and not hexavalent. This means there are no GSW CT1 exceedances or HIL or EIL exceedances. The average Chromium (total) across the Site is calculated as 137ppm which exceeds the average ENM guideline value. This means the material can be reused on-Site where not affected by other contaminants above HIL or EIL guidelines, but cannot be reused off-Site as VENM. The elevated concentrations of nickel across the Site, as for Nickel, could be due to historical use of vehicles, burning of chromium plated metals or more likely associated with the natural soils having a higher chromium content that is above ENM but within background levels. Nickel and Chromium deposits are often found together. They can also be found associated with Zinc in metals products such as roof sheeting.
- A sample from BH18 was found to have elevated levels of several heavy metals including lead above the HIL, copper and zinc above the EIL, and nickel above the GSW CT1 (see above). This sample was from soils beneath a burnt-out car body. Leachate testing for Lead, Copper and Nickel revealed that all are low in leachability and soils can therefore be disposed of as GSW.
- In the southern area, Sample D1 was taken from soils beneath a campfire where metals had visibly been burnt. This sample showed elevated levels of Zinc. Sample D8 was taken from beneath a pile of metal sheeting. This sample had elevated levels of lead (above ENM and GSW) and Zinc above EIL. Both these sample locations are adjacent to the southern boundary of the Site where residents have access. Leachate testing of Sample D8 for lead concluded that the locally Lead and Nickel affected soils can be disposed of as GSW.
- The sample D15 was impacted by heavy metal contaminants of Nickel above CT1/ENM and Chromium above ENM maximum guideline values. The was from a fire pit in AEC 3. As discussed above, these locally impacted soils can be reused on-Ste or removed from the Site and disposed of as GSW.
- The sample D18 was impacted by heavy metal contaminants of chromium (above average ENM), Cadmium (above ENM and EIL), and Nickel (above ENM average and above CT1). This sample was taken from below an old fridge. These locally impacted soils can be removed from the Site and disposed of as GSW. Subject to leachate testing of Cadmium, this material could also be potentially left on site.
- Zinc was found at several locations including D1, D13, D16, D18, D20, BH06 and BH18. Samples from BH18, D1, D8, D13 were above the EIL. The remaining samples were above the Maximum ENM guideline value. Sample D1 and D8 were from fire pit and a makeshift shed made from metal sheeting. Sample D13 was a sample taken from a stockpile of building materials and other foreign items. These locally affected soils can be removed from the Site as GSW.
- Sample 13 also identified elevated Arsenic at concentrations above the ENM average guideline value but below the maximum value.

9.3.2 Hydrocarbons, PAH and BTEX

There were no HIL exceedances for hydrocarbons. However, Hydrocarbons were detected above the laboratory level of reporting in many samples taken from Site. These were mostly detected within the background levels, below the Excavated Natural Material, below the General Solid Waste (GSW) maximum guideline values and below the health screening levels (HSL) excluding some samples as follows:

- Hydrocarbons above the EIL of 120 mg/kg and Health Screening Levels of 330 mg/kg (CH10 to CH16) for Class A site were identified as follows:
 - D1 F2>C10-C16 450 mg/kg depicted in Image 2
 - D6 F2>C10-C16 430 mg/kg depicted in Image 3
 - D15 F2>C10-C16 430 mg/kg depicted in Image 4.



Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Dr, Manyana NSW Preliminary Site Investigation with Soil Sampling



Image 2: Sample location D1



Image 3: Sample location D6



Image 4: Sample location D15





Sample D6 was taken from a fill mound that had been placed over some tree roots to create a smooth surface for dirt bikes to traverse. The high concentration of hydrocarbons including the F2 fraction and total hydrocarbons is likely a result of accidental fuel spills.

In sample location D11, concentrations of the F2 fraction of hydrocarbons were found to exceed the environmental investigation levels (EILs) in a clearing adjacent to the western boundary of the southern residential development area. This location was targeted due to its previous use for farmhouses and its present use by 4WD vehicles. The sample was taken approximately 1m from the driven track as presented in Image 5. It is likely that accidental spills have taken place along tracks throughout the Site affecting the near surface soils.



Sample location

Image 5: Sample location D11

- Hydrocarbons above the EIL of 120 mg/kg but below the Health Screening Levels of 330 mg/kg (CH10 to CH16) for Class A site were identified as follows:
 - D11 F2>C10-C16 140 mg/kg
 - D16 F2>C10-C16 170 mg/kg
 - D18 F2>C10-C16 140 mg/kg.

The sample D2 was taken from soil beneath a rusted fridge.

There are no guidelines for the F2 fraction of hydrocarbons for general solid waste disposal or ENM. However, there are guidelines for total hydrocarbons (eg C10-C36) for ENM of 500ppm maximum and GSW of 650 for F1 and 10,000 for combined F2 to F3.

There were numerous exceedances of the ENM maximum guidelines (and consequently the average guidelines). Samples were these exceedances occurred include D1 to D6, D8 to D9, D11 to D12, D14 to D16, and D18. The presence of hydrocarbons is likely due to fuels associated with vehicles (car and motor bike) accessing the Site for illegal use and human use such as accelerants in recreational camping fires.

There were no GSW exceedances, so all materials affected by hydrocarbons in camp fires at levels above the ENM guidelines values can be disposed of as GSW. Those due to accidental spills along tracks due to motor bike or vehicle use will biodegrade with time and can be left in situ.



9.3.3 Asbestos

It is noted that contamination of soils with asbestos containing materials can present a risk in urban and rural environments if the asbestos can give rise to elevated levels of airborne fibres that people can breathe. Notification of asbestos contamination is required where:

- Friable asbestos is present is present in or on soil on the land; and
- The level of asbestos (by % weight for weight) in an individual sample is equal to or above health screening level of friable asbestos in soil (0.001%) specified in Section 4.8, Schedule B1 of the NEPM 2013); and
- A person has been foreseeably will be exposed to elevated levels of asbestos fibres by breathing them into their lungs. Elevated levels are defined as concentrations at or above 0.01fibres/mL determined using the membrane filter method.

For the purposes of this assessment the following Tier 1 guideline values have been adopted for soil asbestos investigation criteria for low density residential areas:

- o 0.05% weight by weight of asbestos containing materials (ACM);
- o No visible asbestos material on the ground surface; and
- 0.001% weight by weight of asbestos fibres (including friable ACM) or asbestos fines (including pieces of ACM less than 7 mm x 7 mm in size) for all site uses.

However, it is noted that the WA DOH asbestos guidelines indicate a more qualitative approach can be adopted at low-risk residential sites which may have been subject to legacy contamination by demolition and/or dumping.

In the previous investigation asbestos containing material was found at two locations. One of these locations called X004 is now outside the proposed area of development. A sample was taken at X002 which was confirmed to contain asbestos. This location was retested by Terra and is where large pile of potential asbestos containing material was observed.

Assessment for asbestos requires inspection of the site based by a competent person on a grid basis to assess whether ACM is present at levels less than $10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}^2$. During the 2022 investigation, the Site was walked over by two separate individuals to identify any suspected pieces of ACM on the ground surface.

The results are summarised as follows:

- Several fragments >7mm in dimension of potentially asbestos containing material were observed on the Site. These potential asbestos finds occurred in one location in Area 1 with the material found lying on the ground surface adjacent to a 1.5m by 1.5m pile of potential asbestos containing material (measuring conservatively). This is where asbestos was observed previously. Four small fragments were tested which were confirmed by the laboratory to contain asbestos containing materials (bonded material / fibreboard). The estimated total area of asbestos is approximately 2.25m². This can be treated as a localised hot spot find.
- Eight bulk samples of subsurface material from each borehole were submitted to the laboratory for asbestos testing of fines and fibres. No asbestos finds were detected. No asbestos (bonded, FA or AF) was observed or detected in samples taken from the surface material. This includes surface material from where bonded fragments of asbestos were found.

Given the above it is assessed that surface contamnation of asbestos bonded material occurs on the Site, due to illegal dumping. The level of legacy contamination is below levels at which formalised remediation of the Site would be deemed required.





9.4 Aesthetic Criteria

It is noted that the Site is currently near areas of environmental conservation. Consequently, aesthetic issues have been considered as part of the assessment. Aesthetic issues generally relate to the presence of low-concern or non-hazardous inert foreign material (refuse) in soil or fill resulting from human activity. Sites that have been assessed as being acceptable from a human health and environmental perspective may still contain such foreign material.

The ASC NEPM (2013) Schedule B(1) Guideline states there are no specific numeric aesthetic guidelines, however site assessment requires balanced consideration of the quantity, type and distribution of foreign material or odours in relation to the specific land use and its sensitivity. For example, higher expectations for soil quality would apply to residential properties with gardens compared with industrial settings. General assessment considerations include:

- that chemically discoloured soils or large quantities of various types of inert refuse, particularly if unsightly, may cause ongoing concern to site users
- the depth of the materials, including chemical residues, in relation to the final surface of the site
- the need for, and practicality of, any long-term management of foreign material.

In some cases, documentation of the nature and distribution of the foreign material may be sufficient to address concerns relating to potential land use restrictions. In arriving at a balanced assessment, the presence of small quantities of non-hazardous inert material and low odour residue (for example, weak petroleum hydrocarbon odours) that will decrease over time should not be a cause of concern or limit the use of a site in most circumstances.

Various forms of refuse have been identified during the site walkover including stockpiled timber, building materials, metal, bricks, glass, trivial amounts of bonded asbestos-containing-materials in one location, ash in campfires, and green waste. On the Site, materials have been dumped and these have a localised visual impact on the current amenity of the site. However, there impact is localised to the areas of illegal dumping and much of this occurs along the southern boundary in association with residential encroachment into the Site.

It is noted that residential land use is typically deemed a sensitive land use which gives rise to minimal risk of contamination. Similarly, construction and building waste materials (observed to minimally affect the Site), are typically inert and non-hazardous, and are generally widely distributed in most urban areas. These materials can also occur in residential site that have been redeveloped.

Many of the aesthetic finds are associated with F2 HSL exceedance and heavy metal (Cr, Ni and Zn) ENM and EIL exceedances. As part of a general clean-up of the Site, these illegally dumped material and encroachments will be removed. In this case, no large-scale aesthetic issues were observed on the Site. No aesthetic issues that would give rise to concerns of contamination were observed.

9.5 Data Quality Objectives

The NSW EPA requires that a systematic planning process be adopted to define the objectives of all site assessments and remediation's programmes and to develop sampling and validation plans for the collection and evaluation of representative data to achieve those objectives. The requirements of the data quality objective (DQO) process for investigation programmes are defined in NEPM Schedule B2. To ensure that the soils sampled and tested were representative of the site conditions, quality control procedures were integrated into the sampling and laboratory analytical program. These procedures included:

- Fieldwork decontamination, sample preparation and handling in accordance with best practice and Australian Standards (AS 4482.1-2005);
- Use of experienced personnel and supervision by senior staff;
- Collection of quality control samples; and
- Use of NATA accredited laboratories and methods for analyses undertaken.

The samples, including QA samples, were transported to the laboratories with relevant CoC documentation. The CoC detailed the following information:

- Site identification;
- Name of the sampler;



- Nature of the sample soil or water;
- Collection time and date;
- Analyses to be performed; and
- Sample preservation method.

The soil samples were placed in laboratory supplied and preserved jars, before being placed in chilled eskies, for transport to the laboratories with accompanying chain of custody documentation. All samples were submitted to a NATA accredited laboratory (Eurofins) for testing. A chain of custody documentation was signed and dated by ALS stating that samples:

- Were received cool and in good order;
- Were presented in adequate sample containers; and
- Were labelled appropriately according to current quality field sampling protocols.

The time between the field sampling and analyte result was as short as possible to prevent any biological, chemical or physical alteration of the analyte, i.e., samples were submitted to laboratory within 24 hours of sampling and at a temperature below 4 degrees.

Samples were analysed within the prescribed holding time for each analyte (Samples were analysed using analytical methods based on USEPA and APHA methods, to ensure compliance with Schedule B3 ASC NEPM recommendations).

Laboratory non-detectable levels are considered acceptable when the result is less than the lower limit of detection (LLD) for analysis where the lower limit of detection is higher than the Site criteria guidelines. Terra Insight considers the LLD of the nominated laboratories to be sufficient to detect the presence of contaminants on the Site.

For quality control purposes, the following sampling was undertaken:

• A duplicate sample for intra-laboratory testing was taken from sample locations D7 and D13. The intralaboratory test results indicate that there was variation in the duplicate samples particularly in regards to hydrocarbons in one sample. This indicates variations in due to the use of variable use of hydrocarbons associated with spills and acceleration in fires. Also due to recent fires, some of the hydrocarbons may have been burnt off. However, given the level is well below the GSW values and there are no HIL exceedances, this variation does not change the assessment findings.

An assessment of the quality of the laboratory analytical data generated during these works was undertaken. This assessment indicated that:

- laboratory analysis of samples was undertaken by a NATA accredited environmental testing laboratory;
- the laboratory limits of reporting (LOR) were below the adopted assessment criteria;
- samples were extracted and analysed within holding times;
- analyte percentage recoveries of surrogates were within acceptance limits.

No rinsate sample was submitted for laboratory testing as part of the investigation as the samples were collected directly from the ground.





10 SEPP55 Review

The former SEPP55 notes that the potential for contamination is often linked to past uses of land and a good early indicator of possible uses is land zoning. It provides a brief checklist for allow council to undertake an initial evaluation of the need for further assessment. The conclusions in relation to this checklist are provided in Table 10.1.

Table 10-1: SEPP55 Checklist for initial site evaluation

Checklist	PSI findings
Is the planning authority aware of any previous investigations about contamination on the land? What were the results, including any previous initial evaluations	No previous investigations for contamination were identified on record for council with the Site.
Do existing records held by the planning authority show that an activity listed in Table 1 (refer section 5) has ever been approved on the subject land? (The use of records held by other authorities or libraries is not required for an initial evaluation.)	Νο
Contamination is more likely to have occurred if the land is currently, or was previously, zoned for industrial, agricultural or for defence purposes. Was the subject land at any time zoned for industrial, agricultural or defence purposes	The desk study has not identified that the Site has been subject to these zonings.
To the planning authority's knowledge was, or is, the subject land regulated through licensing or other mechanisms in relation to any activity listed in Table 1?	There is no record with council.
Does a site inspection conducted by the planning authority [optional] suggest that the site may have been associated with any activities listed in Table 1	
Are there any land use restrictions on the subject land relating to possible contamination, such as notices issued by the EPA or other regulatory authority?	No – there are no records for the Site with the NSW EPA and there are currently no EPA restrictions on the site or nearby sites
Is the planning authority aware of information concerning contamination impacts on land immediately adjacent to the subject land which could affect the subject land?	The lot search report does not identify high risk sites within a suitable buffer distance from the Site.



11 Conclusions

11.1 Subsurface conditions

The Site is underlain mainly by natural alluvial and residual soils. Some of these soils have been identified as naturally occurring acidic soils and rocks. These are not acid sulfate soils and do not require neutralisation if they remain on Site. Disposal to land fill of some soil from the Site may requiring liming.

11.2 Historical site use

The Site was historically cleared and used as a farm between 1950 and 1987. Farm buildings were located within the south-western corner of the Site. Post 1987, the Site has been vacant. It is not fenced and hence open to the public. People accessing the Site are using parts of the Site for recreational motor sports, possible recreational camping, and illegal dumping of waste material. Residential use is encroaching into the Site along the southern boundary. This includes use of the Site for processing of firewood for commercial sale, storage of material and property, camp fires and some dumping of waste. It is noted that residential use is typically deemed a sensitive land use with minimal risk of contamination at levels which would require remediation compared to land use associated with industrial or commercial use.

The Site is proposed for residential development. This development is focused mainly on the western middle and southern parts of the Site. The eastern part of the Site and area adjacent to existing creeks have been set aside for riparian and conservation areas.

11.3 Potential contamination due to site use

Site history information and Site observations indicate that potentially contaminating activities may have occurred on the Site. These activities, potential contaminants of concern (PCOCs) associated with these activities, and the potential areas of environmental concern (AECs) are defined in the Conceptual Site Model (CSM) provided in Table 7-3. They include the following:

- AEC 1 and AEC 2: Two cleared areas within the middle of the Site within Lot 106 DP 755923 which are visibly in use for recreational motor sports and the illegal dumping of waste materials. These were the focus of the 2019 investigation;
- AEC 3: now includes the southern boundary, where adjacent residential use is actively encroaching into the site. This use could include pesticides and herbicides to manage vegetation and insects, disposal of household waste and building materials, supply of firewood, burning of fires, extensions of their gardens and the parking of vehicles.
- AEC 4: This area is located adjacent to Inyadda Road and includes the part of the Site which had former historical residential use. This part of the Site:
 - May be subject to opportunistic illegal dumping of waste materials along the roadside;
 - The western part of this area was occupied by old farm buildings (now removed). These may have contained hazardous materials such as lead and asbestos which may impact areas within and near previous building foot prints;
- AEC 5: this includes the main access tracks throughout the Site which are used to access Areas 1 and 2. These areas are also used for recreation motor sports and give an opportunity for some limited illegal dumping of waste; and
- AEC 6: this includes the remainder of the Site. Within this area, pesticides could been used along creek lines to manage vegetation and old buildings may have been present and subsequently removed or become dilapidated. The area may also have been subject to motor sports and illegal waste dumping. However, due to the dense vegetation it is expected that impacts from these uses will be at levels much lower than within AEC 1 to 5, which are more easily accessible to the public. Within this area, are several old dams and creeks which are visible on aerial images. Many of these have become silted.



11.4 Summary of Sampling and Laboratory Testing Programme

Soil sampling investigations have been conducted across the property on two occasions, in 2019 and in 2022. The 2019 investigation targeted specifically areas AEC 1 and AEC 2 as requested by the client at the time. Further assessment was recommended in the 2019 PSI report. Further assessment was also deemed required as the proposed area for development has been expanded to include the southern portion of the property. Consequently, a second investigation in 2022 was conducted:

- to review the findings of 2019 investigation and infill any data gaps or additional testing required due to subsequent use between 2019 and 2022, including the fact that fire in 2019/2020 has provided greater access to the Site for better assessment; and
- To target the southern portion of the Site, which was not the subject of previous investigation but will is now proposed to be developed.

To assess the potential impact of activities on the Site surface material from 45 locations in total across the two investigations has been undertaken during both these investigations. Soil samples were collected and tested for potential entrapped contaminants including heavy metals, asbestos and hydrocarbons. Samples taken in the 2019 investigation were named BH01-BH24 and samples taken in the 2022 investigation were named D1-D21.

11.5 Summary of Investigation Findings

This testing identified contaminants above the laboratory limit of reporting with some exceeded guideline values as follows. Only two exceedances of a HIL was identified as follows:

- lead taken from beneath a burnt-out car; and
- A pile of bonded asbestos sheeting dumped on the site.

All other exceedances were of HSL, EIL, GSW CT1 or the ENM average or maximum guidelines values. Table 10.1 and 10.2 following summarise these key exceedances in terms of the analyte of concern and the test location respectively.

The Site was also reviewed in terms of aesthetic appearance such as the impact of illegally dumped waste. Several car bodies, a fridge, a caravan, a metal sheeted "lean-to" / "cubby house" and residential building waste materials were found across the Site, but mainly along the southern boundary adjacent the existing residential properties. This is indicative of long term encroachment by neighbouring properties into AEC3. These findings are general comprised of inert materials that can be removed from the site. The exception to this was the area of bonded asbestos sheeting identified near D12.

The findings are also summarised on Figure 7.





Table 11-1: Summary of Exceedances by Contaminant

Contaminant	Location of exceedance							
	HIL	HSL	EIL	СТ1	ENM(max)	Comment		
Lead	BH18			BH18, D8	D8	HIL A exceedance: Sample BH18 HIL was from soils beneath a burnt-out car body. Once the locally affected soils are removed from around sample location BH18, the levels of lead remaining on the Site are not deemed to pose any risk to human occupation or the environment		
						ENM and CT1 exceedance: Sample D8 was taken from AEC3 from beneath a pile of metal sheeting. Leachate testing suggests this locally impacted material can be disposed of as GSW. This finding has no human health or environmental impact on the proposed site use.		
Nickel				BH01-BH04, BH06-BH09, BH18, D15, D18, D9	D15, (D4,D5,D6,D12 also above average ENM guideline)	Concentrations of nickel were found above GSW CT1 and in some cases ENM maximum guideline levels across most of the northern cleared parts of the site (boreholes BH01 to BH04, BH06 to BH09, and BH18) and across the southern parts of the Site at concentrations above CT1 guideline values (D9, D15 and D18). and also above the ENM average guideline value (D4 to D6 and D12). Leachable concentrations of the nickel are low and below that for recommended for reassessment of the material by Specific Contamination Concentration (SSC1) for GSW. The elevated levels of nickel across the Site could be associated with the natural soils having a higher nickel content that is above ENM and CT1 but within background levels. The nickel concentrations were below all environmental and health guideline values and the levels are not deemed to pose any risk to human occupation or the environment if the material impacted by nickel remains on Site.		
Chromium					BH04, BH08, , BH11, BH14, BH17, BH19, BH21, BH23, D7, D8, D9, D12, D15, D16	Chromium (Total, III and IV): Concentrations of chromium total were found above the ENM Maximum Concentration in sample locations D7 and D9 on the southern part of the Site and samples D15, D16, BH04, BH08, BH11, BH14, BH17, BH19, BH21, and BH23 on the northern part of the Site. Further laboratory testing shows that this chromium is trivalent chromium (Cr III) and not hexavalent (VI). This means there are no GSW CT1 exceedances or HIL or EIL exceedances.		



Contaminant					Loca	tion of exceedance
	HIL	HSL	EIL	СТ1	ENM(max)	Comment
Chromium Cont.						The average Chromium (total) across the Site is calculate as 137ppm which exceeds the average ENM guideline value. This means the material can be reused on Site where not affected by other contaminants above HIL or EIL guidelines, but cannot be reused off-Site as VENM. The elevated concentrations of nickel across the Site, as for Nickel, are potentially due to natural geology as the soils have chromium III above ENM but within background levels. Nickel and Chromium deposits are often found together. They can also be found associated with zinc in metals products such as roof sheeting which may have been burnt on the Site in camp fires. The chromium concentrations are not deemed to pose any risk to human occupation or the environment if the material impacted by chromium remains on Site.
Zinc			BH18, D1, D8, D13		BH18, D1, D8, D13, D16, D20	EIL exceedance: zinc was found in BH18 at 2030mg/kg, notable above the ENM guideline of 300mg/kg and above the EIL derived for the site of 350mg/kg. Zinc found elsewhere on the Site was at much lower levels. Samples from D1, D8, D13 were above the EIL.
						The remaining samples were above the Maximum ENM guideline value. Sample D1 and D8 were from fire pit and a makeshift shed made from metal sheeting. Sample D13 was a sample taken from a stockpile of building materials and other foreign items. These locally affected soils can be removed from the Site as GSW. All levels of Zinc were below the HIL(A) soil guideline values.
						Once the locally affected soils are removed from around sample location BH18, the levels of Zinc remaining on the Site are not deemed to pose any risk to human occupation or the environment due to low leachability.
Copper			BH18	BH18		EIL exceedance: Copper was locally found in BH18 in AEC 1 at 617mg/kg above the ENM guideline of 200mg/kg. It was also elevated above the EIL of 230mg/kg but below the HIL(A) guideline level. This sample was from soils beneath a burnt-out car body.
						The copper concentrations were below health guideline values and the levels are not deemed to pose any risk to human occupation or the environment if the material impacted by Copper remains on Site.



Contaminant					Loca	tion of exceedance
	HIL	HSL	EIL	CT1	ENM(max)	Comment
Cadmium			D18		D18	This sample was taken from below an old fridge. These locally impacted soils can be removed from the Site and disposed of as GSW. Subject to leachate testing of Cadmium, this material could potentially be left on Site. The cadmium concentrations were below health guideline values and the levels are not deemed to pose any risk to human occupation if the material remains on Site.
Arsenic					D13 exceed the average for	Sample D13 identified elevated Arsenic at concentrations above the ENM average guideline value but below the maximum value.
					ENM.	The arsenic concentrations are below all environmental and health guideline values and the levels are not deemed to pose any risk to human occupation or the environment if the material impacted by Arsenic remains on Site.
Asbestos	D12					 For the purposes of this assessment, Tier 1 guideline values have been adopted for soil asbestos investigation criteria for low density residential areas from the Western Australian (WA) department of Health (DOH) guidelines (As adopted by the NSW EPA): 0.05% weight by weight of asbestos containing materials (ACM); No visible asbestos material on the ground surface; and 0.001% weight by weight of asbestos fibres (including friable ACM) or asbestos fines (including pieces of ACM less than 7 mm x 7 mm in size) for all site uses.
						The WA DOH asbestos guidelines indicate a more qualitative approach can be adopted for low-risk residential sites that may have been subject to legacy contamination by demolition and/or dumping. This assessment requires inspection of the site based by a competent person on a grid basis to assess whether ACM is present at levels less than $10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}^2$. The Site was walked over by two separate individuals to identify any suspected pieces of ACM on the ground surface.
						asbestos on the surface from fly tipping but no bulk sampling of the near surface soils was undertaken to assess for the presence of asbestos containing material, asbestos



Contaminant		Location of exceedance						
	HIL	HSL	EIL	CT1	ENM(max)	Comment		
Asbestos Cont.						fines or fibres in the near surface soils. Four areas with bonded sheeting were identified. Laboratory testing identified that in two of these locations (X002 and X004 on Figure 4) the bonded material did include asbestos containing bonded material. The soils underlying location X002 were not tested at the time but were retested in the 2022 investigation (reference D12). This location includes a large pile of asbestos containing bonded sheeting stockpiled on the site. No fines or fibres were found in the underlying soils. The other location, called X004, is now outside the proposed area of development.		
						In the 2022 investigation, the Site was again subject to a Site walkover and bulk samples were taken and tested for the presence of asbestos in the subsurface soils. Fragments of bonded asbestos containing material (ACM) were found at test location D12 with a total area of approximately 1.5x1.5m. Testing of soils underlying this find did not detect asbestos fibres or fines.		
						In the 2022 investigation, eight bulk samples of subsurface material including the locations potentially affected by asbestos disposal, were submitted to the laboratory for asbestos testing of fines and fibres. No asbestos finds were detected. No asbestos (bonded, FA or AF) was observed or detected in samples taken from the surface material. This includes surface material from where bonded fragments of asbestos were found.		
						Given the above it is assessed that surface contamination of asbestos bonded material occurs on the Site, due to illegal dumping. The level of legacy contamination is below levels at which formalised remediation of the site would be deemed required. It is therefore assessed that surface contamination of asbestos bonded material occurs in a hotspot on the Site, due to illegal dumping. Gross contamination of bonded asbestos material across the areas of the property proposed for development was not identified.		
						The level of legacy contamination is below levels at which formalised remediation of the Site would be deemed required. This illegally dumped material should be removed from the site by a licenced professional. Once this is removed, the Site should not be impacted by Asbestos at levels which would affect human health or the environment.		



Contaminant	hant Location of exceedance						
	HIL	HSL	EIL	CT1	ENM(max)	Comment	
Hydrocarbons		D1,D6,D15	D1,D6,D15, D11,D16, D18			HSL exceedances: HSL are provided to assess the potential health impacts due to vapour movement within soils. These allow the assessment of need for remediation of soils which accounts for site conditions.	
						D1: elevated levels of hydrocarbons specifically the fraction F2>C10-C16 exceeding the HSL A guideline levels found in a campfire adjacent to the southern boundary of the Site where residents currently have access in AEC3. The fire also had elevated levels of zinc.	
						D6: A stockpile placed over some tree roots at the rear of No. 94 Curvers Drive. Laboratory testing found the sample had levels of hydrocarbons specifically fraction F2>C10-C16 which exceeded HSL and EIL guideline values;	
						D15 in AEC1. Concentrations of nickel, chromium and Total C10-C36 were found in this fire pit which exceeded ENM guidelines. F2>C10-C16 exceeded the HSL A guidelines levels.	
						Additional EIL Exceedances:	
						D11: in AEC4 was taken along the western boundary of the southern development area where historical buildings were located. Fraction F2 was found above EIL guideline values and Total C10-C36 was found to exceed ENM levels which is mostly likely due to recent activities on the site particularly use of vehicles by local residents;	
						D16: A small stockpile of soil with building rubble located east of campfires D14 and D15. Laboratory testing confirmed concentrations of F2> C10-C16 exceeded EIL guideline values and chromium, zinc and Total C10-C36 exceeded ENM guideline values.	
						D18: High concentrations of cadmium and hydrocarbons specifically the F2>C10-C16 fraction above EIL guideline values and total C10-C36 fraction which exceeded ENM guideline values in material found beneath a rusted fridge known as sample D18 in AEC1. The surface material also had concentrations of nickel above GSW.	



Preliminary Site Investigation with Soil Sampling

Contaminant				tion of exceedance		
	HIL	HSL	EIL	CT1	ENM(max)	Comment
						Other elevated levels of note are as follows:
Hydrocarbons Cont.						D2: Campfire adjacent and east of D1 had elevated levels of total C10-C36 exceeding ENM guideline values;
						D3: a sample from a stockpile of garden waste and mulch in AEC3 which had elevated levels of Total C10-C36 above ENM guideline values;
						D4 and D5: Samples taken beneath a stockpile of metal sheeting and a boat behind No. 98 Curvers Drive in AEC3. The samples both had levels of hydrocarbons above ENM guideline values;
						D8: A sample taken from below metal sheeting had concentrations of hydrocarbons above ENM guideline values. Lead also exceeded CT1 guideline values but further leachate testing confirmed the material can be disposed of GSW.
						D9: A stockpile of fill material had been placed over some tree roots approximately 90m north of the southern Site boundary in AEC3 to create a flat surface for a track. Hydrocarbons and chromium were found to exceed ENM guideline values. Nickel was found in concentrations to exceed GSW guideline values.
						D12: A sample of surface material in AEC1 was taken beneath a pile of bonded asbestos material. Chromium and hydrocarbons were found to be above the ENM guideline values. No concentrations of fibrous asbestos were identified within the soil.
						D14: A campfire in AEC1 has elevated concentrations of Total C10-C36 above the ENM values;
						The hydrocarbon exceedance are localised to areas that have been subject to vehicle use or campfires. Local removal of impacted soils and confirmation that the natural soils underlying these materials are clean of hydrocarbon should be undertaken. As this contaminant can biodegrade with oxidation over time, it may be possible to leave this material on the site. Alternative the impacted material, can be removed and disposed of offsite. Once this has occurred, levels of hydrocarbons elsewhere on the Site should not affect human or environmental health.



Table 11-2: Summary of Excee	dances by test location
Test Location	Aestheti c issue identified
Northern – AEC 1 to 2 and	AEC 5 to 6
BH01 to BH12 Clearing 2 (AEC2)	Samples in clearing 2 had nickel exceed GSW CT1 but below GSW SCC1 and in samples BH03, BH04 and BH07 to BH08, exceeding the maximum ENM guideline values, The average ENM guideline value was also exceeded in this clearing. Chromium ENM was also exceed in BH04, BH07 to BH08 and BH11. Leachate testing indicates these soils can be removed and disposed of as GSW but they cannot be reused of site as VENM. These exceedances pose no human health or environmental health issues if they remain on site. BH05, and BH09 to BH10 reported no exceedances.
D20 Clearing 2 (AEC2)	This was taken from Clearing 2 adjacent to a car body that has been dumped between 2019 and 2022. In this sample, zinc was found to exceed ENM. These soils can be removed and disposed of as GSW but they can not be reused off Site as VENM. These exceedances pose no human health or environmental health issues if they remain on Site.
BH18 Clearing 1 (AEC 1)	A sample from BH18 was found to have elevated levels of several heavy metals including lead above the HIL, copper and zinc above the EIL, and nickel above the GSW CT1 (see above). This sample was from soils beneath a burnt-out car body. Leachate testing for lead, copper and Nickel revealed that all are low in leachability and soils can therefore be disposed of as GSW.
D12 and D13	A pile of asbestos was observed near these sample locations. Testing indicates the underlying soils are not impacted by the asbestos dumped above which remains intact and is bonded. The bonded asbestos should be removed by licenced professional.
	In stockpile D12 adjacent, Chromium was found to exceed ENM and total hydrocarbons to also exceed ENM. In stockpile D13 adjacent, Arsenic was found to exceed ENM and Zinc to exceed EIL and ENM. Subject to leachate testing for Zinc the stockpile near D13 could remain on Site. If removed from Site, they must be disposed of as GSW.
D14 and D15	In campfire D14 adjacent, total hydrocarbons exceeded ENM. In campfire D15 adjacent, Chromium was found to exceed ENM, Nickel to exceed ENM and GSW CT1 but not GSW SCC1, Total Hydrocarbons exceeded ENM and F2 hydrocarbons exceeded EIL and HSL. It is recommended that the campfires and underlying soils are removed locally and disposed of as GSW to landfill. With time the hydrocarbons may biologically degrade with time and could be left on Site. Subject to leachate testing for Zinc these stockpiles could remain on Site. If removed from Site, they must be disposed of as GSW.
D16	Is a stockpile in which chromium and Zinc were found to exceed ENM, F2 was would to exceed EIL and total hydrocarbons were found to exceed ENM. It is recommended that the stockpile and underlying soils are removed locally and disposed of as GSW to landfill. With time the hydrocarbons may biologically degrade and so this material could also be potentially left on site. If removed from site, they must be disposed of as GSW.
D18	Is a sample taken from underneath a fridge disposed of illegal on the Site. In this sample, cadmium and zinc were found to exceed ENM, Nickel to exceed GSW CT1 but not GSW SCC1 and F2 exceeds EIL. It is recommended that the soils below the fridge are removed locally and disposed of as GSW to landfill. With time the hydrocarbons may biologically degrade and so this material could also be potentially left on site. If removed from site, they must be disposed of as GSW.



Test Location	Aestheti c issue identified
Southern – AEC3 land along sc	outhern boundary in active use by adjacent residents and AEC4 in previous area of residential use
D1	Sample D1 was taken from soils beneath a campfire where metals had visibly been burnt. This samples showed elevated levels of F2 hydrocarbons above the EILs and HSLs, Total Hydrocarbons above ENM, and Zinc above ENM and EIL. It is recommended these soils and materials within the campfire are removed and disposed of off-site to landfill during site development. Further leachate testing for Zinc should indicate that this material could remain on site. Hydrocarbons are likely to biodegrade with time.
D2 to D5	Sample D2 was taken from a campfire near D1. D3 was a stockpile or garden waste, D4 was from soil adjacent to a boat and building materials paint tins stockpiled on the site. D5 was from metal sheeting stockpiled on the site.
	In these samples, hydrocarbons exceed ENM. These materials impacted by residential site use, if removed from the Site, will need to be disposed of to land fill. Otherwise the impacted soil can remain on Site.
D6	Sample D6 was taken from soils beneath a stockpile of soil placed over a tree root. This samples showed elevated levels of F2 hydrocarbons above the EILs and HSLs, and Total Hydrocarbons above ENM. It is recommended that this stockpile of soils is removed and disposed of to landfill during site development. These materials could remain on site as hydrocarbons are likely to biodegrade with time.
D7	This sample was from soil below a caravan and near a transformer. It has Chromium (III) above ENM. If removed, it will need to be disposed of to landfill. This material can remain on Site without human health or environmental impact.
D8	Sample D8 was taken from beneath a pile of metal sheeting. This sample had elevated levels of lead (above ENM and GSW) and Zinc above EIL. Leachate testing of Sample D8 for lead concluded that the affected soils can be disposed of as GSW.
D9	This sample was from a stockpile of fill. It has Chromium (III) above ENM. Nickel above CT1 but below SCC1. Total C10-36 above ENM. If removed, it will need to be disposed of to landfill. These materials can remain on Site without human health or environmental impact.
D10 and D11	This were taken from adjacent a track in AEC4. In sample D11, hydrocarbons exceed ENM. These materials impacted by residential site use near D11, if removed from the site, will need to be disposed of to land fill. Otherwise, the impacted soil can remain on Site



11.6 SEPP Assessment

In terms of SEPP (Resilience & Hazards) 2021, the investigation has identified that levels of contamination on the site, associated with its historical residual use, have not resulted in contamination on the site at a level where the majority of the site would be deemed contaminated land. There are some areas which require further action, but these are localised, as follows:

- Around sample location BH18, elevated of levels of lead occur that are above the HIL. This sample was taken from below a burnt-out car. The car and underlying soil should be removed from the site and disposed of to landfill. Verification that the soils in this area are clean should then be undertaken.
- Around sample location D12 is a large pile of asbestos sheeting which is relatively intact and made of bonded material. Given the limited volume of material and the fact that soils are not impacted, this material would be best removed from the site by a licenced contractor. The area below the stockpile should be verified as clean.
- Samples taken from campfires near sample locations D1 and D15, and from stockpiles of materials around sample location D6 are impacted by F2 hydrocarbons above Health Screening levels. These are deemed related to accelerant use in the campfires and are highly unlikely to result in a risk of vapour generation within the subsoils. The levels are below HILS for direct soil contact. It is recommended that in the areas of campfires and stockpiled materials, the surface topsoils, are stripped and disposed of to landfill. As a conservative measure, the underlying soils could also be verified as clean. It is noted that hydrocarbons can biologically degrade with time, and so it may also be possible to leave these affected soils on Site in the short to medium term or place the affected materials under the proposed roads.
- There are some exceedances of EIL, ENM and GSW CT1 guidelines levels for some heavy metals, but leachate testing indicates that these do not have a potential environmental health impact and can be left on Site or disposed of to land fill.
- This VENM exceedances finding means the some of the soils on the Site cannot be used off Site as VENM. Some of the soils and rock may also be acidic when oxidised and consequently would also not meet the definition of ENM. No Acid Sulafte Soils (ASS) were found to impact the proposed areas of development. The earthworks plans for the Site should consider these materials remaining on Site with material that can be assessed as VENM being priorities for reuse of Site. It is noted that Chromium (III) and Nickel was elevated above the VENM guidelines levels across most of the Site but within a range generally accepted as background levels for those metals. Further testing to assess the natural background levels of these metals on the Site would be beneficial to determine if these elevated levels are geologically related.

Where material has been flytipped, stockpiled or burnt on the Ste, and these materials are removed from the Site, the levels of residual contaminants on the Site should be below the HILs and EILS values are therefore not deemed to result in contamination of the Site which would prevent its residential development.



12 Recommendations

The following recommendations are made:

- 1. Material fly tipped on the Site should be removed from the Site. This includes materials in stockpiles and campfires in and near sample locations D1,D6,D8, D11, D13, D15,D16, D18, and BH18;
- 2. A pile of asbestos in clearing 1 near sample location D12 on the Site shall be removed by a licensed contractor;
- 3. The existing lean-to/cubby house in AEC3 shall be subject to demolition by a licenced professional. This structure does not appear to contain asbestos. As a precautionary measure, post-removal, the near surface soils should be validated as clean of heavy metals and asbestos.
- 4. The near surface soils on the Site beneath and surrounding test locations: D1, D6, D8, D12, D13 and BH18 should be disposed of off-site as General Solid Waste in accordance with waste classification requirements. It is noted that sample locations D1,D6,D15, D11,D16, D18 have hydrocarbon EIL exceedances which are likely to reduce biologically with time. Some of the hydrocarbon finds may be associated with natural oils from the vegetation post the fire. Further silica based hydrocarbon testing could be undertaken to confirm this assessment. Some of these sample locations also have heavy metal EIL exceedances but leachate testing shows these values are unlikely to have an environmental impact. This means that with appropriate planning, these affected soils could remain on the Site. They could be buried under proposed roads for added conservatism. The exception to this is soils beneath the burnt out car at sample Location BH18 which have lead HIL exceedances and must be disposed of site to landfill.
- 5. Testing indicates elevated levels of chromium and nickel across the Site. This impacts soils beneath and surrounding test locations BH03, BH04, BH07, BH08, BH11, BH14, BH17, BH19, BH21, BH23, D2-D5, D7, D9, D12, D14, D16, and D20. These soils must be disposed of as GSW if taken off Site. They cannot be reused as VENM. Alternatively, they can remain in situ on Site. Consideration should be given to additional background testing to confirm that these elevated Chromium and Nickel levels are natural and not associated with historical site use.
- 6. To prevent further fly tipping on the Site prior to development, the site should be fenced. Immediately prior to development, the Site will require a general clean up to remove fly tipped inert material.
- 7. Post site clean up activities and immediately prior to Site development, a Site walk over by a licenced asbestos assessor should be undertaken to ensure the Site has remained clean of asbestos.
- 8. An unexpected finds protocol should be documented for the Site where subsurface earthworks are required.
- Terra Insight recommends that to set out the appropriate management detailed in Recommendations 1 8 above, a short-term Construction Management Plan (CEMP) be developed for the Site. The plan shall address the following:
 - a) Demolition and removal of the existing shed;
 - b) Off-site disposal of general solid waste (GSW) impacted by heavy metals and hydrocarbons from the site;
 - c) Off-site disposal of the underlying VENM material generated by site earthworks;
 - d) Unexpected findings of contaminated material and management of any underlying soil guidelines exceedances if unexpected findings occur.

The site is deemed suitable for the proposed residential development. No further contamination assessment of the Site is deemed required.

12.1 Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) requirements

The CEMP shall address items such as:

• Rremoval of known asbestos containing material (ACM) waste;





- Removal of inert waste materials on the Site such as car bodies, campfires and any soil directly underlying these finds.
- Unexpected findings of contaminated material and management of adjacent or underlying EIL/ HIL exceedance material; and
- Validation of excavated surfaces beneath removed ACM/ACM and inert finds such as campfires, car bodies.

The main objectives of the CEMP would be to:

- Discuss known or likely development and construction issues relating to contamination of soil on Site;
- Provide environmental management procedures and advice regarding the development of the Site in the construction phase regarding contamination exposure;
- Provide advice to act in accordance with regulatory requirements to manage, amongst other aspects, the excavation, stockpiling and transport of materials; and
- Provide appropriate management measures for the handling and disturbance of unexpected finding of contaminated materials.

The CEMP would also outline, to contractors on Site, the requirements for identification and management of known or unexpected finds of ACM or other materials which could be encountered during construction.

It should be noted that general environmental protection measures (related to issues such as, water quality, dust, sediment and erosion), are to be implemented in accordance with the Contractors EMP. The CEMP will cover the entire Site including:

- Unexpected Finds Protocols;
- Requirements of the asbestos removal control plan to be prepared by a licensed asbestos removalist for any licensed asbestos removal work they are commissioned to undertake.
- Validation of surface below areas that have been subject to Site clean-up activities

In summary, the Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) will be developed mainly:

- To provide a framework for implementation during construction phases of development;
- To include Incidental Finds Protocol for visible asbestos if encountered during GSW and ABM removal works in terms of isolation, management, assessment, classification and verification of the underlying clean layer;
- To include an Unexpected Finds Protocol in terms of other potential contaminants and waste;

The CEMP would also address potential Ecological Investigation Level (EIL) impacted soil that is to either be excavated, or remain in-situ during the construction phase of the project to:

- Ensure that excavated impacted soil is not placed within intended Road verges or open space areas, unless deemed appropriate by the supervising consultant;
- Any soil imported to the Site (if required) will be obtained from reputable suppliers and will comprise Virgin Excavated Natural Material (VENM) or ENM meeting Australian Standards (e.g. for landscaping materials). The fill should have soil contaminant analysis with NATA certification to validate that the imported fill/ topsoil is suitable for use on-Site.



13 Limitations

The findings contained in this report are the result of discrete/ specific methodologies used in accordance with normal practices and standards and in accordance with the agreed scope of works. Under no circumstances can it be considered that these findings represent the actual state of the Site at all points. The subsurface conditions may vary significantly across the Site, particularly where no nearby sampling and testing work has been carried out. This report has been prepared based on the understanding that following the design and construction of the building, this document is passed onto the owner of the property, and that it is that person's obligation to ensure that the document is passed onto future owners.





14 List of Acronyms

ACM	Asbestos containing materials
AECs	Areas of environmental concern
AF	Asbestos fines
ANZECC	Australian and New Zealand Environmental Conservation Council
ARCP	Asbestos removal control plan
BTEX	Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylene
CLMP	Contaminated land management plan
CMP	Construction management plan
COCs	Contaminants of concern
CSM	Conceptual Site model
DESA	Detailed environmental Site assessment
DQO	Data quality objective
EIL	Ecological Investigation level
EPA	Environmental protection Authority
FA	Fibrous Asbestos
GME	Groundwater Monitoring event
GSW	General solid waste
GWMP	Groundwater management plan
HIL	Health Investigation Levels
JSA	Job Safety analysis
LAA	Land application area
LOR	Limit of Reporting
LLD	Lower limit of detection
ML	Management limits
NATA	National Association of Testing Authorities
NEPC	National Environmental Protection Council
OCP	Organochlorine pesticides
OHS	Occupation Health safety
OPP	Organophosphorus pesticides
PAH	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons
PBILs	Phyto-toxicity based investigation levels
PCBs	Polychlorinated by-phenols
PESA	Preliminary environmental Site assessment
PID	Photoionization detector
QC	Quality Control
RAP	remedial action plan
REF	Review of Environmental factors
RSW	restricted solid waste
SVOC	Semi-volatile organic compounds
ТРН	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons
TRH	Total recoverable hydrocarbons
VOC	Volatile organic compounds
WHS	Work health and safety



15 List of Definitions

- Airborne asbestos: means any fibres of asbestos small enough to be made airborne. For the purposes of monitoring airborne asbestos fibres, only respirable fibres are counted.
- Asbestos: means the asbestiform varieties of mineral silicates belonging to the serpentine or amphibole groups of rock-forming minerals, including actinolite asbestos, grunerite (or amosite) asbestos (brown), anthophyllite asbestos, chrysotile asbestos (white), crocidolite asbestos (blue) and tremolite asbestos.
- Asbestos containing material (ACM): means any material or thing that, as part of its design, contains asbestos.
- Asbestos removalist: means a person conducting a business or undertaking who carries out asbestos removal work.
- Asbestos removal work means:
 - Work involving the removal of asbestos or ACM
 - Class A asbestos removal work or Class B asbestos removal work as outlined in Part 8.10 of the WHS Regulations.
- Class A Licence: Can remove any amount or quantity of asbestos or ACM, including any amount of friable asbestos or non-friable asbestos or ACM.
- Class B Licence: Can remove any amount of non-friable asbestos or ACM.
- Friable asbestos: means material that is in a powder form or that can be crumbled, pulverised or reduced to a powder by hand pressure when dry, and contains asbestos.
- NATA-accredited laboratory: means a testing laboratory accredited by the National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA), Australia, or recognised by NATA either solely or with someone else.
- Non-friable asbestos: means material containing asbestos that is not friable asbestos, including material containing asbestos fibres reinforced with a bonding compound.
- Project Works Boundary: Fence to be erected for duration of construction works and operational maintenance areas.
- Project Works Zone: Construction area and potential ancillary Sites within project works boundary.
- Proposed Property Boundary: Future land title covering Road to be owned by LMCC Road Corridor: Cadastral boundaries associated with the proposal.





Figures





Site Location

	description	drawn	approved	date	
u	Site location	SB	KEG	10/08/2023	
evisia					
Ľ					sca
					oriç siz

Bendalong Rd	Area White endalong Manyana Site (nyadda) Beach
client: ME	DG Pty Ltd
project: Proliminan	v Site Investigation
with S Lot 106 DP755923 In	Soil Sampling yadda Drive, Manyana NSW
title: Sit	e Location
project no: TERRA22-165	figure no: FIGURE 1



Symbol	Group	Sub-group	Unit	Lithology
GO_s	Oligocene	-	Alluvial gravel, sand and	Unconsolidated to poorly consolidated alluvial gravel, sand and clay deposits which are classes uncorrected and the second secon
O av	Alluvium	_	Alluvial Valley Deposits	Silt, clay, (fluvially deposited) lithic to quartz-lithic san
QH_bf	Coastal Deposits	-	Backbarrier Flat	Fine-to medium-grained quartz-lithic sand with carbonate and humic components (marine- organic mud. peat.
QH_bd			Dune facies	Marine-deposited and aeolian-reworked coastal sand
Pshw		-	Wandrawandian Formation	Mid-grey to blue-grey fine-grained quartz-lithic silty sandstone, mudstone, siltstone (fi polymictic pebbles within sequence. Commonly bioturbated, fossils include brac
Pshs	Shoalhaven Group	-	Snapper Point Formation	Fine to medium grained sandstone, pebbly sandstone, and poly mictic pebble conglome grained sandstone with lithic pebbles and fragments minor siltstone (up sequences); brachi

Site Geology

	description	drawn	approved	date		
n	Site Geology	SB	KEG	5/09/2022		TERRA INSIGHT
evisio	NSW Government – Planning and Environment MinView online Seamless Geological Mapping					Contract to the second
-					scale	NTS
					original size	A3

-deposited), indurated sand, silt, clay, gravel,

dunes.

ine specs mica present: matrix supported chiopods, corals and crinoid stems erate (down sequence), medium to coarse

iopod, bivalve and bryozoan fossils common

Client: HEIR ASQUITH project: Preliminary Site Investigation with Limited Soil Sampling Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Drive, Manyana NSW title: NSW Geology Mobile App Mapping project no: TERRA22-165 figure no: FIGURE 2



Historical Imagery

	description	drawn	approved	date	N			C
Б	Historical Aerial Imagery	SB	KEG	5/09/2022			TERRA INSIGHT	р
evisio								
						scale	NTS	tit
						original size	A3	рі

ent: HEIR	ASQUITH
oject: Preliminary S with Soi	ite Investigation I Sampling dda Drive, Manyana NSW
e: Historical A	Aerial Images
oject no: TERRA22-165	figure no: FIGURE 3A



Historical Imagery

revision		description	drawn	approved	date	N	
	n	Historical Aerial Imagery	SB	KEG	5/09/2022		TERRA INSIGHT
	evisio					$\mathbf{\Lambda}$	
	Ĺ					scale	NTS
						origina size	A3

client: HEIR ASQ	QUITH		
project: Preliminary Site Investigation with Soil Sampling			
Lot 106 DP755923 Inya	dda Drive, Manyana NSW		
Historical A	Aerial Images		
project no: TERRA22-165	figure no: FIGURE 3B		



description	drawn	approved	date			
Aerial images	SB	KEG	7/08/2019			TERRA INSIGHT
					scale	NTS
					original size	A3

client:	HEIR ASQUITH			
project:	Preliminary Site Investigation with Soil Sampling Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Drive, Manyana NSW			
title:	Summary of Site	nmary of Site observations		
project no:	TERRA22-165	figure no: FIGURE 4A		


description	drawn	approved	date			
Aerial images	SB	KEG	7/08/2019			TERRA INSIGHT
				S	scale	NTS
				oi si	original size	A3



Legend

description	drawn	approved	date			•	client:	MDG F	Pty Ltd
Areas of Environmental Concern	SB	KEG	13/07/2022			TERRA INSIGHT		Preliminary Sit with Soil Lot 106 DP755923 Inyad	e Investigation Sampling da Drive, Manyana NSW
				scale	1	NTS	title:	Summary of Site observati	ons and historical Imagery
				origina size	al	A3	project	no: TERRA22-165	figure no: FIGURE 5



<u> </u>
5
0
ഗ
>
a)
<u> </u>



Legend

Terra Test 2022 site \bullet **---**

	description	drawn	approved	date	N			clier
Ę	Test Site Location	SB	KEG	19/07/2022			TERRA INSIGHT	proj
2						scale	NTS	title
						original size	A3	proj

BH18

Copper: exceeds EIL & ENM Lead: exceeds HIL & ENM Zinc: exceeds EIL & ENM Nickel: exceeds CT1 & ENM

D13 (stockpile adjacent to asbestos pile) Arsenic: exceeds ENM Zinc: exceeds EIL & ENM

D12 (beneath asbestos stockpile) Chromium: exceeds EMN Total C10-C36: exceeds ENM

D14&D15 (two adjacent camp fires) D14 Total C10-C36: exceeds ENM D15 Chromium: exceeds ENM Nickel: exceeds CT1 & ENM F2>C10-C16: exceeds EIL&HSL Total C10-C36: exceeds ENM

D16 (Stockpile) Chromium: exceeds ENM Zinc: exceeds ENM F2> C10-C16: exceeds EIL Total C10-C36: exceeds ENM

D18 (adjacent to fridge) Cadmium: exceeds EIL & ENM Nickel: Exceeds CT1 F2> C10-C16: exceeds EIL

Legend

- + Terra Test 2022 site
- + Terra Test 2019 site

Original Proposed Area of Development Revised Proposed Area of Development (2023)

	description	drawn	approved	date
ç	Test Site Location	SB	KEG	19/07/2022
evisio				
Ξ				



Test Site Locations

Ν

	TERRA INSIGHT	clie proj
scale	NTS	title
original	A3	proj

D20 (adjacent to car body) Zinc: exceeds ENM

BH01, BH02, BH06, BH12 Nickel: exceeding GSW

BH03 Nickel: exceeding GSW & ENM BH04, BH07, BH08 Nickel: exceeding GSW & ENM, Chromium exceeding ENM BH11 Nickel: exceeding GSW, Chromium exceeding ENM

nt: MDG Pty Ltd							
oject: Prelimina with Lot 106 DP755923 I	ary Site Investigation n Soil Sampling Inyadda Drive, Manyana NSW						
e: Invest	igation Findings						
ject no: TERRA22-165	figure no: FIGURE 7.1						



Legend



D1

D2

Terra Test 2022 site Terra Test 2019 site

> Original Proposed Area of Development Revised Proposed Area of Development (2023)

Test Site Locations

	description	drawn	approved	date	N			clier
u	Test Site Location	SB	KEG	19/07/2022			💽 TERRA INSIGHT	proje
evisio								
Γ€						scale	NTS	title:
						original size	A3	proje

D4 (adjacent to boat, building materials and paint bucket) Total C10-C36: exceeds ENM

D5 (underneath metal sheeting) Total C10-C36: exceeds ENM

D6 (stockpile of fill over tree root) F2>C10-C16: exceeds HSL&EIL Total C10-C36: exceeds ENM

D7 (underneath transformer near caravan) Chromium: exceeds ENM

D8 (underneath metal sheeting near shed) Lead: exceeds ENM & CT1 Zinc: exceeds EIL&ENM Total C10-C36: exceeds ENM

nt: MDG Pty Ltd						
ject: F Lot 106 DP	ect: Preliminary Site Investigation with Soil Sampling Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Drive, Manyana NSW					
:	Investigat	tion Findings				
ject no: TERRA22-16	5	figure no: FIGURE 7.2				



Appendix A: Your Report



These notes have been prepared to help you understand the advice provided in Your Report and its limitations.

Your Report is based on what you tell us

Your Report has been developed based on the information you have provided such as the scope and size of your project. It applies only to the site investigated. If there are changes to the proposed works, then the advice provided within Your Report may need to be reviewed

Your Report is written with your needs in mind

The advice provided within Your Report is also not relevant to another purpose other than that originally specified at the time the report was issued. Please seek advice from Terra Insight before you share Your Report with another third party – except for the purpose for which the report was written.

Terra Insight assumes no responsibility and will not be liable to any other person or organisation for, or in relation to, any matter dealt with or conclusions expressed in the report, or for any loss or damage suffered by any other person or organisation arising from matters dealt with or conclusions expressed in Your Report.

Your Report is based on what we observed

The advice provided within Your Report assumes that the site conditions, revealed through selective point sampling (undertaken in accordance with normal practices and standards) at a particular point in time, are indicative of the actual conditions on your site. However, the nature of the materials underlying your site is affected by natural processes and the activity of man. Under no circumstances can it be considered that these findings represent the actual state at all points. The subsurface conditions may vary significantly on the other parts of the site, particularly where no nearby sampling and testing work has been carried out.

As a result conditions on your site can change with time; they can also vary spatially. As a result, the actual conditions encountered may differ from those detailed within Your Report. Although nothing can be done to change the actual site conditions which exist, steps can be taken to gain a better understanding of the subsurface conditions underlying your site and reduce the potential for unexpected conditions to be encountered

The advice within Your Report also relies on interpretation of factual information based on judgement and opinion and has a level of uncertainty attached to it. Only Terra Insight is fully familiar with the background information needed to assess whether or not the report's recommendations are valid and whether or not changes should be considered as the project develops. If the details of your project have changed, the site conditions have changed or a significant amount of time as elapsed since our report was written, the advice provided within Your Report may need to be reviewed.

Your Report has been written by a Professional

The report has been prepared using accepted procedures and practices of the consulting profession at the time it was prepared, and the opinions, recommendations and conclusions set out in the report are made in accordance with generally accepted principles and practices of that profession.

Your Report is better when it is kept together

Your Report presents all the findings of the site assessment and should not be copied in part or altered in any way. Keeping Your Report intact reduces the potential for yourself or other design professionals to misinterpret the report.

Your Geo-Environmental Report

If Your Report is for geotechnical purposes only, it will not relate any findings, conclusions, or recommendations about the potential for hazardous materials to exist at the site unless you have specifically asked us to do so. If your report is written for Geo-Environmental purposes the following should be noted in addition to the above:

- Advancements in professional practice regarding contaminated land and changes in applicable statues and/or guidelines may affect the validity of this
 report. Consequently, the currency of conclusions and recommendations in Your Report should be verified if you propose to use this report more than
 6 months after its date of issue;
- Your Report is based on information gained from environmental conditions (including assessment of some or all of soil, groundwater, vapour and surface water) and supplemented by reported data of the local area and professional experience. The assessment has been scoped with consideration to industry standards, regulations, guidelines and your specific requirements, which includes budget and timing;
- The characterisation of site conditions is an interpretation of information collected during assessment, in accordance with industry practice. Any
 interpretation in Your Report is not a complete description of all material on or in the vicinity of the site, due to the inherent variation in spatial and
 temporal patterns of contaminant presence and impact in the natural environment.
- We may have relied on data and other information provided by you and other qualified individuals in preparing Your Report. We have not verified the
 accuracy or completeness of such data or information except as otherwise stated in Your Report. For these reasons Your Report must be regarded as
 interpretative, in accordance with industry standards and practice, rather than being a definitive record.
- For each purpose, a tailored approach to the assessment of potential soil and groundwater contamination is required. In most cases, a key objective is
 to identify, and if possible quantify, risks that both recognised and potential contamination posed in the context of the agreed purpose. If the proposed
 use of the site changes, the assessment may no longer be valid and will need to be reviewed.

* For further information on this aspect reference should be made to "Guidelines for the Provision of Geotechnical information in Construction Contracts" published by the Institution of Engineers Australia, National headquarters, Canberra, 1987.



Appendix B: Proposed Site Development

INYADDA DRIVE, MANYANA **ROAD & DRAINAGE DESIGN**

ISSUED FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION





LOCALITY PLAN N.T.S.

LGA SHOALHAVEN CITY COUNCIL LOT 1 D.P.1161638 LOT 2 D.P.1121854 LOT 106 D.P.755923



PROJECT N 21-000403

egis

DRAWING LIST NO. Sheet Title

853

GEN	
000	COVER SHEET
001	GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN
002	SHEET LAYOUT PLAN
003	GENERAL NOTES & LEGEND
004	DEMOLITION PLAN
SED	IMENT & EROSION CONTROL
101	SEDIMENT BASIN CATCHMENT PLAN
102	SOIL & WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN - SHEET 01 OF 02
103	SOIL & WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN - SHEET 02 OF 02
SITE	REGRADING
201	SITE REGRADING PLAN - SHEET 01 OF 02
202	SITE REGRADING PLAN - SHEET 02 OF 02
203	SITE SECTIONS - SHEET 01 OF 02
204	SITE SECTIONS - SHEET 02 OF 02
ENG	INEERING PLANS
301	ENGINEERING PLAN - 01 OF 05
302	ENGINEERING PLAN - 02 OF 05
303	ENGINEERING PLAN - 03 OF 05
304	ENGINEERING PLAN - 04 OF 05
305	ENGINEERING PLAN - 05 OF 05
351	LANDSCAPE PLAN
ROA	D LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS
401	LONGITUDINAL & TYPICAL SECTIONS - ROAD No.01
402	LONGITUDINAL & TYPICAL SECTIONS - ROAD No.01 (CONT.)
403	LONGITUDINAL & TYPICAL SECTIONS - ROAD No.01 (CONT.)
404	LONGITUDINAL & TYPICAL SECTIONS - ROAD No.02 & 03
405	LONGITUDINAL & TYPICAL SECTIONS - ROAD No.06
406	LONGITUDINAL & TYPICAL SECTIONS - ROAD No.07
WAT	FER QUALITY DETAILS
850	BASIN No.01 PLAN & DETAILS
851	BASIN No.02 PLAN & DETAILS
852	CATCHMENT PLAN

SANDSTONE LOGWALL, BLOCKWALL & GRASSED ROADSIDE SWALE DETAILS

INYADDA DRIVE, MANYANA **ROAD & DRAINAGE DESIGN**

MILESTONE DA

REVISION DATE 30/06/2023 000

REVISION 2 331





GENERAL NOTES

GENERAL

- G1. ALL WORK TO BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SHOALHAVEN COUNCIL DESIGN GUIDELINES AND SHOALHAVEN COUNCIL ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS AND TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CERTIFYING AUTHORITY.
- G2. INSPECTIONS BY CERTIFYING AUTHORITY ARE REQUIRED AT THE FOLLOWING STAGES AND THE WORKS APPROVED PRIOR TO CONTINUANCE OF ANY FUTURE WORK:

(A) FOLLOWING INSTALLATION OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES/MEASURES.

(B) PRIOR TO BACKFILLING PIPELINES, SUBSOIL DRAINS AND DAMS.

(C) PRIOR TO CASTING OF PITS AND OTHER CONCRETE STRUCTURES, INCLUDING KERB AND GUTTER BUT FOLLOWING PLACEMENT OF FOOTINGS, FORMWORK, AND REINFORCEMENT.

(D) PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF SUB BASE AND ALL SUBSEQUENT PAVEMENT LAYERS, A PROOF ROLLER TEST OF EACH PAVEMENT LAYER IS REQUIRED.

(E) FORMWORKS PRIOR TO POURING CONCRETE IN PARKING AREA FOR FOOTPATH CROSSING AND OTHER ASSOCIATED WORK.

(F) PRIOR TO BACKFILLING PUBLIC UTILITY CROSSINGS IN ROAD RESERVES.

(G) FINAL INSPECTIONS AFTER ALL WORKS ARE COMPLETED AND 'WORKS AS EXECUTED' PLANS HAVE BEEN SUBMITTED TO COUNCIL.

- G3. NO TREES ARE TO BE REMOVED UNLESS APPROVAL IS GRANTED BY COUNCIL'S LANDSCAPE COMPLIANCE OFFICER OR AS AUTHORISED BY DEVELOPMENT CONSENT.
- G4. MAKE SMOOTH JUNCTIONS WITH EXISTING WORKS.
- G5. NO WORK IS TO BE CARRIED OUT ON COUNCIL PROPERTY OR ADJOINING PROPERTIES WITHOUT THE WRITTEN PERMISSION FROM THE OWNER/S.
- G6. VEHICULAR ACCESS AND ALL UTILITIES/SERVICES ARE TO BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES TO ADJOINING PROPERTIES AFFECTED BY CONSTRUCTION.
- G7. ALL RUBBISH, BUILDINGS, SHEDS AND FENCES TO BE REMOVED TO SATISFACTION OF COUNCIL'S ENGINEER.
- G8. COUNCIL ENGINEERS HAVE DISCRETION TO VARY, AS CONSIDERED NECESSARY, THE ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS IN RESPECT OF A PARTICULAR SUBDIVISION OR DEVELOPMENT HAVING REGARD TO THE SITE CONTEXT.

EARTHWORKS

- E1. EARTHWORKS ARE TO BE CARRIED OUT TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE COUNCIL. UNSUITABLE MATERIALS ARE TO BE REMOVED FROM ROADS AND LOTS PRIOR TO FILLING. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO ARRANGE AND MAKE AVAILABLE COMPACTION TESTING RESULTS FOR ALL AREAS THAT CONTAIN FILL IN EXCESS OF 200mm.
- E2. COMPACTION OF EARTHWORKS SHALL CONTINUE UNTIL A DRY DENSITY RATIO OF 95% FOR SITE FILLING AND 100% FOR ROAD PAVEMENT SUBGRADES HAS BEEN ACHIEVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEST METHOD AS1289.5.3.1 OR AS 1289.5.1.1. THE CONTROL TESTING OF EARTHWORKS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GUIDELINES IN AS3798 'GUIDELINES ON EARTHWORKS FOR COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS'. WHERE IT IS PROPOSED TO USE TEST METHOD AS1289.5.8.1 TO DETERMINE THE FIELD DENSITY, A SAND REPLACEMENT METHOD SHALL BE USED TO CONFIRM THE RESULTS.
- E3. THE SUITABLE QUALIFIED GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER, SHALL HAVE A LEVEL 1 RESPONSIBILITY FOR ALL FILLING AS DEFINED IN APPENDIX B AS3788 'GUIDELINES ON EARTHWORKS FOR COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS', AND AT THE END OF THE WORKS SHALL CONFIRM THE EARTHWORKS COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SPECIFICATION AND DRAWINGS BY WRITTEN NOTIFICATION.
- E4. IN AREAS TO BE FILLED WHERE THE SLOPE OF THE NATURAL SURFACE EXCEEDS 1(V):4(H), BENCHES ARE TO BE CUT TO PREVENT SLIPPING OF THE PLACED FILL MATERIAL AS REQUIRED BY THE COUNCIL.
- E5. ALL BATTERS ARE TO BE SCARIFIED TO A DEPTH OF 50mm TO ASSIST WITH ADHESION OF TOP SOIL TO BATTER FACE.
- E6. PROVIDE MINIMUM 150mm AND MAXIMUM 300mm TOPSOIL ON FOOTPATHS, FILLED AREAS AND ALL OTHER AREAS DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION. TOPSOILED AREAS TO BE STABILISED WITH APPROVED VEGETATION A MAXIMUM OF 14 DAYS AFTER TOPSOILING AND ARE TO BE WATERED TO ENSURE GERMINATION.
- E7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTROL SEDIMENTATION, EROSION AND POLLUTION DURING CONSTRUCTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CURRENT EDITION OF 'MANAGING URBAN STORMWATER: SOILS AND CONSTRUCTION' PRODUCED BY LANDCOM.
- E8. A MINIMUM 1m WIDE, CONTINUOUS STRIP OF COUCH GRASS SHALL BE PLACED BEHIND THE BACK OF ALL KERBS & OTHER CONCRETE STRUCTURES IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMPLETION OF THE FOOTPATH GRADING OR OTHER ELEMENTS AS APPLICABLE, AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND REPLACED AS REQUIRED DURING THE CONSTRUCTION MAINTENANCE PERIOD.

EGIS GENERAL

EC1. SURVEY SOURCED FROM: -SURVEYOR: EGIS -D.T.M.: 211029 Detail Survey 1.dwg DATED 11/10/2021

- -ALL FILES ARE ON MGA56 GDA 2020 CO-ORDINATE SYSTEM
- EC2. CONTRACTOR IS TO ENSURE THAT ALL WORKS ASSOCIATED WITH PROPERTY BOUNDARIES ARE TO BE SET OUT OR VERIFIED BY A REGISTERED SURVEYOR
- EC3. PIPES UP TO 750Ø SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WITH SPIGOT AND SOCKET RUBBER RING JOINTS AND BE OF FIBRE REINFORCED CONCRETE WHICH SHALL CONFORM RESPECTIVELY TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF AS 4139 AND AS 4058. WHERE FIBRE REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPES ARE TO BE USED, A PROPRIETARY COLLAR IS TO BE APPLIED OVER THE PIPE JOINTS.
- EC4. PIPES GREATER THAN 750Ø ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED FROM SULPHATE RESISTANT CEMENT.

ROADWORKS

- R1. SUBGRADES AND SUB BASES ARE TO BE COMPACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH COUNCIL'S CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION.
- R2. SUBSOIL DRAINS TO BE PROVIDED ON BOTH SIDES OF ROADS (EXCEPT WHERE THERE IS STORMWATER DRAINAGE).
- R3. 150 x 50 H.D. GALVANISED STEEL KERB OUTLETS TO BE PLACED IN ALL KERB TYPES ON LOW SIDE OF LOTS. PROVIDE SUITABLE ADAPTOR TO ALLOW CONNECTION OF 90mm DIAMETER STORMWATER PIPE.
- R4. LIPLESS PERAMBULATOR CROSSINGS ARE TO BE PROVIDED IN ALL KERB RETURNS AND WHERE REQUIRED BY COUNCIL.
- R5. SERVICE CONDUITS TO BE PLACED AS DIRECTED BY ALL PUBLIC UTILITY AUTHORITIES INCLUDING ENDEVOUR ENERGY, NBN AND SYDNEY WATER
- R6. PROPOSED UTILITIES AND SERVICES CROSSING EXISTING ROADS SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR USING A TRENCHLESS TECHNIQUE SO AS NOT TO DAMAGE THE EXISTING SURFACE. ALL SERVICE CONDUITS UNDER ROADS MUST BE LAID TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 750mm.
- R7. CONCRETE FOOTPATH CONSTRUCTION MAY BE BONDED WITH COUNCIL PENDING COMPLETION OF UTILITY/SERVICES AND SURROUNDING DWELLINGS.
- R8. ALL TEMPORARY ROADS MUST BE TEMPORARILY SEALED WITH A SINGLE COAT FLUSH SEAL.
- R9. ALL PERMANENT ROADS MUST BE SEALED WITH A SINGLE COAT FLUSH SEAL AND 50mm OF AC TO BE APPLIED IN TWO 25mm THICK LAYERS. THE FINAL AC LAYER IS TO BE AC 10 AND MAY BE BONDED WITH COUNCIL AND PLACED FOLLOWING APPROVAL FROM COUNCIL.
- R10. SIGNPOSTING AND LINE MARKING SHALL CONFORM TO AS1742.2 'TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR GENERAL USE'. RAISED RETRO-REFLECTIVE PAVEMENT MARKERS TO CONFORM TO AS1906 'RETRO-REFLECTIVE MATERIALS AND DEVICES FOR ROAD TRAFFIC CONTROL PURPOSES'. ALL APRONS AND KERB FACE ON CENTRAL ISLANDS OF ROUNDABOUTS AND ALL OTHER ISLANDS TO BE DELINEATED BY REFLECTIVE WHITE MARKING. INSTALLATION SHALL OCCUR IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN APPROVED BY THE LOCAL TRAFFIC COMMITTEE.
- R11. ALL LOT AND HOUSE NUMBERS MUST BE STENCILLED ON KERB FACE.
- R12. STREET SIGNS TO COUNCIL STANDARD MUST BE INSTALLED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

STORMWATER

- S1. ALL PIPES TO BE SPIGOT AND SOCKET, RUBBER RING JOINTED.
- S2. ALL LONGITUDINAL PIPELINES IN ROADS MUST BE LOCATED UNDER KERB AND GUTTER AND BE BACKFILLED WITH APPROVED GRANULAR MATERIAL UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE COUNCIL ENGINEER.
- S3. DRAINAGE LINES MUST BE BACKFILLED WITH APPROVED GRANULAR MATERIAL IN TRAFFICABLE AREAS. THREE (3) METRES OF SUBSOIL DRAINAGE WRAPPED IN GEOTEXTILE STOCKING MUST BE PROVIDED TO ALL DOWNSTREAM PITS.
- S4. ALL GULLY PITS TO COUNCIL'S STANDARD AND LINTELS CENTRALLY PLACED AT SAG PITS.
- S5. ALL PITS MUST BE BENCHED AND STREAMLINED. PROVIDE SL72 REINFORCEMENT AND GALVANISED STEP IRONS IN ALL PITS OVER 1.2-METRES DEEP AS MEASURED FROM THE TOP OF GRATE TO THE INVERT OF THE PIT.
- S6. CONCRETE IS TO HAVE MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 32MPA AT 28-DAYS UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE COUNCIL ENGINEER.
- ALL INTER-ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE MUST HAVE A MINIMUM PIPE DIAMETER OF 150mm AND A MINIMUM GRADE OF 1% UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE COUNCIL ENGINEER.
- S8. ALL INTER-ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE LINES MUST BE LAID CENTRALLY WITHIN DRAINAGE EASEMENTS. INSPECTION PITS MUST BE PROVIDED AT ALL CHANGES OF GRADE AND DIRECTION.
- S9. INTER-ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE LINES MUST BE INSTALLED AFTER SYDNEY WATER SEWERAGE LINES HAVE BEEN INSTALLED WHERE SEWER IS PROPOSED ADJACENT TO INTER-ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE LINES.
- S10. 1% AEP OVERLAND FLOW PATHS MUST BE FORMED AND SHOWN ON 'WORKS AS EXECUTED' DRAWINGS.
- S11. ALL PLANS (BOTH DESIGN AND WAE) ARE TO CLEARLY DELINEATE THE EXTENT/LOCATION OF FLOOD LINES INCLUDING THE 5% AEP, 1% AEP AND PMF.
- S12. ADEQUATE PROVISION IS TO BE MADE TO PREVENT SCOURING AND SEDIMENTATION FOR ALL DRAINAGE WORKS IN ACCORDANCE WITH COUNCIL'S REQUIREMENTS.
- S13. PIT LINTELS ARE TO BE STENCILLED WITH APPLICABLE DISTINCTION STENCIL AVAILABLE FROM COUNCIL.
- S14. CATCH DRAINS MUST BE CONSTRUCTED AS REQUIRED BY THE APPROVED PLANS OR THE PRINCIPAL CERTIFYING AUTHORITY.

HEIR ASQUITH

\$15. SOIL AND WATER MANAGEMENT PLANS ARE TO BE PREPARED FOR ALL DISTURBED SITES AND ADHERED TO AT ALL TIMES DURING THE CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE PERIODS.

DIGITAL MODELS CREATED BY EGIS UNDER THIS COMMISSION ARE CREATED FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE PREPARATION OF DRAWINGS AND ESTIMATES OF QUANTITIES. INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE DRAWINGS TAKES PRECEDENCE OVER THE DIGITAL MODEL UPON WHICH IT WAS BASED. USE OF DIGITAL MODELS, CREATED BY EGIS, BY OTHER PARTIES TO SET OUT WORKS OR FOR OTHER REASONS IS DONE ENTIRELY AT THE RISK OF THE PARTY SO USING THE DIGITAL MODEL



www.egis-group.com

Ψ	FIR	ST	DESIGN	DRAWN	CHECK	APPD.	DATE		STATUS
DRI	ISS	UE	AW	JS	SA	EF	14/12/2021	AMENDMENT DETAILS	FOR
DDA	A	1	AW	AW	SA	EF	12/01/2022	ISSUED FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION	
INYA	E	2	LF	PS	SA	SA	30/06/2023	ISSUED TO SUIT COUNCIL COMMENTS	DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION
- 603	D								
000	M								AUTHORISED FOR ISSUE:
121-(Ň								BY: SINA ARBABZADEH SIGN: Sim Artubauteto
H:2	s								MEng (Civil) MIEAust CPEng NER 30 / 06 / 2023
Ë	1								DATE:

DECODIDITION	LEGEND	EVIOTINO						
DESCRIPTION	PROPOSED	EXISTING	FUTURE					
SITE BOUNDARY								
STORMWATER PIPELINE	375Ø	: ı						
STORMWATER DRAINAGE PITS								
DRAINAGE LINE No. 3 DRAINAGE PIT No. 10	3/10	3/10	3/10					
CONCRETE HEADWALL	(
CULVERT CROSSING								
SUBSOIL DRAIN	<u> </u>							
150mm KERB AND GUTTER	K&G	EXIST. K&G	FUT. K&G ======					
ROLL KERB AND GUTTER	RK	EXIST. RK	FUT. RK					
KERB ONLY	ко	EXIST. KO	FUT. KO					
EDGE STRIP	ES	EXIST. ES	FUT. ES					
MOUNTABLE KERB	MK	EXIST. MK	FUT. MK					
DISH CROSSING	DC	EXIST. DC	FUT. DC					
VEHICULAR CROSSING	VC	EXIST. VC	FUT. VC					
PEDESTRIAN RAMP	PR		ÆЪ					
EDGE OF BITUMEN	<u>EOB</u>	EXIST. EOB	FUT. EOB					
BATTERS								
CONCRETE PATHWAY								
CONTOURS		99.5						
SITE REGRADING AREA	CUT FILL							
SERVICE LINES SEWER, GAS, WATER, ELECTRICITY, RECYCLED WATER	S	ex.S ex.G ex.W ex.E ex.RW						
COMMUNICATION LINES TELSTRA, FIBRE OPTIC, NBN	T OF NBN	ex.T ex.OF ex.NBN	fut.T fut.OF fut.NBN					
OVER HEAD LINES AND POLES	—Ө— ОН ———	ex.OH	fut.OH					
FENCE POST AND RAIL FENCE SECURITY FENCE		-//	-//					
LOT NUMBERS	2586							
RETAINING WALL								
SANDSTONE LOG WALL								
ROCK WALL								
ROOF WATER OUTLET TO KERB	+	\						
ROOF WATER OUTLET TO BACK OF PIT	ф	4						
EXISTING TREES	EXISTING TREES	EXISTIN	G TREES TO					
	BE RETAINED	BE RI	EMOVED					
ÊÐ	ÊÐ	Ę	33					
	DRAMENO TO -							
INYADDA DRIVE, MANYANA ROAD & DRAINAGE DESIGN								
AIMER DIMENSIONS TO BE CHECKED ON SITE BY CONTRAC		DRAWING No	STAGE REVISION					
R TO CONSTRUCTION. USE WRITTEN DIMENSIONS C SCALE. NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS STAMPED	DBY 21-000403	003	DA 2					













The second secon	
R CONTINUATION REFER TO DWG No.201	27.5 PROPOSED CONTOUR
	CONFIRMED AT DETAIL DESIGN STAGE (TYPICAL)
	RETAINING WALL ALONG BIO
and the second s	HOLLOW BEARING TREE (TO BE KEPT)
	HOLLOW BEARING TREE (TO BE REMOVED)
DP 1121854	1% AEP FLOOD EXTENTS
	CUT -2m TO -100m
- for fart	CUT -1.5m TO -2m
	CUT -1m TO -1.5m
	CUT -0.5m TO -1m
	CUT 0m TO -0.5m
	FILL 0m TO 0.5m
	FILL 0.5m TO 1m
	FILL 1m TO 1.5m
	FILL 1.5m TO 2m
	FILL 2m TO 2.5m
	FILL 2.5m TO 3m
	FILL 3m TO 100m
	CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE, POTHOLE AND LEVEL ALL SERVICES WHERE NECESSARY, PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORKS. 2. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL SERVICES INVESTIGATION AND PROTECTION ON SITE.
ex.S ex.S ex.S ex.S	
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT	as as www.byda.com.au
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL	ex5
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL	BEFORE YOU DIG www.byda.com.au
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL	ex5 ex5 ex W ex W ex W ex W ex W
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL 0 61 0 61 0 61 0 61 0 61 0 61 0 61 0 61	exs
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL CURVERS	BEFORE YOU DIG www.byda.com.au
ANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL CURVERS CURVES	BEFORE YOU DIG www.byda.com.au
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL CURVERS SEXISTING OVERHEAD & POWERPOLE TO BE PROTECTED EXISTING WATER & NBN TO BE RELOCATED	BEFORE YOU DIG www.byda.com.au
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL CURVERS BE VIEW OVERHEAD & POWERPOLE TO BE PROTECTED EXISTING WATER & NBN TO BE RELOCATED	BEFORE SOLUTION
ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL	ex.W ex.W ex.W ex.W ex.W ex.W ex.W ex.W
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL CURVERS SEXTON EXISTING OVERHEAD & POWERPOLE TO BE PROTECTED EXISTING WATER & NBN TO BE RELOCATED SECOND	BEFORE SOULDIG WWW.byda.com.au BRVE av ac av av av av av av av av av av av av av av av av av
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL	BEFORE SOULDIG WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL	BEFORE SOULDIG WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE BAN
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL CURVERS BE VIEW OVERHEAD & POWERPOLE TO BE PROTECTED EXISTING WATER & NBN TO BE RELOCATED CURVERS BE PROTECTED CURVERS CUR	BEFORE SOLUTION
ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL CURVERS ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL CURVERS ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL ADJUSTED TO SUIT ADJUSTED TO SUIT ADJUS	BEFORE SUBJECT STATES SUBJECT STATES SUBJEC
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL	BEFORE SOLUTION
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL	BEFORE SOLUTION
ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL Set ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL CURVERS Set EXISTING OVERHEAD & POWERPOLE TO BE PROTECTED EXISTING WATER & NOW EXPOLE TO BE PROTECTED SOUTH SUPPOLE TO SUPPOLE TO SUPP	BEFORE VOULDIG WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au DRIVE WWW.byda.com.au
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL CURVERS EXISTING OVERHEAD & POWERPOLE TO BE PROTECTED EXISTING WATER & NBN TO BE RELOCATED CURVERS SPOWERPOLE TO BE PROTECTED CURVERS SPOWERPOLE TO SPOWERPOLE TO SPOWERPO	BEFORE SOLUTION NORMALIAN SOLUTIO
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL	
RUECT	BEFORE COUNDUDED COUNTURE DRIVE
MANHOLE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL CURVERS EXISTING OVERHEAD & POWERPOLE TO BE PROTECTED EXISTING WATER & NBN TO BE RELOCATED TWADDAD RIVE, MANYANA ROAD & DRAINAGE DESIGN	DRAVING TITLE SITE REGRADING PLAN - SHEET 02 OF 02
ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW SURFACE LEVEL CURVERS EXISTING OVERHEAD & POWERPOLE TO BE PROTECTED EXISTING WATER & NBN TO BE RELOCATED INYADDA DRIVE, MANYANA ROAD & DRAINAGE DESIGN	DAMING ITTLE STEE REGRADING PLAN - SHEET 02 OF 02 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0



~	-	
• •		1
	ᅭ	
<u> </u>	т	



N	CHECK	APPD.	DATE	AMENDMENT DETAILS	STATUS	SCALE	CLIENT
	SA	EF	14/12/2021		FOR		
	SA	EF	12/01/2022	ISSUED FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION		0 2.0 4.0 6.0 8.0 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0	
	SA	SA	30/06/2023	ISSUED TO SUIT COUNCIL COMMENTS	DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION	SCALE 1:200 (A1) SCALE 1:400 (A3)	
Ι					AUTHORISED FOR ISSUE:	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80	
					BY: SINA ARBABZADEH SIGN: Sim Arhub zauleh	SCALE 1:1000 (A1) SCALE 1:2000 (A3)	
Т					MEna (Civil) MIEAust CPEna NER		















	- Conto
	68
	V
~	
	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
\sim \sim	
	in the second
^^	
\sim	ma h
	m th
	\sim
\sim \sim \sim	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	ORCOR
	UT I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
\sim	
CCESS TRACK No.02	
-ex.9	ex.S ex.S ex.S ex.S ex.S ex.S ex.S ex.S
	Ĺ
	(S)
	Si Contraction of the second s
DRIVE	SS
W ex.W ex.W ex.W ex.W	ex.W_ex.W
	as a contraction of the second
-ex.Sex.Sex.Sex.S	ex.S ex.S ex.S ex.S ex.S ex.S ex.W ex.W ex.W ex.W ex.W ex.W ex.W ex.W
den and a second	LEGEND
	DIAL BEFORE
R& TRAFFIC	
FOR ALL TRAFFICABLE RE COMPLETED.	www.1100.com.au
PROJECT	DRAWING TITLE
INYADDA DRIVE, MANYANA	ENGINEERING PLAN - 05 OF 05
ROAD & DRAINAGE DESIGN	
	1
DISCLAIMER	
DISCLAIMER ALL DIMENSIONS TO BE CHECKED ON SITE BY CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. USE WRITTEN DIMENSIONS ONLY, DO	D PROJECT No. DRAWING No. STAGE REVISION
DISCLAIMER ALL DIMENSIONS TO BE CHECKED ON SITE BY CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. USE WRITTEN DIMENSIONS ONLY, DC VOT SCALE. MOIT FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS STAMPED BY CERTIFYING AUTHORITY	PROJECT No. DRAWING No. STAGE REVISION 21-000403 305 DA 2



	PROPOSED TREES
Standard and and and and and and and and and an	HOLLOW BEARING TREE (TO BE KEPT)
	HOLLOW BEARING TREE
- Andrew	(TO BE REMOVED)
	INOTE:
- In Jan y	TREE SPECIES TO BE TO
	COUNCIL SPECIFICATION
The V	BEFORE
man the second second	
Youth	
(mh)	
	//////////////////////////////////////
LOT 1	-7342.5M U. S. S. S. S. M. M.
2	[]]?????]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
_DP 1121854	
	{
The start	
- Charles - Char	S. S
2 manual a	7////
and the second s	
68	
	K _ }
5	
NO CONTRACTOR OF	
8	
ЦП Щ	
~ ~ relieve	ITS 3
PROJECT	
INYADDA DRIVE, MANYANA	LANDSCAPE PLAN
ROAD & DRAINAGE DESIGN	
DISCLAIMER ALL DIMENSIONS TO BE CHECKED ON SITE BY CONTRACTOR	
PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. USE WRITTEN DIMENSIONS ONLY, DO NOT SCALE. NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS STAMPED BY	21-000403 351 DA 2
	0.40





285	12.47	13.12			-
300	12.15	12.76			
303.38	12.1	12.67		~	
315	11.94	12.38		-2.5%	
330	11.7	12.01			
345	11.37	11.63			
346.97	11.32	11.58			
360	11.15	11.27		_ 100VC	
			.NOO	FINUED BELOW	

ISCLAIMER	
LL DIMENSIONS TO BE CHECKED ON SITE BY CONTRACTOR	h
RIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. USE WRITTEN DIMENSIONS ONLY, DO	ľ
OT SCALE. NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS STAMPED BY	





EXISTING LEVEL

DESIGN LEVEL

REFER TO SITE REGRADING PLAN ON DWG No.201-202

1005	7.1	9.53					
020	7.37	9.68					
027.99	7.51	97.6	~~>				
1035	7.64	9.83	<				
				R-100			
046.48	7.84	9.95	~				
1050	7.9	9.98					
051.41	7.92	10					
			<	R-9			
065	8.14	10.13	~>			_	
1065.55	8.14	10.14					
1080	8.25	10.28		~>		_	
					CONTINUED BELOW		

SECTIONS - ROAD No.01 (CONT.)

LL DIMENSIONS TO BE CHECKED ON SITE BY CONTRACTOR
RIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. USE WRITTEN DIMENSIONS ONLY, DO
OT SCALE. NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS STAMPED BY
EDTIEVING ALITHODITY









1.2m FOOTPA COUNCIL ST/

0.6m

VERGE

4.0m

0.5 BERM BOUNDARY

0.13

DESIGN LEVEL

OFFSET





LE	EGEND
	EXISTING LEVEL
	DESIGN LEVEL



FIRST	DESIGN E	RAWN	HECK APPI	D. DATE	AMENDMENT DETAILS	STATUS	SCALE	CLIENT	
ISSUE	AW	JS	SA EF	14/12/2021	Participant of the second	FOR			
A 1	AW	AW	SA EF	12/01/2022	ISSUED FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION		0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		
E 2	LF	PS	SA SA	A 30/06/2023	ISSUED TO SUIT COUNCIL COMMENTS	DEVELOPIMENT APPLICATION	SCALE 1:100 (A1) SCALE 1:200 (A3)		
D									
E							0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40		
N						BY: SINA ARBABZADEH SIGN: Sim Artub Zauleh	SCALE 1:500 (A1) SCALE 1:1000 (A3)		
s						MEng (Civil) MIEAust CPEng NER 30 / 06 / 2023			www.egis-group.com
						DATE:			© 2023 Egis Consulting Pty Ltd



LEGEND

REFER TO SITE REGRADING PLAN ON DWG No.201-202

T		
INYADDA	DRIVE,	MANYANA
ROAD & [ORAINAC	GE DESIGN

LONGITUDINAL & TYPICAL SECTIONS - ROAD No.07

			35	64
NOT SCALE. NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS STAMPED BY CERTIFYING AUTHORITY	21-000403	406	DA	2
PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, USE WRITTEN DIMENSIONS ONLY, DO	PROJECT No.	DRAWING No.	STAGE	REVISION








FI	IRST DESIGN	DRAWN (CHECK SA	APPD. EF	DATE 14/12/2021	AMENDMENT DETAILS	FOR	SCALE	CLIENT	
A	1 AW	AW	SA	EF	12/01/2022	ISSUED FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION		0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8		
E	2 LF	PS	SA	SA	30/06/2023	ISSUED TO SUIT COUNCIL COMMENTS	DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION	SCALE 1:10 (A1) SCALE 1:20 (A3)		
D										
M							AUTHORISED FOR ISSUE:	0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 1.4 1.6		
N							BY: SINA ARBABZADEH SIGN	SCALE 1:20 (A1) SCALE 1:40 (A3)		
s							MEng (Civil) MIEAust CPEng NER 30 / 06 / 2023			www.egis-group.com
							DATE:			© 2023 Egis Consulting Pty Ltd

INYADDA DRIVE, MANYANA			VALL,				
	ROADSIDE SWALE DETAILS						
INYADDA DRIVE, MANYANA ROAD & DRAINAGE DESIGN SCIAIMER L DIMENSIONS TO BE CHECKED ON SITE BY CONTRACTOR ICT TO CONSTRUCTION. USE WRITTEN DIMENSIONS ONLY, DO DT SCALE. NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS STAMPED BY IRTIFYING AUTHORITY	PROJECT No. 21-000403	DRAWING No.	DA 2				
			35	8			



Appendix C: Lot Search report



Date: 28 Aug 2019 18:02:57 Reference: LS008183 EP Address: Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Disclaimer:

The purpose of this report is to provide an overview of some of the site history, environmental risk and planning information available, affecting an individual address or geographical area in which the property is located. It is not a substitute for an on-site inspection or review of other available reports and records. It is not intended to be, and should not be taken to be, a rating or assessment of the desirability or market value of the property or its features. You should obtain independent advice before you make any decision based on the information within the report. The detailed terms applicable to use of this report are set out at the end of this report.

Table of Contents

Location Confidences	2
Dataset Listings	3
Site Location Aerial	5
Contaminated Land & Waste Management Facilities	6
PFAS Investigation Programs	9
Defence Sites	10
EPA Other Sites with Contamination Issues	11
EPA Current Licensed Activities	12
EPA Delicensed & Former Licensed Activities	14
UPSS Sensitive Zones	16
Historical Business Activities	17
Historical Aerial Imagery & Maps	24
Topographic Features	
Elevation Contours	
Hydrogeology & Groundwater	39
Geology	43
Naturally Occurring Asbestos Potential	45
Soils	
Acid Sulfate Soils	
Dryland Salinity	52
Mining Subsidence Districts	53
State Environmental Planning	54
Environmental Planning Instruments	55
Heritage	57
Natural Hazards	59
Ecological Constraints	61
Terms & Conditions	70

Location Confidences

Where Lotsearch has had to georeference features from supplied addresses, a location confidence has been assigned to the data record. This indicates a confidence to the positional accuracy of the feature. Where applicable, a code is given under the field heading "LC" or "LocConf". These codes lookup to the following location confidences:

LC Code	Location Confidence
Premise match	Georeferenced to the site location / premise or part of site
General area or suburb match	Georeferenced with the confidence of the general/approximate area
Road match	Georeferenced to the road or rail
Road intersection	Georeferenced to the road intersection
Feature is a buffered point	Feature is a buffered point
Land adjacent to geocoded site	Land adjacent to Georeferenced Site
Network of features	Georeferenced to a network of features

Dataset Listing

Datasets contained within this report, detailing their source and data currency:

Dataset Name	Custodian	Supply Date	Currency Date	Update Frequency	Dataset Buffer (m)	No. Features Onsite	No. Features within 100m	No. Features within Buffer
Cadastre Boundaries	NSW Department of Finance, Services & Innovation	28/08/2019	28/08/2019	Daily	-	-	-	-
Topographic Data	NSW Department of Finance, Services & Innovation	25/06/2019	25/06/2019	As required	-	-	-	-
List of NSW contaminated sites notified to EPA	Environment Protection Authority	12/08/2019	01/08/2019	Monthly	1000	0	0	0
Contaminated Land Records of Notice	Environment Protection Authority	12/08/2019	12/08/2019	Monthly	1000	0	0	0
Former Gasworks	Environment Protection Authority	02/08/2019	11/10/2017	Monthly	1000	0	0	0
National Waste Management Facilities Database	Geoscience Australia	06/08/2019	07/03/2017	Quarterly	1000	0	0	1
EPA PFAS Investigation Program	Environment Protection Authority	02/08/2019	02/08/2019	Monthly	2000	0	0	0
Defence PFAS Investigation & Management Program	Department of Defence	02/08/2019	02/08/2019	Monthly	2000	0	0	0
Airservices Australia National PFAS Management Program	Airservices Australia	02/08/2019	02/08/2019	Monthly	2000	0	0	0
Defence 3 Year Regional Contamination Investigation Program	Department of Defence	02/08/2019	02/08/2019	Monthly	2000	0	0	0
EPA Other Sites with Contamination Issues	Environment Protection Authority	13/12/2018	13/12/2018	Annually	1000	0	0	0
Licensed Activities under the POEO Act 1997	Environment Protection Authority	26/08/2019	26/08/2019	Monthly	1000	0	0	1
Delicensed POEO Activities still regulated by the EPA	Environment Protection Authority	26/08/2019	26/08/2019	Monthly	1000	0	0	0
Former POEO Licensed Activities now revoked or surrendered	Environment Protection Authority	26/08/2019	26/08/2019	Monthly	1000	3	3	3
UPSS Environmentally Sensitive Zones	Environment Protection Authority	14/04/2015	12/01/2010	As required	1000	1	1	1
UBD Business to Business Directory 1991 (Premise & Intersection Matches)	Hardie Grant			Not required	150	0	0	0
UBD Business to Business Directory 1991 (Road & Area Matches)	Hardie Grant			Not required	150	-	0	0
UBD Business Directory 1982 (Premise & Intersection Matches)	Hardie Grant			Not required	150	0	0	0
UBD Business Directory 1982 (Road & Area Matches)	Hardie Grant			Not required	150	-	0	0
UBD Business Directory 1970 (Premise & Intersection Matches)	Hardie Grant			Not required	150	0	0	0
UBD Business Directory 1970 (Road & Area Matches)	Hardie Grant			Not required	150	-	0	0
UBD Business Directory 1961 (Premise & Intersection Matches)	Hardie Grant			Not required	150	0	0	0
UBD Business Directory 1961 (Road & Area Matches)	Hardie Grant			Not required	150	-	0	0
UBD Business Directory 1950 (Premise & Intersection Matches)	Hardie Grant			Not required	150	0	0	0
UBD Business Directory 1950 (Road & Area Matches)	Hardie Grant			Not required	150	-	0	0
UBD Business Directory Drycleaners & Motor Garages/Service Stations (Premise & Intersection Matches)	Hardie Grant			Not required	500	0	0	0
UBD Business Directory Drycleaners & Motor Garages/Service Stations (Road & Area Matches)	Hardie Grant			Not required	500	-	0	0
Points of Interest	NSW Department of Finance, Services & Innovation	25/06/2019	25/06/2019	Quarterly	1000	1	1	18
Tanks (Areas)	NSW Department of Finance, Services & Innovation	25/06/2019	25/06/2019	Quarterly	1000	0	0	0

Dataset Name	Custodian	Supply Date	Currency Date	Update Frequency	Dataset Buffer (m)	No. Features Onsite	No. Features within 100m	No. Features within Buffer
Tanks (Points)	NSW Department of Finance, Services & Innovation	25/06/2019	25/06/2019	Quarterly	1000	0	0	0
Major Easements	NSW Department of Finance, Services & Innovation	25/06/2019	25/06/2019	Quarterly	1000	0	0	1
State Forest	NSW Department of Finance, Services & Innovation	18/01/2018	18/01/2018	As required	1000	0	0	0
NSW National Parks and Wildlife Service Reserves	NSW Office of Environment & Heritage	16/01/2019	14/11/2018	Annually	1000	0	1	1
Hydrogeology Map of Australia	Commonwealth of Australia (Geoscience Australia)	08/10/2014	17/03/2000	As required	1000	1	1	1
Botany Groundwater Management Zones	NSW Department of Primary Industries	15/03/2018	01/10/2005	As required	1000	0	0	0
Groundwater Boreholes	NSW Dept. of Primary Industries - Water NSW; Commonwealth of Australia (Bureau of Meteorology)	24/07/2018	23/07/2018	Annually	2000	0	0	3
Geological Units 1:250,000	NSW Dept. of Industry, Resources & Energy	20/08/2014		None planned	1000	2	-	3
Geological Structures 1:250,000	NSW Dept. of Industry, Resources & Energy	20/08/2014		None planned	1000	0	-	0
Naturally Occurring Asbestos Potential	NSW Dept. of Industry, Resources & Energy	04/12/2015	24/09/2015	Unknown	1000	0	0	0
Atlas of Australian Soils	ABARES	19/05/2017	17/02/2011	As required	1000	1	1	2
Environmental Planning Instrument Acid Sulfate Soils	NSW Department of Planning and Environment	23/08/2019	09/08/2019	Weekly	500	1	-	-
Atlas of Australian Acid Sulfate Soils	CSIRO	19/01/2017	21/02/2013	As required	1000	1	1	1
Dryland Salinity - National Assessment	National Land and Water Resources Audit	18/07/2014	12/05/2013	None planned	1000	0	0	0
Dryland Salinity Potential of Western Sydney	NSW Office of Environment & Heritage	12/05/2017	01/01/2002	None planned	1000	-	-	-
Mining Subsidence Districts	NSW Department of Finance, Services & Innovation	11/04/2019	11/04/2019	Quarterly	1000	0	0	0
Environmental Planning Instrument SEPP State Significant Precincts	NSW Department of Planning and Environment	23/08/2019	07/12/2018	Weekly	1000	0	0	0
Environmental Planning Instrument Land Zoning	NSW Department of Planning and Environment	23/08/2019	16/08/2019	Weekly	1000	3	11	22
Commonwealth Heritage List	Australian Government Department of the Environment and Energy - Heritage Branch	16/01/2019	31/07/2018	Unknown	1000	0	0	0
National Heritage List	Australian Government Department of the Environment and Energy - Heritage Branch	16/01/2019	28/09/2018	Unknown	1000	0	0	0
State Heritage Register - Curtilages	NSW Office of Environment & Heritage	15/07/2019	09/11/2018	Quarterly	1000	0	0	0
Environmental Planning Instrument Heritage	NSW Department of Planning and Environment	23/08/2019	09/08/2019	Weekly	1000	0	0	1
Bush Fire Prone Land	NSW Rural Fire Service	28/08/2019	03/06/2019	Quarterly	1000	2	2	3
Vegetation of Southern Forests	NSW Office of Environment & Heritage	09/12/2014	10/10/2011	Unknown	1000	3	5	16
Ramsar Wetlands of Australia	Commonwealth of Australia Department of the Environment	08/10/2014	24/06/2011	As required	1000	0	0	0
Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems	Bureau of Meteorology	14/08/2017	15/05/2017	Unknown	1000	4	5	5
Inflow Dependent Ecosystems Likelihood	Bureau of Meteorology	14/08/2017	15/05/2017	Unknown	1000	8	8	8
NSW BioNet Species Sightings	NSW Office of Environment & Heritage	28/08/2019	28/08/2019	Weekly	10000	-	-	-





Contaminated Land & Waste Management Facilities





Contaminated Land & Waste Management Facilities

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

List of NSW contaminated sites notified to EPA

Records from the NSW EPA Contaminated Land list within the dataset buffer:

Map Id	Site	Address	Suburb	Activity	Management Class	Status	Location Confidence	Dist (m)	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer								

The values within the EPA site management class in the table above, are given more detailed explanations in the table below:

EPA site management class	Explanation
Contamination being managed via the planning process (EP&A Act)	The EPA has completed an assessment of the contamination and decided that the contamination is significant enough to warrant regulation. The contamination of this site is managed by the consent authority under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act) planning approval process, with EPA involvement as necessary to ensure significant contamination is adequately addressed. The consent authority is typically a local council or the Department of Planning and Environment.
Contamination currently regulated under CLM Act	The EPA has completed an assessment of the contamination and decided that the contamination is significant enough to warrant regulation under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (CLM Act). Management of the contamination is regulated by the EPA under the CLM Act. Regulatory notices are available on the EPA's Contaminated Land Public Record of Notices.
Contamination currently regulated under POEO Act	The EPA has completed an assessment of the contamination and decided that the contamination is significant enough to warrant regulation. Management of the contamination is regulated under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 (POEO Act). The EPA's regulatory actions under the POEO Act are available on the POEO public register.
Contamination formerly regulated under the CLM Act	The EPA has determined that the contamination is no longer significant enough to warrant regulation under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (CLM Act). The contamination was addressed under the CLM Act.
Contamination formerly regulated under the POEO Act	The EPA has determined that the contamination is no longer significant enough to warrant regulation. The contamination was addressed under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 (POEO Act).
Contamination was addressed via the planning process (EP&A Act)	The EPA has determined that the contamination is no longer significant enough to warrant regulation. The contamination was addressed by the appropriate consent authority via the planning process under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act).
Ongoing maintenance required to manage residual contamination (CLM Act)	The EPA has determined that ongoing maintenance, under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (CLM Act), is required to manage the residual contamination. Regulatory notices under the CLM Act are available on the EPA's Contaminated Land Public Record of Notices.
Regulation being finalised	The EPA has completed an assessment of the contamination and decided that the contamination is significant enough to warrant regulation under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997. A regulatory approach is being finalised.
Regulation under the CLM Act not required	The EPA has completed an assessment of the contamination and decided that regulation under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 is not required.
Under assessment	The contamination is being assessed by the EPA to determine whether regulation is required. The EPA may require further information to complete the assessment. For example, the completion of management actions regulated under the planning process or Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997. Alternatively, the EPA may require information via a notice issued under s77 of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 or issue a Preliminary Investigation Order.

NSW EPA Contaminated Land List Data Source: Environment Protection Authority © State of New South Wales through the Environment Protection Authority

Contaminated Land & Waste Management Facilities

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Contaminated Land: Records of Notice

Record of Notices within the dataset buffer:

Map Id	Name	Address	Suburb	Notices	Area No	Location Confidence	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer							

Contaminated Land Records of Notice Data Source: Environment Protection Authority © State of New South Wales through the Environment Protection Authority Terms of use and disclaimer for Contaminated Land: Record of Notices, please visit http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/clm/clmdisclaimer.htm

Former Gasworks

Former Gasworks within the dataset buffer:

Map Id	Location	Council	Further Info	Location Confidence	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer					

Former Gasworks Data Source: Environment Protection Authority

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb C}$ State of New South Wales through the Environment Protection Authority

National Waste Management Site Database

Sites on the National Waste Management Site Database within the dataset buffer:

Site Id	Owner	Name	Address	Suburb	Class	Landfill	Reprocess	Transfer	Comments	Loc Conf	Dist (m)	Direction
232 0	Shoalhaven City Council	Bendalong Waste Transfer Station	1110 Bendalong Road	Bendalong	Transfer Station			Operatio nal		Premise Match	185 m	North West

Waste Management Facilities Data Source: Geoscience Australia

Creative Commons 3.0 © Commonwealth of Australia http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/au/deed.en

PFAS Investigation Sites

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

EPA PFAS Investigation Program

Sites that are part of the EPA PFAS investigation program, within the dataset buffer:

ld	Site	Address	Loc Conf	Dist	Dir
N/A	No records in buffer				

EPA PFAS Investigation Program: Environment Protection Authority

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ State of New South Wales through the Environment Protection Authority

Defence PFAS Investigation & Management Program

Sites being investigated or managed by the Department of Defence for PFAS contamination within the dataset buffer:

Map ID	Base Name	Address	Loc Conf	Dist	Dir
N/A	No records in buffer				

Defence PFAS Investigation & Management Program Data Custodian: Department of Defence, Australian Government

Airservices Australia National PFAS Management Program

Sites being investigated or managed by Airservices Australia for PFAS contamination within the dataset buffer:

Map ID	Site Name	Impacts	Loc Conf	Dist	Dir
N/A	No records in buffer				

Airservices Australia National PFAS Management Program Data Custodian: Airservices Australia

Defence Sites

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Defence 3 Year Regional Contamination Investigation Program

Sites which have been assessed as part of the Defence 3 Year Regional Contamination Investigation Program within the dataset buffer:

Property ID	Base Name	Address	Known Contamination	Loc Conf	Dist	Dir
N/A	No records in buffer					

Defence 3 Year Regional Contamination Investigation Program, Data Custodian: Department of Defence, Australian Government

EPA Other Sites with Contamination Issues

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

EPA Other Sites with Contamination Issues

This dataset contains other sites identified on the EPA website as having contamination issues. This dataset currently includes:

- James Hardie asbestos manufacturing and waste disposal sites
- Radiological investigation sites in Hunter's Hill
- Pasminco Lead Abatement Strategy Area

Sites within the dataset buffer:

Site Id	Site Name	Site Address	Dataset	Comments	Location Confidence	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer						

EPA Other Sites with Contamination Issues: Environment Protection Authority © State of New South Wales through the Environment Protection Authority

Current EPA Licensed Activities





EPA Activities

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Licensed Activities under the POEO Act 1997

Licensed activities under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, within the dataset buffer:

EPL	Organisation	Name	Address	Suburb	Activity	Loc Conf	Distance	Direction
12357	SHOALHAVEN CITY COUNCIL	CONJOLA REGIONAL SEWERAGE SCHEME	BENDALONG ROAD	BENDALONG	Sewage treatment processing by small plants	Premise Match	474m	North West

POEO Licence Data Source: Environment Protection Authority

© State of New South Wales through the Environment Protection Authority

Delicensed & Former Licensed EPA Activities





EPA Activities

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Delicensed Activities still regulated by the EPA

Delicensed activities still regulated by the EPA, within the dataset buffer:

Licence No	Organisation	Name	Address	Suburb	Activity	Loc Conf	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer							

Delicensed Activities Data Source: Environment Protection Authority © State of New South Wales through the Environment Protection Authority

Former Licensed Activities under the POEO Act 1997, now revoked or surrendered

Former Licensed activities under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, now revoked or surrendered, within the dataset buffer:

Licence No	Organisation	Location	Status	Issued Date	Activity	Loc Conf	Distance	Direction
4653	LUHRMANN ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD	WATERWAYS THROUGHOUT NSW	Surrendered	06/09/2000	Other Activities / Non Scheduled Activity - Application of Herbicides	Network of Features	0m	Onsite
4838	Robert Orchard	Various Waterways throughout New South Wales - SYDNEY NSW 2000	Surrendered	07/09/2000	Other Activities / Non Scheduled Activity - Application of Herbicides	Network of Features	0m	Onsite
6630	SYDNEY WEED & PEST MANAGEMENT PTY LTD	WATERWAYS THROUGHOUT NSW - PROSPECT, NSW, 2148	Surrendered	09/11/2000	Other Activities / Non Scheduled Activity - Application of Herbicides	Network of Features	0m	Onsite

Former Licensed Activities Data Source: Environment Protection Authority © State of New South Wales through the Environment Protection Authority

UPSS Sensitive Zones





Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

1991 Business to Business Directory Records Premise or Road Intersection Matches

Records from the 1991 UBD Business to Business Directory, mapped to a premise or road intersection, within the dataset buffer:

Map Id	Business Activity	Premise	Ref No.	Location Confidence	Distance to Property Boundary or Road Intersection	Direction
	No records in buffer					

Business Directory Content Derived from Universal Business Directories (UBD) - Licensed from Hardie Grant

1991 Business to Business Directory Records Road or Area Matches

Records from the 1991 UBD Business to Business Directory, mapped to a road or an area, within the dataset buffer. Records are mapped to the road when a building number is not supplied, cannot be found, or the road has been renumbered since the directory was published:

Map Id	Business Activity	Premise	Ref No.	Location Confidence	Distance to Road Corridor or Area
	No records in buffer				

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

1982 Business Directory Records Premise or Road Intersection Matches

Records from the 1982 UBD Business Directory, mapped to a premise or road intersection, within the dataset buffer:

Map Id	Business Activity	Premise	Ref No.	Location Confidence	Distance to Property Boundary or Road Intersection	Direction
	No records in buffer					

Business Directory Content Derived from Universal Business Directories (UBD) - Licensed from Hardie Grant

1982 Business Directory Records Road or Area Matches

Records from the 1982 UBD Business Directory, mapped to a road or an area, within the dataset buffer. Records are mapped to the road when a building number is not supplied, cannot be found, or the road has been renumbered since the directory was published:

Map Id	Business Activity	Premise	Ref No.	Location Confidence	Distance to Road Corridor or Area
	No records in buffer				

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

1970 Business Directory Records Premise or Road Intersection Matches

Records from the 1970 UBD Business Directory, mapped to a premise or road intersection, within the dataset buffer:

Map Id	Business Activity	Premise	Ref No.	Location Confidence	Distance to Property Boundary or Road Intersection	Direction
	No records in buffer					

Business Directory Content Derived from Universal Business Directories (UBD) - Licensed from Hardie Grant

1970 Business Directory Records Road or Area Matches

Records from the 1970 UBD Business Directory, mapped to a road or an area, within the dataset buffer. Records are mapped to the road when a building number is not supplied, cannot be found, or the road has been renumbered since the directory was published:

Map Id	Business Activity	Premise	Ref No.	Location Confidence	Distance to Road Corridor or Area
	No records in buffer				

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

1961 Business Directory Records Premise or Road Intersection Matches

Records from the 1961 UBD Business Directory, mapped to a premise or road intersection, within the dataset buffer:

Map Id	Business Activity	Premise	Ref No.	Location Confidence	Distance to Property Boundary or Road Intersection	Direction
	No records in buffer					

Business Directory Content Derived from Universal Business Directories (UBD) - Licensed from Hardie Grant

1961 Business Directory Records Road or Area Matches

Records from the 1961 UBD Business Directory, mapped to a road or an area, within the dataset buffer. Records are mapped to the road when a building number is not supplied, cannot be found, or the road has been renumbered since the directory was published:

Map Id	Business Activity	Premise	Ref No.	Location Confidence	Distance to Road Corridor or Area
	No records in buffer				

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

1950 Business Directory Records Premise or Road Intersection Matches

Records from the 1950 UBD Business Directory, mapped to a premise or road intersection, within the dataset buffer:

Map Id	Business Activity	Premise	Ref No.	Location Confidence	Distance to Property Boundary or Road Intersection	Direction
	No records in buffer					

Business Directory Content Derived from Universal Business Directories (UBD) - Licensed from Hardie Grant

1950 Business Directory Records Road or Area Matches

Records from the 1950 UBD Business Directory, mapped to a road or an area, within the dataset buffer. Records are mapped to the road when a building number is not supplied, cannot be found, or the road has been renumbered since the directory was published:

Map Id	Business Activity	Premise	Ref No.	Location Confidence	Distance to Road Corridor or Area
	No records in buffer				

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Dry Cleaners, Motor Garages & Service Stations Premise or Road Intersection Matches

Dry Cleaners, Motor Garages & Service Stations from UBD Business Directories, mapped to a premise or road intersection, within the dataset buffer.

Map Id	Business Activity	Premise	Ref No.	Year	Location Confidence	Distance to Property Boundary or Road Intersection	Direction
	No records in buffer						

Dry Cleaners, Motor Garages & Service Stations Road or Area Matches

Dry Cleaners, Motor Garages & Service Stations from UBD Business Directories, mapped to a road or an area, within the dataset buffer. Records are mapped to the road when a building number is not supplied, cannot be found, or the road has been renumbered since the directory was published.

Map Id	Business Activity	Premise	Ref No.	Year	Location Confidence	Distance to Road Corridor or Area
	No records in buffer					

Aerial Imagery 2014 Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

































Topographic Map 2015





Historical Map 1981





Topographic Features




Topographic Features

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Points of Interest

What Points of Interest exist within the dataset buffer?

Map Id	Feature Type	Label	Distance	Direction
1004006	Grave	Grave	0m	Onsite
1003993	Beach	INYADDA BEACH	268m	East
1004010	Park	Park	338m	South East
1003999	Headland	INYADDA POINT	360m	South East
1004065	Rubbish Depot	BENDALONG WASTE AND RECYCLING DEPOT	408m	North West
1004035	Village	BENDALONG	432m	North East
1004982	Firestation - Bush	MANYANA SATELLITE RFB	432m	North East
1004036	Village	MANYANA	472m	South West
1004047	Picnic Area	Picnic Area	472m	South West
1004016	Park	YALUNGA RECREATION RESERVE	565m	South West
1004024	Sports Court	TENNIS COURTS	615m	South West
1004930	Community Facility	MANYANA COMMUNITY HALL	646m	South West
1004961	Tourist Park / Home Village	BENDALONG POINT TOURIST PARK	751m	North East
1003991	Beach	WASHERWOMANS BEACH	803m	North East
1003995	Beach	MANYANA BEACH	823m	South West
1004080	Picnic Area	Picnic Area	877m	North East
1004023	Picnic Area	Picnic Area	880m	North East
1003988	Beach	BOAT HARBOUR BEACH	938m	North East

Topographic Data Source: © Land and Property Information (2015)

Topographic Features

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Tanks (Areas)

What are the Tank Areas located within the dataset buffer?

Note. The large majority of tank features provided by LPI are derived from aerial imagery & are therefore primarily above ground tanks.

Map Id	Tank Type	Status	Name	Feature Currency	Distance	Direction
	No records in buffer					

Tanks (Points)

What are the Tank Points located within the dataset buffer? Note. The large majority of tank features provided by LPI are derived from aerial imagery & are therefore primarily above ground tanks.

Map Id	Tank Type	Status	Name	Feature Currency	Distance	Direction
	No records in buffer					

Tanks Data Source: © Land and Property Information (2015) Creative Commons 3.0 © Commonwealth of Australia http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/au/deed.en

Major Easements

What Major Easements exist within the dataset buffer? Note. Easements provided by LPI are not at the detail of local governments. They are limited to major easements such as Right of Carriageway, Electrical Lines (66kVa etc.), Easement to drain water & Significant subterranean pipelines (gas, water etc.).

Map Id	Easement Class	Easement Type	Easement Width	Distance	Direction
169591516	Primary	Right of way	7 wide & VAR	747m	North East

Easements Data Source: © Land and Property Information (2015)

Topographic Features

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

State Forest

What State Forest exist within the dataset buffer?

State Forest Number	State Forest Name	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer		

State Forest Data Source: © NSW Department of Finance, Services & Innovation (2018)

Creative Commons 3.0 © Commonwealth of Australia http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/au/deed.en

National Parks and Wildlife Service Reserves

What NPWS Reserves exist within the dataset buffer?

Reserve Number	Reserve Type	Reserve Name	Gazetted Date	Distance	Direction
N0085	NATIONAL PARK	Conjola National Park	30/11/1994	20m	North

NPWS Data Source: © NSW Department of Finance, Services & Innovation (2018)

Elevation Contours (m AHD)





Hydrogeology & Groundwater

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Hydrogeology

Description of aquifers on-site:

Description

Fractured or fissured, extensive aquifers of low to moderate productivity

Description of aquifers within the dataset buffer:

Description

Fractured or fissured, extensive aquifers of low to moderate productivity

Hydrogeology Map of Australia : Commonwealth of Australia (Geoscience Australia) Creative Commons 3.0 © Commonwealth of Australia http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/au/deed.en

Botany Groundwater Management Zones

Groundwater management zones relating to the Botany Sand Beds aquifer within the dataset buffer:

Management Zone No.	Restriction	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer		

Botany Groundwater Management Zones Data Source : NSW Department of Primary Industries

Groundwater Boreholes





Hydrogeology & Groundwater

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Groundwater Boreholes

Boreholes within the dataset buffer:

GW No.	Licence No	Work Type	Owner Type	Authorised Purpose	Intended Purpose	Name	Complete Date	Final Depth (m)	Drilled Depth (m)	Salinity (mg/L)	SWL (m)	Yield (L/s)	Elev (AHD)	Dist	Dir
GW056 020	10BL120 055	Bore	Private	Domestic	Domestic		01/02/1982	9.00		Sweet				505m	South West
GW058 302	10BL123 571	Bore	Private	Domestic	Domestic		01/09/1982	65.80	69.20	Good				1136m	South West
GW058 740	10BL130 334	Bore open thru rock	Private	Domestic	Domestic		01/11/1981	33.00	33.00					1475m	North

Borehole Data Source : NSW Department of Primary Industries - Office of Water / Water Administration Ministerial Corporation for all bores prefixed with GW. All other bores © Commonwealth of Australia (Bureau of Meteorology) 2015. Creative Commons 3.0 © Commonwealth of Australia http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/au/deed.en

Hydrogeology & Groundwater

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Driller's Logs

Drill log data relevant to the boreholes within the dataset buffer:

Groundwater No	Drillers Log	Distance	Direction
GW058302	0.00m-0.60m Topsoil 0.60m-1.80m Clay 1.80m-5.80m Clay Sandy 5.80m-11.90m Sandstone Weathered 11.90m-31.40m Shale Water Supply 31.40m-31.70m Sandstone 31.70m-69.20m Sandstone Hard Bands Shale Water Supply	1136m	South West
GW058740	0.00m-12.00m Overburden Clay 12.00m-33.00m Shale Soft	1475m	North

Drill Log Data Source: NSW Department of Primary Industries - Office of Water / Water Administration Ministerial Corp Creative Commons 3.0 © Commonwealth of Australia http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/au/deed.en

Geology 1:250,000





Geology

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Geological Units

What are the Geological Units onsite?

Symbol	Description	Unit Name	Group	Sub Group	Age	Dom Lith	Map Sheet	Dataset
Qal	Alluvium, gravel, swamp deposits and sand dunes	undifferentiated			Cainozoic			1:250,000
Т	Gravel, sand, clay, quartzite, quartz sandstone, minor pebble and cobble conglomerate-Poorly cemented in part, buff claystone	undifferentiated			Cainozoic			1:250,000

What are the Geological Units within the dataset buffer?

Symbol	Description	Unit Name	Group	Sub Group	Age	Dom Lith	Map Sheet	Dataset
Psc	Boulder and cobble conglomerate, pebbly sandstone, coarse grained and quartz-lithic	Snapper Point Formation	Shoalhaven Group	Conjola Subgroup	Palaeozoic			1:250,000
Qal	Alluvium, gravel, swamp deposits and sand dunes	undifferentiated			Cainozoic			1:250,000
Т	Gravel, sand, clay, quartzite, quartz sandstone, minor pebble and cobble conglomerate-Poorly cemented in part, buff claystone	undifferentiated			Cainozoic			1:250,000

Geological Structures

What are the Geological Structures onsite?

Feature	Name	Description	Map Sheet	Dataset
No features				1:250,000

What are the Geological Structures within the dataset buffer?

Feature	Name	Description	Map Sheet	Dataset
No features				1:250,000

Geological Data Source : NSW Department of Industry, Resources & Energy

© State of New South Wales through the NSW Department of Industry, Resources & Energy

Naturally Occurring Asbestos Potential

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Naturally Occurring Asbestos Potential

Naturally Occurring Asbestos Potential within the dataset buffer:

Potential	Sym	Strat Name	Group	Formation	Scale	Min Age	Max Age	Rock Type	Dom Lith	Description	Dist	Dir
No records in buffer												

Mining Subsidence District Data Source: © State of New South Wales through NSW Department of Industry, Resources & Energy

Atlas of Australian Soils





Soils

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Atlas of Australian Soils

Soil mapping units and Australian Soil Classification orders within the dataset buffer:

Map Unit Code	Soil Order	Map Unit Description	Distance
Mb5	Kandosol	Dissected sandstone plateau"terraced" ridges with flat to hilly crests and steep side slopes, scarps, canyons, rock walls, pillars, and slabs of sandstone: chief soils are acid yellow leached earths and acid yellow earths as follows: (i) flat to undulating areas of the original plateau surfaceyellow leached earths (Gn2.74) and yellow earths (Gn2.21) and (Gn2.24) all containing large amounts of ironstone gravels and/or boulders; (ii) gently undulating ridge tops of leached sands (Uc2.12) and (Uc2.3) with open (treeless) areas of acid peats (O) and yellow leached earths (Gn2.74) and (Gn2.34), these areas are in part comparable with unit NZ1; (iii) hilly areas of the (Uc) soils and shallow forms of the (Gn2) soils; (iv) areas of (Dy3.41) and (Dy2.41) soils sometimes containing ironstone gravels on some ridge slopes; and (v) steep slopes with pockets of soil materials from the above soils. The unit has many features comparable with those of unit Mb2. Data are limited.	0m
Ca6	Podosol	Dunes of leached sands (Uc2.2) with some areas of (Uc2.3) soils in low-lying situations, also (Dy5.41) soils in some localities, and flanked by some dunes of calcareous sands (Uc1.11) along the coast.	202m

Atlas of Australian Soils Data Source: CSIRO

Acid Sulfate Soils





Acid Sulfate Soils

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Environmental Planning Instrument - Acid Sulfate Soils

What is the on-site Acid Sulfate Soil Plan Class that presents the largest environmental risk?

Soil Class	Description	EPI Name
5	Works within 500 metres of adjacent Class 1, 2, 3, or 4 land that is below 5 metres AHD and by which the watertable is likely to be lowered below 1 metre AHD on adjacent Class 1, 2, 3 or 4 land, present an environmental risk	Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014

If the on-site Soil Class is 5, what other soil classes exist within 500m?

Soil Class	Description	EPI Name	Distance	Direction
None				

Acid Sulfate Data Source Accessed 23/10/2018: NSW Crown Copyright - Planning and Environment Creative Commons 4.0 © Commonwealth of Australia https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/

Atlas of Australian Acid Sulfate Soils





Acid Sulfate Soils

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Atlas of Australian Acid Sulfate Soils

Atlas of Australian Acid Sulfate Soil categories within the dataset buffer:

Class	Description	Distance
С	Extremely low probability of occurrence. 1-5% chance of occurrence with occurrences in small localised areas.	0m

Atlas of Australian Acid Sulfate Soils Data Source: CSIRO

Dryland Salinity

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Dryland Salinity - National Assessment

Is there Dryland Salinity - National Assessment data onsite?

No

Is there Dryland Salinity - National Assessment data within the dataset buffer?

No

What Dryland Salinity assessments are given?

Assessment 2000	Assessment 2020	Assessment 2050	Distance	Direction
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Dryland Salinity Data Source : National Land and Water Resources Audit

The Commonwealth and all suppliers of source data used to derive the maps of "Australia, Forecast Areas Containing Land of High Hazard or Risk of Dryland Salinity from 2000 to 2050" do not warrant the accuracy or completeness of information in this product. Any person using or relying upon such information does so on the basis that the Commonwealth and data suppliers shall bear no responsibility or liability whatsoever for any errors, faults, defects or omissions in the information. Any persons using this information do so at their own risk.

In many cases where a high risk is indicated, less than 100% of the area will have a high hazard or risk.

Dryland Salinity Potential of Western Sydney

Dryland Salinity Potential of Western Sydney within the dataset buffer?

Feature Id	Classification	Description	Distance	Direction
N/A	Outside Data Coverage			

Dryland Salinity Potential of Western Sydney Data Source : NSW Office of Environment and Heritage Creative Commons 3.0 © Commonwealth of Australia http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/au/deed.en

Mining Subsidence Districts

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Mining Subsidence Districts

Mining Subsidence Districts within the dataset buffer:

District	Distance	Direction
There are no Mining Subsidence Districts within the report buffer		

Mining Subsidence District Data Source: © Land and Property Information (2016) Creative Commons 3.0 © Commonwealth of Australia http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/au/deed.en

State Environmental Planning Policy

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

State Significant Precincts

What SEPP State Significant Precincts exist within the dataset buffer?

Map Id	Precinct	EPI Name	Published Date	Commenced Date	Currency Date	Amendment	Distance	Direction
N/A	No Records in Buffer							

State Environment Planning Policy Data Source: NSW Crown Copyright - Planning & Environment Creative Commons 4.0 © Commonwealth of Australia https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/

EPI Planning Zones





Environmental Planning Instrument

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Land Zoning

What EPI Land Zones exist within the dataset buffer?

Zone	Description	Purpose	EPI Name	Published Date	Commenced Date	Currency Date	Amendment	Distance	Direction
E3	Environmental Management		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		0m	Onsite
R5	Large Lot Residential		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		0m	Onsite
R1	General Residential		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		0m	Onsite
RE1	Public Recreation		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		0m	South
B2	Local Centre		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		0m	South West
E2	Environmental Conservation		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		0m	North East
R2	Low Density Residential		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		0m	South West
SP2	Infrastructure	Road	Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	16/02/2018	16/02/2018	16/02/2018	Amendment No 18	0m	North
SP2	Infrastructure	Sewerage System	Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		0m	South East
RU2	Rural Landscape		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		18m	West
E1	National Parks and Nature Reserves		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		20m	North West
SP2	Infrastructure	Waste or Resource Management Facility	Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		185m	North West
E2	Environmental Conservation		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		294m	North
R2	Low Density Residential		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		302m	North East
E1	National Parks and Nature Reserves		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		436m	North
E3	Environmental Management		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		466m	South West
SP2	Infrastructure	Sewage Treatment Plant	Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		474m	North West
RE1	Public Recreation		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		476m	South West
E2	Environmental Conservation		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		509m	North East
E2	Environmental Conservation		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		694m	South West
R2	Low Density Residential		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		853m	South West
E1	National Parks and Nature Reserves		Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	03/08/2018		979m	West

Environmental Planning Instrument Data Source: NSW Crown Copyright - Planning & Environment Creative Commons 4.0 © Commonwealth of Australia https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/

Heritage Items





Heritage

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Commonwealth Heritage List

What are the Commonwealth Heritage List Items located within the dataset buffer?

Place Id	Name	Address	Place File No	Class	Status	Register Date	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer							

Heritage Data Source: Australian Government Department of the Environment and Energy - Heritage Branch Creative Commons 3.0 © Commonwealth of Australia https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/au/deed.en

National Heritage List

What are the National Heritage List Items located within the dataset buffer? Note. Please click on Place Id to activate a hyperlink to online website.

Place Id	Name	Address	Place File No	Class	Status	Register Date	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer							

Heritage Data Source: Australian Government Department of the Environment and Energy - Heritage Branch Creative Commons 3.0 © Commonwealth of Australia https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/au/deed.en

State Heritage Register - Curtilages

What are the State Heritage Register Items located within the dataset buffer?

Map Id	Name	Address	LGA	Listing Date	Listing No	Plan No	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer							

Heritage Data Source: NSW Crown Copyright - Office of Environment & Heritage

Creative Commons 4.0 © Commonwealth of Australia https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/

Environmental Planning Instrument - Heritage

What are the EPI Heritage Items located within the dataset buffer?

Map Id	Name	Classification	Significance	EPI Name	Published Date	Commenced Date	Currency Date	Distance	Direction
A1	Archaeological Site - Red Head Timber Mill and Wharf	Item - Archaeological	Local	Shoalhaven Local Environmental Plan 2014	08/04/2014	22/04/2014	16/02/2018	542m	East

Heritage Data Source: NSW Crown Copyright - Planning & Environment

Natural Hazards - Bush Fire Prone Land





Natural Hazards

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Bush Fire Prone Land

What are the nearest Bush Fire Prone Land Categories that exist within the dataset buffer?

Bush Fire Prone Land Category	Distance	Direction
Vegetation Buffer	0m	Onsite
Vegetation Category 1	0m	Onsite
Vegetation Category 2	394m	South

NSW Bush Fire Prone Land - © NSW Rural Fire Service under Creative Commons 4.0 International Licence

Ecological Constraints - Vegetation of the Southern Forests





Ecological Constraints

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Vegetation of the Southern Forests

What vegetation of the Southern Forests exists within the dataset buffer?

Map Id	Veg Code	Formation	Class	Group	Distance	Direction
22560	25	14 Coastal Complex	14b Coastal Swamp Heath/Forest Complex	South Coast Swamp Forest Complex	0m	Onsite
22667	24	14 Coastal Complex	14b Coastal Swamp Heath/Forest Complex	Coastal Wet Heath Swamp Forest	0m	Onsite
22927	2	07 Dry Shrubby Forests	07a SC Hinterland Dry Shrub Forests	Coastal Lowland Dry Shrub Forest	0m	Onsite
22771	22	14 Coastal Complex	14a Coastal Dune Complex	Southern Coastal Hind Dune- Headland Scrub	9m	East
22518	24	14 Coastal Complex	14b Coastal Swamp Heath/Forest Complex	Coastal Wet Heath Swamp Forest	83m	West
22780	187	08 Heath Forests, Mallee Low Forests, and Heathlands	08b Coastal/Hinterland Heath/Shrublands	Coastal Headland Heathlands	213m	South East
22753	187	08 Heath Forests, Mallee Low Forests, and Heathlands	08b Coastal/Hinterland Heath/Shrublands	Coastal Headland Heathlands	357m	South
22581	3	07 Dry Shrubby Forests	07a SC Hinterland Dry Shrub Forests	Northern Hinterland Dry Shrub Forest	375m	West
22797	24	14 Coastal Complex	14b Coastal Swamp Heath/Forest Complex	Coastal Wet Heath Swamp Forest	410m	South West
22517	139	08 Heath Forests, Mallee Low Forests, and Heathlands	08a Sandstone Plateau Heath Forests	Northern SC Hinterland Heath DryShrub Forest	501m	North West
22798	187	08 Heath Forests, Mallee Low Forests, and Heathlands	08b Coastal/Hinterland Heath/Shrublands	Coastal Headland Heathlands	510m	South West
22519	187	08 Heath Forests, Mallee Low Forests, and Heathlands	08b Coastal/Hinterland Heath/Shrublands	Coastal Headland Heathlands	621m	East
23005	187	08 Heath Forests, Mallee Low Forests, and Heathlands	08b Coastal/Hinterland Heath/Shrublands	Coastal Headland Heathlands	642m	South West
22845	24	14 Coastal Complex	14b Coastal Swamp Heath/Forest Complex	Coastal Wet Heath Swamp Forest	678m	South West
22351	187	08 Heath Forests, Mallee Low Forests, and Heathlands	08b Coastal/Hinterland Heath/Shrublands	Coastal Headland Heathlands	698m	North East
22286	212	10 Vegetation on Rock Outcrops / Screes	09a SC Swamp Forests	Jervis Bay Swamp Forest	753m	North

Vegetation of the Southern Forests: NSW Office of Environment and Heritage Creative Commons 4.0 © Commonwealth of Australia http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/

Ramsar Wetlands

What Ramsar Wetland areas exist within the dataset buffer?

Map Id	Ramsar Name	Wetland Name	Designation Date	Source	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer					

Ramsar Wetlands Data Source: © Commonwealth of Australia - Department of Environment

Ecological Constraints - Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems Atlas





Ecological Constraints

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems Atlas

Туре	GDE Potential	Geomorphology	Ecosystem Type	Aquifer Geology	Distance
Terrestrial	High potential GDE - from regional studies	Deeply dissected sandstone plateaus.	Vegetation		0m
Terrestrial	High potential GDE - from regional studies	Deeply dissected steeply sloping plateau margin in metamorphics and granite. Bounded in the west by the Great Escarpment.	Vegetation		0m
Terrestrial	Low potential GDE - from regional studies	Deeply dissected steeply sloping plateau margin in metamorphics and granite. Bounded in the west by the Great Escarpment.	Vegetation		0m
Terrestrial	Moderate potential GDE - from regional studies	Deeply dissected steeply sloping plateau margin in metamorphics and granite. Bounded in the west by the Great Escarpment.	Vegetation		0m
Terrestrial	High potential GDE - from national assessment	Deeply dissected steeply sloping plateau margin in metamorphics and granite. Bounded in the west by the Great Escarpment.	Vegetation	Consolidated sedimentary	59m

Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems Atlas Data Source: The Bureau of Meteorology

Ecological Constraints - Inflow Dependent Ecosystems Likelihood





Ecological Constraints

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

Inflow Dependent Ecosystems Likelihood

Туре	IDE Likelihood	Geomorphology	Ecosystem Type	Aquifer Geology	Distance
Terrestrial	2	Deeply dissected sandstone plateaus.	Vegetation		0m
Terrestrial	3	Deeply dissected steeply sloping plateau margin in metamorphics and granite. Bounded in the west by the Great Escarpment.	Vegetation		0m
Terrestrial	4	Deeply dissected steeply sloping plateau margin in metamorphics and granite. Bounded in the west by the Great Escarpment.	Vegetation		0m
Terrestrial	5	Deeply dissected steeply sloping plateau margin in metamorphics and granite. Bounded in the west by the Great Escarpment.	Vegetation		0m
Terrestrial	6	Deeply dissected steeply sloping plateau margin in metamorphics and granite. Bounded in the west by the Great Escarpment.	Vegetation		0m
Terrestrial	7	Deeply dissected steeply sloping plateau margin in metamorphics and granite. Bounded in the west by the Great Escarpment.	Vegetation		0m
Terrestrial	8	Deeply dissected steeply sloping plateau margin in metamorphics and granite. Bounded in the west by the Great Escarpment.	Vegetation		0m
Terrestrial	10	Deeply dissected steeply sloping plateau margin in metamorphics and granite. Bounded in the west by the Great Escarpment.	Vegetation		0m

Inflow Dependent Ecosystems Likelihood Data Source: The Bureau of Meteorology

Ecological Constraints

Inyadda Drive, Manyana, NSW 2539

NSW BioNet Atlas

Species on the NSW BioNet Atlas that have a NSW or federal conservation status, a NSW sensitivity status, or are listed under a migratory species agreement, and are within 10km of the site?

Kingdom	Class	Scientific	Common	NSW Conservation Status	NSW Sensitivity Class	Federal Conservation Status	Migratory Species Agreements
Animalia	Amphibia	Litoria aurea	Green and Golden Bell Frog	Endangered	Not Sensitive	Vulnerable	
Animalia	Aves	Actitis hypoleucos	Common Sandpiper	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	ROKAMBA;CAMBA; JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Anthochaera phrygia	Regent Honeyeater	Critically Endangered	Not Sensitive	Critically Endangered	
Animalia	Aves	Apus pacificus	Fork-tailed Swift	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	ROKAMBA;CAMBA; JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Ardenna pacificus	Wedge-tailed Shearwater	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Ardenna tenuirostris	Short-tailed Shearwater	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	ROKAMBA;JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Arenaria interpres	Ruddy Turnstone	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	ROKAMBA;CAMBA; JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Artamus cyanopterus cyanopterus	Dusky Woodswallow	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Callocephalon fimbriatum	Gang-gang Cockatoo	Vulnerable	Category 3	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Calyptorhynchus lathami	Glossy Black- Cockatoo	Vulnerable	Category 2	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Charadrius mongolus	Lesser Sand- plover	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Endangered	ROKAMBA;CAMBA; JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown Treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied Sittella	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Diomedea gibsoni	Gibson's Albatross	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Vulnerable	
Animalia	Aves	Egretta sacra	Eastern Reef Egret	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	CAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Glossopsitta pusilla	Little Lorikeet	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Haematopus fuliginosus	Sooty Oystercatcher	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Haematopus longirostris	Pied Oystercatcher	Endangered	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Haliaeetus leucogaster	White-bellied Sea-Eagle	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	CAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Hieraaetus morphnoides	Little Eagle	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Hirundapus caudacutus	White-throated Needletail	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	ROKAMBA;CAMBA; JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Hydroprogne caspia	Caspian Tern	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	CAMBA;JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Ixobrychus flavicollis	Black Bittern	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Lathamus discolor	Swift Parrot	Endangered	Category 3	Critically Endangered	
Animalia	Aves	Limosa lapponica	Bar-tailed Godwit	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	ROKAMBA;CAMBA; JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Lophoictinia isura	Square-tailed Kite	Vulnerable	Category 3	Not Listed	

Kingdom	Class	Scientific	Common	NSW Conservation Status	NSW Sensitivity Class	Federal Conservation Status	Migratory Species Agreements
Animalia	Aves	Macronectes giganteus	Southern Giant Petrel	Endangered	Not Sensitive	Endangered	
Animalia	Aves	Macronectes halli	Northern Giant- Petrel	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Vulnerable	
Animalia	Aves	Ninox connivens	Barking Owl	Vulnerable	Category 3	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Ninox strenua	Powerful Owl	Vulnerable	Category 3	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Numenius madagascariensi s	Eastern Curlew	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Critically Endangered	ROKAMBA;CAMBA; JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Numenius phaeopus	Whimbrel	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	ROKAMBA;CAMBA; JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Pandion cristatus	Eastern Osprey	Vulnerable	Category 3	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Petroica boodang	Scarlet Robin	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Petroica rodinogaster	Pink Robin	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Pezoporus wallicus wallicus	Eastern Ground Parrot	Vulnerable	Category 3	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Phaethon lepturus	White-tailed Tropicbird	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	CAMBA;JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Pluvialis squatarola	Grey Plover	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	ROKAMBA;CAMBA; JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Ptilinopus superbus	Superb Fruit- Dove	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Stercorarius parasiticus	Arctic Jaeger	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	ROKAMBA;JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Sternula albifrons	Little Tern	Endangered	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	ROKAMBA;CAMBA; JAMBA
Animalia	Aves	Thalassarche cauta	Shy Albatross	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Vulnerable	
Animalia	Aves	Thalassarche melanophris	Black-browed Albatross	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Vulnerable	
Animalia	Aves	Thinornis rubricollis	Hooded Plover	Critically Endangered	Not Sensitive	Vulnerable	
Animalia	Aves	Tyto novaehollandiae	Masked Owl	Vulnerable	Category 3	Not Listed	
Animalia	Aves	Tyto tenebricosa	Sooty Owl	Vulnerable	Category 3	Not Listed	
Animalia	Mammalia	Arctocephalus forsteri	New Zealand Fur- seal	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Mammalia	Arctocephalus pusillus doriferus	Australian Fur- seal	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Mammalia	Cercartetus nanus	Eastern Pygmy- possum	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Mammalia	Dasyurus maculatus	Spotted-tailed Quoll	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Endangered	
Animalia	Mammalia	Dasyurus viverrinus	Eastern Quoll	Endangered	Not Sensitive	Endangered	
Animalia	Mammalia	Eubalaena australis	Southern Right Whale	Endangered	Not Sensitive	Endangered	
Animalia	Mammalia	Falsistrellus tasmaniensis	Eastern False Pipistrelle	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Mammalia	Isoodon obesulus obesulus	Southern Brown Bandicoot (eastern)	Endangered	Not Sensitive	Endangered	
Animalia	Mammalia	Kerivoula papuensis	Golden-tipped Bat	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Mammalia	Megaptera novaeangliae	Humpback Whale	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Vulnerable	
Animalia	Mammalia	Micronomus norfolkensis	Eastern Coastal Free-tailed Bat	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Mammalia	Miniopterus australis	Little Bent-winged Bat	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Mammalia	Miniopterus orianae oceanensis	Large Bent- winged Bat	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	

Kingdom	Class	Scientific	Common	NSW Conservation Status	NSW Sensitivity Class	Federal Conservation Status	Migratory Species Agreements
Animalia	Mammalia	Myotis macropus	Southern Myotis	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Mammalia	Petauroides volans	Greater Glider	Not Listed	Not Sensitive	Vulnerable	
Animalia	Mammalia	Petaurus australis	Yellow-bellied Glider	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Mammalia	Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel Glider	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Mammalia	Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Vulnerable	
Animalia	Mammalia	Physeter macrocephalus	Sperm Whale	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Mammalia	Potorous tridactylus	Long-nosed Potoroo	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Vulnerable	
Animalia	Mammalia	Pteropus poliocephalus	Grey-headed Flying-fox	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Vulnerable	
Animalia	Mammalia	Saccolaimus flaviventris	Yellow-bellied Sheathtail-bat	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Mammalia	Scoteanax rueppellii	Greater Broad- nosed Bat	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Animalia	Reptilia	Caretta caretta	Loggerhead Turtle	Endangered	Not Sensitive	Endangered	
Animalia	Reptilia	Chelonia mydas	Green Turtle	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Vulnerable	
Plantae	Flora	Cryptostylis hunteriana	Leafless Tongue Orchid	Vulnerable	Category 2	Vulnerable	
Plantae	Flora	Galium australe	Tangled Bedstraw	Endangered	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Plantae	Flora	Rhodamnia rubescens	Scrub Turpentine	Critically Endangered	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	
Plantae	Flora	Wilsonia backhousei	Narrow-leafed Wilsonia	Vulnerable	Not Sensitive	Not Listed	

Data does not include NSW category 1 sensitive species.

NSW BioNet: $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ State of NSW and Office of Environment and Heritage Data obtained 28/08/2019

USE OF REPORT - APPLICABLE TERMS

The following terms apply to any person (End User) who is given the Report by the person who purchased the Report from Lotsearch Pty Ltd (ABN: 89 600 168 018) (Lotsearch) or who otherwise has access to the Report (Terms). The contract terms that apply between Lotsearch and the purchaser of the Report are specified in the order form pursuant to which the Report was ordered and the terms set out below are of no effect as between Lotsearch and the purchaser of the purchaser of the Report.

- 1. End User acknowledges and agrees that:
 - (a) the Report is compiled from or using content (Third Party Content) which is comprised of:
 - (i) content provided to Lotsearch by third party content suppliers with whom Lotsearch has contractual arrangements or content which is freely available or methodologies licensed to Lotsearch by third parties with whom Lotsearch has contractual arrangements (Third Party Content Suppliers); and
 - (ii) content which is derived from content described in paragraph (i);
 - (b) Neither Lotsearch nor Third Party Content Suppliers takes any responsibility for or give any warranty in relation to the accuracy or completeness of any Third Party Content included in the Report including any contaminated land assessment or other assessment included as part of a Report;
 - (c) the Third Party Content Suppliers do not constitute an exhaustive set of all repositories or sources of information available in relation to the property which is the subject of the Report (**Property**) and accordingly neither Lotsearch nor Third Party Content Suppliers gives any warranty in relation to the accuracy or completeness of the Third Party Content incorporated into the report including any contaminated land assessment or other assessment included as part of a Report;
 - (d) Reports are generated at a point in time (as specified by the date/time stamp appearing on the Report) and accordingly the Report is based on the information available at that point in time and Lotsearch is not obliged to undertake any additional reporting to take into consideration any information that may become available between the point in time specified by the date/time stamp and the date on which the Report was provided by Lotsearch to the purchaser of the Report;
 - (e) Reports must be used or reproduced in their entirety and End User must not reproduce or make available to other persons only parts of the Report;
 - (f) Lotsearch has not undertaken any physical inspection of the property;
 - (g) neither Lotsearch nor Third Party Content Suppliers warrants that all land uses or features whether past or current are identified in the Report;
 - (h) the Report does not include any information relating to the actual state or condition of the Property;
 - (i) the Report should not be used or taken to indicate or exclude actual fitness or unfitness of Land or Property for any particular purpose
 - (j) the Report should not be relied upon for determining saleability or value or making any other decisions in relation to the Property and in particular should not be taken to be a rating or assessment of the desirability or market value of the property or its features; and
 - (k) the End User should undertake its own inspections of the Land or Property to satisfy itself that there are no defects or failures
- 2. The End User may not make the Report or any copies or extracts of the report or any part of it available to any other person. If End User wishes to provide the Report to any other person or make extracts or copies of the Report, it must contact the purchaser of the Report before doing so to ensure the proposed use is consistent with the contract terms between Lotsearch and the purchaser.
- 3. Neither Lotsearch (nor any of its officers, employees or agents) nor any of its Third Party Content Suppliers will have any liability to End User or any person to whom End User provides the Report and End User must not represent that Lotsearch or any of its Third Party Content Suppliers accepts liability to any such person or make any other representation to any such person on behalf of Lotsearch or any Third Party Content Supplier.
- 4. The End User hereby to the maximum extent permitted by law:
 - (a) acknowledges that the Lotsearch (nor any of its officers, employees or agents), nor any of its Third Party Content Supplier have any liability to it under or in connection with the
Report or these Terms;

- (b) waives any right it may have to claim against Third Party Content Supplier in connection with the Report, or the negotiation of, entry into, performance of, or termination of these Terms; and
- (c) releases each Third Party Content Supplier from any claim it may have otherwise had in connection with the Report, or the negotiation of, entry into, performance of, or termination of these Terms.
- 5. The End User acknowledges that any Third Party Supplier shall be entitled to plead the benefits conferred on it under clause 4, despite not being a party to these terms.
- 6. End User must not remove any copyright notices, trade marks, digital rights management information, other embedded information, disclaimers or limitations from the Report or authorise any person to do so.
- 7. End User acknowledges and agrees that Lotsearch and Third Party Content Suppliers retain ownership of all copyright, patent, design right (registered or unregistered), trade marks (registered or unregistered), database right or other data right, moral right or know how or any other intellectual property right in any Report or any other item, information or data included in or provided as part of a Report.
- 8. To the extent permitted by law and subject to paragraph 9, all implied terms, representations and warranties whether statutory or otherwise relating to the subject matter of these Terms other than as expressly set out in these Terms are excluded.
- 9. Subject to paragraph 6, Lotsearch excludes liability to End User for loss or damage of any kind, however caused, due to Lotsearch's negligence, breach of contract, breach of any law, in equity, under indemnities or otherwise, arising out of all acts, omissions and events whenever occurring.
- 10. Lotsearch acknowledges that if, under applicable State, Territory or Commonwealth law, End User is a consumer certain rights may be conferred on End User which cannot be excluded, restricted or modified. If so, and if that law applies to Lotsearch, then, Lotsearch's liability is limited to the greater of an amount equal to the cost of resupplying the Report and the maximum extent permitted under applicable laws.
- 11. Subject to paragraph 9, neither Lotsearch nor the End User is liable to the other for:
 - (a) any indirect, incidental, consequential, special or exemplary damages arising out of or in relation to the Report or these Terms; or
 - (b) any loss of profit, loss of revenue, loss of interest, loss of data, loss of goodwill or loss of business opportunities, business interruption arising directly or indirectly out of or in relation to the Report or these Terms,

irrespective of how that liability arises including in contract or tort, liability under indemnity or for any other common law, equitable or statutory cause of action or otherwise.

12. These Terms are subject to New South Wales law.



Appendix D: Lotsearch Title Search

ADVANCE LEGAL SEARCHERS PTY LTD

(ACN 147 943 842) ABN 82 147 943 842

18/36 Osborne Road, Manly NSW 2095 Telephone:+61299776713Mobile:0412169809Email:search@alsearchers.com.au

30th August, 2019

LOTSEARCH PTY LTD Level 3, 68 Alfred Street, MILSONS POINT, NSW 2061

Attention: Rosemary Hulak,

RE:

Inyadda Drive, Manyana Reference LS008183_EP

Note 1:	Lot 106	DP 755923	(page 1)
Note 2:	Lot 2	DP 1161638	(page 3)
Note 3:	Lot 2	DP 1121854	(page 5)

Note 1:

Current Search

Folio Identifier 106/755923 (title attached) Crown Plan 1635-2013 (plan attached) Dated 28th August 2019 Registered Proprietor: JAMES WALTER DOUGLAS PTY LTD

Title Tree Lot 106 DP 755923

Folio Identifier 106/755923

Certificate of Title Volume 3564 Folio 33

Crown Land

Portion 106 Parish Conjola Granted to Jesse Goodsell dated 27th February 1924

Summary of proprietor(s) Lot 106 DP 755923

Year

Proprietor(s)

	(Lot 106 DP 755923)
2018 - todate	James Walter Douglas Pty Ltd
1990 - 2018	Kylor Pty. Limited
	(Portion 106 Parish Conjola – Area 82 Acres – CTVol 3564 Fol 33)
1987 – 1990	Kylor Pty. Limited
1955 – 1987	John William Antony Curvers, company director
1943 – 1955	Victor Hilton Sully, soldier
1943 - 1943	John Knight, general merchant
	Joseph Farrar Johnson, motor driver
	Paul Louis Herman Hoffman, labourer
1924 - 1943	Jesse Goodsell, grantee
	(Portion 106 Parish Conjola – Area 82 Acres)
Prior – 1924	Crown Land
(1920 - 1924)	(Conditional Purchase 1920 – 9 Milton to Jesse Goodsell)

Note 2:

Current Search

Folio Identifier 2/1161638 (title attached) DP 1161638 (plan attached) Dated 28th August 2019 Registered Proprietor: JAMES WALTER DOUGLAS PTY LTD

Title Tree Lot 2 DP 1161638

Folio Identifier 2/1161638

Folio Identifier 1070/836591

Certificate of Title Volume 8455 Folio 135

Certificate of Title Volume 1540 Folio 141

Portion 107 Parish Conjola Granted to Jesse Goodsell dated 24th June 1904

Summary of proprietor(s) Lot 2 DP 1161638

Year

Proprietor(s)

	(Lot 2 DP 1161638)
2018 - todate	James Walter Douglas Pty Ltd
2011 - 2018	Kylor Pty. Limited
	(Lot 1070 DP 836591)
1994 – 2011	Kylor Pty. Limited
	(Portion 107 Parish Conjola – Area 60 Acres – CTVol 8455 Fol 135)
1987 – 1994	Kylor Pty. Limited
1963 – 1987	John William Antony Curvers, company director
	(Portion 107 Parish Conjola – Area 60 Acres – CTVol 1540 Fol 141)
1955 – 1963	John William Antony Curvers, company director
1943 – 1955	Victor Hilton Sully, soldier
1943 - 1943	John Knight, general merchant
	Joseph Farrar Johnson, motor driver
	Paul Louis Herman Hoffman, labourer
(1922 – 1943)	(lease to Kirton and Earnshaw Limited of part)
1904 - 1943	Jesse Goodsell, grantee

Note 3:

Current Search

-5-

Folio Identifier 2/1121854 (title attached) DP 1121854 (plan attached) Dated 28th August 2019 Registered Proprietor: JAMES WALTER DOUGLAS PTY LTD

Title Tree Lot 2 DP 1121854

Folio Identifier 2/1121854

Folio Identifier 204/755923

Certificate of Title Volume 12435 Folio 136

Crown Land

Portion 204 Parish Conjola Granted to John William Antony Curvers dated 10th May 1974

Summary of proprietor(s) Lot 2 DP 1121854

Year

Proprietor(s)

	(Lot 2 DP 1121854)
2018 - todate	James Walter Douglas Pty Ltd
2009 - 2018	Kylor Pty. Limited
	(Lot 204 DP 755923)
1996 - 2009	Kylor Pty. Limited
	(Portion 204 Parish Conjola – CTVol 12435 Fol 136)
1987 – 1996	Kylor Pty. Limited
1974 – 1987	John William Antony Curvers, company director
	(Portion 204 Parish Conjola – Area 58 Acres 2 Roods)
Prior – 1974	Crown Land
(1959 – 1974)	(Conditional Purchase 1959 – 31 Milton to John William Antony Curvers,
	company director)
(1951 – 1959)	(Special Lease 1951 – 108 Milton to Victor Hilton Sully, soldier)
(1911 – 1951)	(Conditional Lease 1911 – 1 to Jesse Goodsell)

NSW LAND REGISTRY SERVICES

Cadastral Records Enquiry Report : Lot 2 DP 1161638

Locality : MANYANA LGA : SHOALHAVEN Parish : CONJOLA County : ST VINCENT



Cadastral Records Enquiry Report : Lot 2 D		<u>ot 2 DP 1161638</u>	Ref : NOUSER		
NSW	REGISTRY	Locality : MANYANA		Parish : CONJOLA	
V	SERVICES	LGA : SHOALHAVEN		County : ST VINCENT	
		Status	Surv/Comp	Purpose	
DP247285					
Lot(s): 823	7720765				
	DF 1230703			SUBDIVISION	1
	DP1238772			CUNSULIDATION	4
	DP1238774		UNAVAILABLE	SUBDIVISION	
	DP1238775		UNAVAILABLE	SUBDIVISION	
	DP1238776	PRE-ALLOCATED	UNAVAILABLE	SUBDIVISION	
	DP1238778	PRE-ALLOCATED	UNAVAILABLE	SUBDIVISION	
	DP1238779	PRE-ALLOCATED	UNAVAILABLE	SUBDIVISION	
DP755923 Lot(s): 172					
📄 🎽 🖳 I	DP1238765	PRE-ALLOCATED	UNAVAILABLE	SUBDIVISION	
	DP1238772	PRE-ALLOCATED	UNAVAILABLE	CONSOLIDATION	l
	DP1238774	PRE-ALLOCATED	UNAVAILABLE	SUBDIVISION	
	DP1238775	PRE-ALLOCATED	UNAVAILABLE	SUBDIVISION	
	DP1238776	PRE-ALLOCATED	UNAVAILABLE	SUBDIVISION	
	DP1238778	PRE-ALLOCATED	UNAVAILABLE	SUBDIVISION	
	DP1238779	PRE-ALLOCATED	UNAVAILABLE	SUBDIVISION	
Lot(s): 205					
	DP1121854	REGISTERED	SURVEY	RESUMPTION OF	R ACQUISITION
Lot(s): 6					
	DP1110935	REGISTERED	COMPILATION	EASEMENT	
Lot(s): 1					
	NSW GAZ. RESERVATION 1011528	09-06-2006 OF CROWN LAND RESERVE NO		Folio : 4010	
DP1026192 Lot(s): 7012	2				
	DP1121854	REGISTERED	SURVEY	RESUMPTION OF	R ACQUISITION
	NSW GAZ. RESERVATION 1011528	09-06-2006 OF CROWN LAND RESERVE NO		Folio : 4010	
DP1121854	4				
	DP755923	HISTORICAL	COMPILATION	CROWN ADMIN N	10.
DP114689	2				
	DP866166	HISTORICAL	SURVEY	SUBDIVISION	
DD116162		HIGHORICAL	OURVET	SOBDIVISION	
Lot(s): 1 2	5				
	DP836591	HISTORICAL	SURVEY	SUBDIVISION	
DP1169534	4				
Lot(s): 53,	54				
	DP228411	HISTORICAL	SURVEY	SUBDIVISION	
Road					
Polygon Id	(s): 105036465,	105042080, 105070770, 10508774	9, 105404828, 1748	808519	

P EX-SUR 90/29 DP123460

 Caution:
 This information is provided as a searching aid only. Whilst every endeavour is made the ensure that current map, plan and titling information is accurately reflected, the Registrar General cannot guarantee the information provided. For ALL

 ACTIVITY PRIOR TO SEPTEMBER 2002 you must refer to the RGs Charting and Reference Maps.



Cadastral Records Enquiry Report : Lot 2 DP 1161638

Locality : MANYANA

Ref: NOUSER

Parish : CONJOLA

V	SERVICES	LGA : SHOALHAVEN	County : ST VINCENT
Plan		Surv/Comp	Purpose
DP31711		SURVEY	UNRESEARCHED
DP205240		SURVEY	SUBDIVISION
DP217994		SURVEY	SUBDIVISION
DP217995		SURVEY	SUBDIVISION
DP222596		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP224491		SURVEY	SUBDIVISION
DP228411		SURVEY	SUBDIVISION
DP247278		SURVEY	SUBDIVISION
DP247201		SURVET	SUBDIVISION
DP247282		SURVEY	SUBDIVISION
DP247285		SURVEY	SUBDIVISION
DP518256		SURVEY	SUBDIVISION
DP528560		SURVEY	SUBDIVISION
DP528562		SURVEY	SUBDIVISION
DP528563		SURVEY	SUBDIVISION
DP544410		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545592		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545593		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545594		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545595		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545596			SUBDIVISION
DP545031			SUBDIVISION
DP545683			SUBDIVISION
DP545684		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545686		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545687		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545688		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545689		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545690		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545691		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545692		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545710			SUBDIVISION
DP545712			SUBDIVISION
DP545714			SUBDIVISION
DP545715		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545716		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545752		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545754		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545798		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545871		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545872		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP545900		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP546099		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP546100			SUBDIVISION
DP546190			SUBDIVISION
DP546191		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP546297		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP546298		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP546355		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP546410		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP546923		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP547234		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP547235		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP547236		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP54/23/			SUBUI/ICIUN SUBUI/ICIUN
DP547230			SUBDIVISION
DP547401		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP547936		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP548470		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION
DP548758		COMPILATION	SUBDIVISION

Caution: This information is provided as a searching aid only. Whilst every endeavour is made the ensure that current map, plan and titling information is accurately reflected, the Registrar General cannot guarantee the information provided. For **ALL**

ACTIVITY PRIOR TO SEPTEMBER 2002 you must refer to the RGs Charting and Reference Maps.



Cadastral Records Enquiry Report : Lot 2 DP 1161638

Locality : MANYANA LGA : SHOALHAVEN

Parish : CONJOLA County : ST VINCENT

Plan
DP548759
DP548760
DP548966
DP550238
DP550564
DP559359
DP559517
DP565643
DP755923
DP808570
DP836591
DP850469
DP1026192
DP1121854
DP1146892
DP1161638
DP1169534

LAND REGISTRY

SERVICES

Surv/Comp COMPILATION COMPILATION COMPILATION COMPILATION COMPILATION COMPILATION COMPILATION SURVEY COMPILATION COMPILATION SURVEY SURVEY COMPILATION SURVEY COMPILATION SURVEY SURVEY

Purpose **SUBDIVISION SUBDIVISION SUBDIVISION SUBDIVISION SUBDIVISION SUBDIVISION** SUBDIVISION **SUBDIVISION** CROWN ADMIN NO. **SUBDIVISION** SUBDIVISION SUBDIVISION DEPARTMENTAL **RESUMPTION OR ACQUISITION** CONSOLIDATION **SUBDIVISION SUBDIVISION**

Caution: This information is provided as a searching aid only. Whilst every endeavour is made the ensure that current map, plan and titling information is accurately reflected, the Registrar General cannot guarantee the information provided. For **ALL ACTIVITY PRIOR TO SEPTEMBER 2002** you must refer to the RGs Charting and Reference Maps.

Req:R865419 /Doc:CP 01635-2013 P /Rev:27-Nov-2012 /NSW LRS /Prt:28-Aug-2019 11:12 /Seq:1 of 1 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:GLOBALX /Ref:advlegs

PLAN OF COUNTY OF St Vincent Fun Applied for under the grave taken of the County of St St County of the County of Partly cancels V244.787 .1.1.230 White the start where the start where a star Viel-I-I-I-I Internet de la faite de la 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1 482.3r. V1123.2013 MINING MARINE TO PR MART Topolotophil G.H. Robin ASTOROFILMED houted Reference to Traverse Description Descript I hereby certify that I in person made and on the 18th Ochber 1887. completed. the survey represented on this plan on which are written the bearings & the lengths of the lines measured by me and I declare that the Survey has been executed in accordance with the regulations published for the guidance of Licensed Surveyors and the practice of the Surveyo to Department of Lands account Nº 8 80.00 @ 92 corners 3@ 46.7 106.204 vide V1976 15- 50 Woollybutt numbered stake notree near 106 Act. 1887 Nº 85 itted to the District Surveyor with my letter of Voucher Nº Passed Calculation Book No Folio Checked and Charted Examined. Value of Improvements fencing & 16. 1635-201 Book 1842:-fol:42 Close = 0 × 0 drea = 82:095 188 Plan approved. Scale 20 Chains to an Inch District Surveyal 11635.2013 442

Req:R865913 /Doc:CP 04288-2013 P /Rev:27-Nov-2012 /NSW LRS /Prt:28-Aug-2019 11:48 /Seq:1 of 1 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:GLOBALX /Ref:advlegs





- below the surface thereof TO HOLD unto the GRANTEE in fee simple - PROVIDED full power and authority for Us Our Heirs and Successors and such person ar persons as shall fram time to time be authorised by Us or Them to enterupon the Land hereby granted and to search for mine dig and remove the said minerois AND ALSO all such parts and so much of the Land hereby granted as may hereafter be required for public ways in over and through the same to be set out by Our Governor for the time being of Our said State or same person by him authorised in that respect with full power for Us Our Heirs and Successors and for Our Governor as aforesaid by such persons or persons as shall be by Us Them or him authorised in the behalf to make and conduct off such public ways And the right of full and free ingress egress and regress into out of and upon the Land hereby granted for the several purposes of resaid or any of them Provided Further AND IT IS EXPRESSLY DECLARED that mining operations may have been and may be carried on the several purposes of resaid or any of them Provided Further AND IT IS EXPRESSLY DECLARED that mining operations may have been and may be carried on upon and in the land below the land hereby granted and the lands adjoining the land hereby granted and the land below the same and metals and minerals may have been and may be removed ther-fram and that these presents are made upon and subject to the condition that neither the GRANTEE shall be entitled to make or prosecute any claim for damages or take any proceedings either by way of injunction or otherwise against Us Our Heirs and Successors or the Government of Our said State or any lessees or lessees under any Mining Act or Acts of Our said State or his or their executors administrators or assigns for the covernment of our said state or any lessee or lessees under any Mining Act or Acts of Our said State or his or their executors administrators or assigns for or in respect of any domage or loss occasioned by the letting down subsidence or lateral movement of the land hereby granted or otherwise howsoeverby reason of the following acts and matters that is to say by reason of Us Our Heirs or Successors or the Government of Our soid State or any person on Our Their or its behalf are tonowing acts and maners man is to say by reason of as our terrs or successors of the government ar our solu state of any person on our readrar is benary or any lessee or lessees as aforesaid or his ar their executors administrators or assigns having worked or now or hereafter working any mines or having carried on or now or hereafter carrying on mining operations or having searched far worked won or removed or now or hereafter searching for working winning or removing any metals or minerals under in or from the land below the land hereby granted or on in under or from any other lands situated laterally to the fand hereby granted and the land below the same and whether on ar below the surface of such other lands Provided Lostly. AND WE DO HEREBY EXPRESSLY RESERVE unto Us Our the land below the same and whether on ar below the surface of such other lands Provided Lostly. AND WE DO HEREBY EXPRESSLY RESERVE unto Us Our the land below the same and whether on ar below the surface of such other lands Provided Lostly. Heirs and Successors the liberty and authority by reason of the octs and matters aforesaid or in the course thereof for Us Our Heirs and Successors and the Government of Our said State and any person on Our Their or its behalf and any lessee or lessees as aforesaid and his or their executors administrators and assigns to from time to time let down without payment of any compensation whatsoever any part of the land hereby granted and/or of the surface thereof IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF We have coused this Our Grant to be Sealed with the Scal of Our soid State

ш

PERSONS AR

Witness Our Governor of Our State of New South Wales and its Dependencies in the Commonwealth of Australia, at Sydney in Our said State, this tenth

in the twenty third year May 🖊 day of of Our Reign and in the year of Our Lord one Thousand nine hundred and seventy four

A. R. Butler

444

WARNING: THIS DOCUMENT MUST NOT

60 m

REMOVED FROM THE LAND TITLES OFFICE.

FOR ENDORSEMENTS SEE PAGE 2

M SEI14N	e of \$363 Pro	the ティ よい	Registrar-	General /Sr	c:GLOBALX	/Ref:ac	vleg	S					
	Signature of Registrar-Genera							۲		··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			and the second
	- ENTERED						CANCELLATION	W916363					
	DATE	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -						Vicharged					
	INSTRUMENT NUMBER						Signature of Registrar-General					A second state of the seco	
)RS	NATURE					-	ENTERED	+198 4					
REGISTERED PROPRIETC		- 1987				ENCUMBRANCES ETC.		ad. Registered 29-					
SCHEDULE OF		Registered 10-6		AUTO FOLIO		SCHFDIJLF OF	PARTICULARS	of Australia Limit will Waley R					
	EGISTERED PROPRIETOR	+ m 916 364.	, ,	33				Baking Corporation and of New Se					
	R	by Traves					DATE	al Commercial					
		finided					INSTRUMENT	yerto Nation					
		3					-	ntga , S P					

Req:R865411	/Doc:DP 1121854 P /Rev:15-Apr-2008	/NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL	/Prt:28-Aug-2019 11:11	/Seq:1 of 2	
© Office of	the Registrar-General /Src:GLOBALX	/Ref:advlegs	B'22335		

D O)ffice of the Registrar-General /	/Src:GLOBALX /Ref:advlegs	B'22335	
SURVEYOR'S REFERENCE: B.55392	I certify that the provisions of s.109J of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 have been satisfied in relation to the proposed * linsert 'subdivision' or 'new road'] Subdivision a set out herein Consent Authority : Date of Endarsement: Accreditation na set out herein Subdivision Certificate no set out herein File no set out herein File no set out herein Subdivision Certificate no set out herein Subdivision Certificate no set out herein Subdivision Certificate no set out herein File no set out herein herein set out herein Subdivision Certificate no set out herein Subdivision Certificate no set out herein Subdivision Certificate no set out herein File no set out herein here	Department of Lands Approval I.M.or.12 M. C. (ellands Approval (Authorised Officer) that all necessary approvals in regard to the allocation of the land shown hereon have been given. Signature:	SIGNATURES, AND SEALS ONLY	DI AN FORM 3 (APPROVED FORM 3)
WARNING CREASING OR FOLDING WI	(A) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE WIDTH 2416 m ² (C) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE WIDTH 2416 m ² (C) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE WIDTH 3964 m ² (C) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (E) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE S63 m ² (F) PROPOSED EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND TRAVENCE SEVER PIPELINE 5 WIDE AND TRAVENCE SEVE	$\frac{7^{\circ} 59}{301.7}$	PERIORALONG Supreside Supreside	Plan Drawing only to appea





Req:R865410 /Doc:DP 1161638 P /Rev:14-Feb-2011 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:28-Aug-2019 11:11 /Seq:1 of 2 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:GLOBALX /Ref:advlegs



Req:R865410 /Doc:DP 1161638 P /Rev:14-Feb-2011 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:28-Aug-2019 11:11 /Seq:2 of 2 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:GLOBALX /Ref:advlegs



>

OFFICE LISE ONI





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - HISTORICAL SEARCH

FOLIO: 106/755923

First Title(s): SEE PRIOR TITLE(S) Prior Title(s): VOL 3564 FOL 33

Recorded	Number	Type of Instrument	C.T. Issue
18/2/1989		TITLE AUTOMATION PROJECT	LOT RECORDED FOLIO NOT CREATED
25/6/1990		CONVERTED TO COMPUTER FOLIO	FOLIO CREATED CT NOT ISSUED
15/5/1991		AMENDMENT: TITLE DIAGRAM	
17/3/1992 17/3/1992	E294702 E294703	DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE MORTGAGE	EDITION 1
24/4/1992	E407893	CAVEAT	
9/12/1992 9/12/1992	E951593 E951594	DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE MORTGAGE	EDITION 2
23/11/1994 23/11/1994	U811499 U811500	DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE MORTGAGE	EDITION 3
31/10/1996	2570870	DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE	EDITION 4
18/10/2017	AM800138	CAVEAT	
9/4/2018 9/4/2018 9/4/2018 9/4/2018	AN244387 AN244389 AN244390 AN244391	WITHDRAWAL OF CAVEAT TRANSFER MORTGAGE CAVEAT	EDITION 5

*** END OF SEARCH ***

advlegs

PRINTED ON 28/8/2019

Obtained from NSW LRS on 28 August 2019 11:14 AM AEST

© Office of the Registrar-General 2019





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 2/1121854

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
28/8/2019	11:13 AM	2	9/4/2018

LAND

LOT 2 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 1121854 AT BENDALONG LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SHOALHAVEN PARISH OF CONJOLA COUNTY OF ST VINCENT TITLE DIAGRAM DP1121854

FIRST SCHEDULE

JAMES WALTER DOUGLAS PTY LTD

(T AN244389)

SECOND SCHEDULE (5 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 EXCEPTING LAND BELOW A DEPTH FROM THE SURFACE OF 15.24 METRES 3 AE870612 EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 2 AND 5 WIDE AND VARIABLE WIDTH AFFECTING THE PART DESIGNATED (C) IN DP1121854
- 4 AN244390 MORTGAGE TO HEIR ASQUITH PTY LIMITED
- * 5 AN244391 CAVEAT BY SHOALHAVEN CITY COUNCIL

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

advlegs

PRINTED ON 28/8/2019

Obtained from NSW LRS on 28 August 2019 11:13 AM AEST

© Office of the Registrar-General 2019

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. GlobalX hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900. Note: Information contained in this document is provided by GlobalX Pty Ltd, ABN 35 099 032 596, www.globalx.com.au an approved NSW Information Broker.





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 2/1161638

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
28/8/2019	11:12 AM	3	9/4/2018

LAND

LOT 2 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 1161638 AT MANYANA BEACH LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SHOALHAVEN PARISH OF CONJOLA COUNTY OF ST VINCENT TITLE DIAGRAM DP1161638

FIRST SCHEDULE _____

JAMES WALTER DOUGLAS PTY LTD

(T AN244389)

SECOND SCHEDULE (7 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)
- EASEMENT FOR SEWER PIPELINE 5 METRE(S) WIDE & 2 AE870612 VARIABLE AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- DP1161638 EASEMENT FOR DRAINAGE OF WATER 2 METRE(S) WIDE 3 AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- DP1161638 EASEMENT FOR DRAINAGE OF SEWAGE 5 METRE(S) WIDE 4 AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 5 DP1161638 RESTRICTION(S) ON THE USE OF LAND
- AN244390 MORTGAGE TO HEIR ASQUITH PTY LIMITED AN244391 CAVEAT BY SHOALHAVEN CITY COUNCIL 6
- 7

NOTATIONS _____

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

advlegs

PRINTED ON 28/8/2019

Obtained from NSW LRS on 28 August 2019 11:12 AM AEST

© Office of the Registrar-General 2019

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. GlobalX hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900. Note: Information contained in this document is provided by GlobalX Pty Ltd, ABN 35 099 032 596, www.globalx.com.au an approved NSW Information Broker.





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 106/755923

- _ _ _ -

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
28/8/2019	11:11 AM	5	9/4/2018

LAND

LOT 106 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 755923 LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SHOALHAVEN PARISH OF CONJOLA COUNTY OF ST VINCENT (FORMERLY KNOWN AS PORTION 106) TITLE DIAGRAM CROWN PLAN 1635.2013

FIRST SCHEDULE _____

JAMES WALTER DOUGLAS PTY LTD

(T AN244389)

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)

- AN244390 MORTGAGE TO HEIR ASQUITH PTY LIMITED AN244391 CAVEAT BY SHOALHAVEN CITY COUNCIL 2
- 3

NOTATIONS

*

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

advlegs

PRINTED ON 28/8/2019

Obtained from NSW LRS on 28 August 2019 11:11 AM AEST

© Office of the Registrar-General 2019

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. GlobalX hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900. Note: Information contained in this document is provided by GlobalX Pty Ltd, ABN 35 099 032 596, www.globalx.com.au an approved NSW Information Broker.



Appendix E: Site Images 2019



Photograph 1: view looking east over Area 1 from near the western side of the area



Photograph 3: view looking west over Area 1 from the middle of the area



Photograph 2: view looking north east over Area 1 from near BH24



Photograph 4: view of Area 1 looking north from BH19

	description	drawn	approved	date		cli
с	Plate1	HJP	KEG	30/08/2019	TERRA INSIGHT	pr
visio						
Le					scale NTS	1
					original size A3	pr

ient:	HEIR ASQUITH			
roject:	Preliminary Site Investigation with Limited Soil Sampling Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Drive, Manyana NSW			
Title	Images of the site			
roject no:	TERRA19272	Plate no: 1		



Photograph 5: view of Area 1 looking south west from BH13



Photograph 7: Bonded material found near BH20. Sample ID = X001 testing has confirmed material does not contain asbestos

	description	drawn	approved	date
c	Plate2	HJP	KEG	30/08/2019
visio				
P				



Photograph 6: view of rubbish dumped east of BH16



Photograph 8: burnt rubbish pile near BH19. Testing has confirmed material contains asbestos containing material. Sample ID = X002

<	TERRA INSIGHT	cli pr
scale	NTS	-
original size	A3	pr

lient:	HEIR ASQUITH			
roject:	Preliminary Site Investigation with Limited Soil Sampling Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Drive, Manyana NSW			
Title	itle Images of the site			
roject no:	Plate no: 2			



Photograph 9: view of BH18 next to burnt-out car body in Area 1



Photograph 11: Bonded material found between BH21 and BH22. Sample ID = X003. Testing has confirmed material does not contain asbestos

	description	drawn	approved	date
ц	Plate3	HJP	KEG	30/08/2019
visio				
re				



Photograph 10: view of area 1 looking east from near BH17



Photograph 12: View of BH23. Note potential asbestos containing material to the left. Sample ID = X004. Testing has confirmed material contains asbestos

		cli
<	TERRA INSIGHT	pro
scale	NTS	1
original size	A3	pr

ent:	HEIR ASQUITH			
oject:	Preliminary Site Investigation with Limited Soil Sampling Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Drive, Manyana NSW			
Title	Images o	f the site		
oject no:	TERRA19272	Plate no: 3		



Photograph 13: view looking east from near the eastern boundary of Area1



Photograph 14: view of Area 2 looking east from the western side of the area



Photograph 15: view of Area 2 looking south from the eastern side of the area



	description	drawn	approved	date				cl
c	Plate4	HJP	KEG	30/08/2019		<	TERRA INSIGHT	pr
evisio						-		
E					scale	e]	NTS	
					origin size	nal	A3	pr

lient:	HEIR ASQUITH				
roject:	Preliminary Site Investigation with Limited Soil Sampling Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Drive, Manyana NSW				
Title	Images of the site				
roject no:	TERRA19272	Plate no:4			



Photograph 17: view of Area 2 looking south east from BH12



Photograph 18: view of Area 2 looking east from near BH11

	description	drawn	approved	date				client:	HEIR ASQU	ЛТН
vision	Plate4	HJP	KEG	30/08/2019	4	TERRA INSIGHT		project: Preliminary Site Investigation with Limited Soil Sampling Lot 106 DP755923 Inyadda Drive, Manyana NSW		
Ē					scale	NTS		Title	Images o	f the site
					original size	A3		project no:	TERRA19272	Plate no: 4
	·	•	•	•						



Appendix F: Site Images 2022 Northern



Photograph 1: View of cleared area with dirt tracks in AEC1



Photograph 3: Metal roofing found in the vegetation south of AEC1

	description	drawn	approved	date
ч	Plate1	SB	KEG	5/09/2022
visio				
re				



Photograph 2: View of clearing in AEC1 facing north west



Photograph 4: Large pile of glass bottles and metal drums found south east of AEC1

		client:	HEIR ASC	QUITH
TERRA INSIGHT		project:	Detailed Site In Lot 106 DP 755923 Inyad	nvestigation da Drive Manyana NSW
scale	NTS	Title	Images o	f the site
original size	A3	project no:	TERRA22-165	Plate no:1



Photograph 5: View of tracks between in AEC5.1 facing east



Photograph 7: A car body adjacent to a track in AEC5.2





Photograph 8: Car tyre adjacent to track in AEC5.2

	description	drawn	approved	date		client
	Plate2	SB	KEG	5/09/2022	TERRA INSIGHT	proje
visio						
Ге					scale NTS	Title
					original size A3	proje

HEIR ASQUITH ect: Detailed Site Investigation Lot 106 DP 755923 Inyadda Drive Manyana NSW Images of the site ect no: TERRA22-165 Plate no:2



Photograph 9: Rubbish pile including asbestos fragments, metal, glass bottles, cans etc in AEC1



Photograph 10: Close up view of samples taken for asbestos testing in AEC1



Photograph 11: Pieces of metal, wires, glass bottles, charcoal and other foreign materials found in AEC1 near asbestos pile.

	description	drawn	approved	date
c	Plate3	SB	KEG	5/09/2022
visio				
Ъ				



Photograph 12: Pieces of glass found in the sieve at sample location D13 in AEC1.

		client:
<	TERRA INSIGHT	project
cale	NTS	Title
original size	A3	project

HEIR ASQUITH

Detailed Site Investigation Lot 106 DP 755923 Inyadda Drive Manyana NSW

Images of the site t no: TERRA22-165 Plate no:3



Photograph 13: a fire pit in AEC1. Large pieces of blue glass can be seen.



Photograph 14: Pieces of glass found in the sieve at sample location D15 in AEC1



Photograph 15: Stockpile with foreign materials at sample location D16 in AEC1



	description	drawn	approved	date		clien
c	Plate4	SB	KEG	5/09/2022	TERRA INSIGHT	proje
visio						
ē					scale NTS	Titl
					original size A3	proje

nt:	HEIR ASC	QUITH
ect:	Detailed Site In Lot 106 DP 755923 Inyad	nvestigation Ida Drive Manyana NSW
tle	Images o	f the site
ect no:	TERRA22-165	Plate no: 4



Photograph 17: A rusted fridge where sample D18 was taken in AEC1



Photograph 19: Sieve findings from sample location D19 in fire pit near car bodies including glass and metal in AEC2

	description	drawn	approved	date
c	Plate5	SB	KEG	5/09/2022
visio				
ē				



Photograph 18: Burnt out car bodies in AEC2



Photograph 20: Sample location D20 directly adjacent to car bodies in AEC2

		client:	HEIR ASC	QUITH
TERRA INSIGHT		project: Detailed Site Investigation Lot 106 DP 755923 Inyadda Drive Manyana NS		
scale	NTS	Title	Images o	f the site
original size	A3	project no:	TERRA22-165	Plate no: 5


Photograph 21: Sample location D21 on cement treated track surface in AEC2



Photograph 22: Track in AEC2 near car bodies. Car tyre visible in background



Photograph 23: Sieve findings from sample location D21 including plastics in AEC2

	description	drawn	approved	date			client:	HEIR AS	QUITH
=	Plate6	SB	KEG	5/09/2022	<	TERRA INSIGHT	project:	Detailed Site	Investigation
visior							Lot 106 DP 755923 Inyadda Drive		
-					scale	NTS	Title	Images o	of the site
					original size	A3	project no	: TERRA22-165	Plate no:6



Appendix G: Site Images 2022 Southern



Photograph 1: Vehicle tracks in AEC4



Photograph 3: Dried creek bed in AEC6



Photograph 2: Old building foundation from previous farm house in AEC4



Photograph 4: Plastic tyre dumped in AEC6

	description	drawn	approved	date		client
	Plate1	SB	KEG	5/09/2022	TERRA INSIGHT	proje
visio						
Le					scale NTS	Title
					original size A3	proje

QUITH					
Detailed Site Investigation Lot 106 DP 755923 Inyadda Drive Manyana NSW					
of the site					
Plate no:1					



Photograph 5: Creek on border of area to be developed in AEC6



Photograph 7: Bike ramp constructed in AEC6



Photograph 6: Shelter constructed from fallen branches and sticks in AEC6



	description	drawn	approved	date		clien
L	Plate2	SB	KEG	5/09/2022	TERRA INSIGHT	proje
visio						
e					scale NTS	Title
					original size A3	proje

HEIR ASQUITH ect: Detailed Site Investigation Lot 106 DP 755923 Inyadda Drive Manyana NSW Images of the site ect no: TERRA22-165 Plate no:2



Photograph 9: Bike ramp in eastern part of AEC6



Photograph 11: Camp fire where sample D1 was taken in AEC3



Photograph 10: Stockpile of soil over tree roots in AEC3



Photograph 12: Close up of findings in fire pit where D1 was taken in AEC3

description	drawn	approved	date			client: HEIR	SQUIT
Plate3	SB	KEG	5/09/2022	<	TERRA INSIGHT	project: Detailed Si Lot 106 DP 755923 In	e Inve vadda i
				scale	NTS	Title Image	s of the s
				original size	A3	project no: TERRA22-165	Plat



Photograph 13: Fire pit where sample D2 was taken in AEC3



Photograph 15: Stockpile of building materials where sample D4 was taken in AEC3



Photograph 14: waste stockpile in AEC3 where sample D3 was taken



Photograph 16: Building materials piled adjacent to a boat in AEC3

	description	drawn	approved	date		clien
Ē	Plate4	SB	KEG	5/09/2022	TERRA INSIGHT	proje
visio						
Le					scale NTS	Titl
					original size A3	proje

nt:	HEIR ASC	QUITH
ect:	Detailed Site I Lot 106 DP 755923 Inyad	nvestigation Ida Drive Manyana NSW
tle	Images o	f the site
ect no:	TERRA22-165	Plate no:4



Photograph 17: Metal sheeting and exposed soil beneath it where sample D5 was taken in AEC3



Photograph 19: Shed found in AEC3. A caravan can be seen on the other side of the shed



Photograph 18: Stockpile of fill where sample D6 was taken in AEC3



Photograph 20: Stockpile of building materials in AEC3 including metal sheeting, wire netting, a sink adjacent to the caravan and shed.

	description	drawn	approved	date		client: HEIR ASQUITH
ision	Plate5	SB	KEG	5/09/2022	TERRA	INSIGHT project: Detailed Site Investigation Lot 106 DP 755923 Inyadda Drive Manyana NSV
re\					scale NTS	Title Images of the site
					original size A3	project no: TERRA22-165 Plate no:5



Photograph 21: Battery cases found adjacent to the caravan in AEC3



Photograph 23: Shimmery creek water likely due to the presence of sulphate reducing bacteria on northern boundary of in AEC6



Photograph 22: Inside of the battery found adjacent to the caravan in AEC3



	description	drawn	approved	date		clien
L	Plate6	SB	KEG	5/09/2022	TERRA INSIGHT	proje
visio						
Le					scale NTS	Titl
					original size A3	proje

HEIR ASQUITH ect: Detailed Site Investigation Lot 106 DP 755923 Inyadda Drive Manyana NSW Images of the site ect no: TERRA22-165 Plate no:6



Appendix H: EIL Derivation

Inputs
Select contaminant from list below
Cu
Below needed to calculate fresh and aged ACLs
Enter cation exchange capacity (silver thiourea method) (values from 0 to 100 cmolc/kg dwt)
22
Enter soil pH (calcium chloride method) (values from 1 to 14)
5.5
Enter organic carbon content (%OC) (values from 0 to 50%)
6.3
Below needed to calculate fresh and aged ABCs
Measured background concentration (mg/kg). Leave blank if no measured value
30
or for fresh ABCs only Enter iron content (aqua regia method) (values from 0 to 50%) to obtain estimate of background concentration 9.1
or for aged ABCs only
Enter State (or closest State)
NSW
Enter traffic volume (high or low)
low

Outputs						
Land use	Cu soil-sp	ecific EILs				
	(mg contaminant	/kg dry soil)				
	Fresh	Aged				
National parks and areas of high conservation value	60	75				
Urban residential and open public spaces	100	160				
Commercial and industrial	130	220				

Inputs
Select contaminant from list below
Zn Below needed to calculate fresh and aged ACLs
Enter cation exchange capacity (silver thiourea method) (values from 0 to 100 cmolc/kg dwt)
22
Enter soil pH (calcium chloride method) (values from 1 to 14)
5.5
Below needed to calculate fresh and aged ABCs
Measured background concentration (mg/kg). Leave blank if no measured value
or for fresh ABCs only
Enter iron content (aqua regia method) (values from 0 to 50%) to obtain estimate of background concentration 9
or for aged ABCs only
Enter State (or closest State)
NSW
Enter traffic volume (high or low)
low

Outputs									
Land use	Zn soil-specific EILs								
	(mg contaminant/kg dry soil)								
	Fresh	Aged							
National parks and areas of high conservation value	65	140							
Urban residential and open public spaces	140	350							
Commercial and industrial	200	500							

Inputs
Select contaminant from list below
Pb
Below needed to calculate fresh and aged
ACLs
Below needed to calculate fresh and aged
ABCs
or for fresh ABCs only
or for aged ABCs only

Outputs									
Land use	Lead generic EILs								
	(mg contaminant/kg dry soil)								
	Fresh	Aged							
National parks and areas of high conservation value	110	470							
Urban residential and open public spaces	270	1100							
Commercial and industrial	440	1800							

Inputs
Select contaminant from list below
Ni
Below needed to calculate fresh and aged ACLs
Enter cation exchange capacity (silver thiourea method) (values from 0 to 100 cmolc/kg dwt)
22
Below needed to calculate fresh and aged ABCs
Measured background concentration
(mg/kg). Leave blank if no measured value
15
or for fresh ABCs only
Enter iron content (aqua regia method)
(values from 0 to 50%) to obtain estimate of
5.1
or for aged ABCs only
Enter State (or closest State)
NSW
Enter traffic volume (high or low)
low

Outputs								
Land use	Ni soil-specific EILs (mg contaminant/kg dry soil)							
	Fresh	Aged						
National parks and areas of high conservation value	25	65						
Urban residential and open public spaces	100	300						
Commercial and industrial	190	500						

Inputs
Select contaminant from list below
Cu
Below needed to calculate fresh and aged ACLs
Enter cation exchange capacity (silver thiourea method) (values from 0 to 100 cmolc/kg dwt)
22
Enter soil pH (calcium chloride method) (values from 1 to 14)
5.5
Enter organic carbon content (%OC) (values from 0 to 50%)
6.3
ABCs Measured background concentration
(mg/kg). Leave blank if no measured value
30
or for fresh ABCs only
Enter iron content (aqua regia method) (values from 0 to 50%) to obtain estimate of background concentration 9
or for aged ABCs only
Enter State (or closest State)
NSW
Enter traffic volume (high or low)
low

Outputs									
Land use	Cu soil-specific EILs								
	(mg contaminant/kg dry soil)								
	Fresh	Aged							
National parks and areas of high conservation value	60	75							
Urban residential and open public spaces	100	160							
Commercial and industrial	130	220							

Inputs
Select contaminant from list below
Cr III
Below needed to calculate fresh and aged ACLs
Enter % clay (values from 0 to 100%)
8.5
Below needed to calculate fresh and aged ABCs
Measured background concentration (mg/kg). Leave blank if no measured value
0
or for fresh ABCs only
Enter iron content (aqua regia method) (values from 0 to 50%) to obtain estimate of background concentration 9.1
or for aged ABCs only
Enter State (or closest State)
NSW
Enter traffic volume (high or low)
low

Outputs									
Land use	Cr III soil-specific EILs (mg contaminant/kg dry soil)								
	Fresh	Aged							
National parks and areas of high conservation value	50	120							
Urban residential and open public spaces	150	380							
Commercial and industrial	250	630							

Inputs
Select contaminant from list below
As
Below needed to calculate fresh and aged ACLs
Below needed to calculate fresh and aged
ADUS
or for fresh ABCs only
or for aged ABCs only

Outputs									
Land use	Arsenic generic EILs								
	(mg contaminant/kg dry soil)								
	Fresh	Aged							
National parks and areas of high conservation value	20	40							
Urban residential and open public spaces	50	100							
Commercial and industrial	80	160							



Appendix I: Laboratory summary and certificates

Project Ref:	TERRA22-165																	
Site Details	Manyana Develop	ment															TEDDA	INSIG
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS FOR SOIL SAMPLES	Heavy metals, TP	H, BTEX, PAH, C	CP, OPP, P	CB, Asbestos, pH	,												ILKKA	114310
All results in mg/kg unless noted otherwise																		
Sample ID			т	HRESHOLD CO	NCENTRATION	٩S			D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D7.2	RPD	D8
Sample Location No.	-																	
Eurofins test Reference no		GSW	RSW				TPH Mat		W22-JI0000485	W22-JI0000486	W22-JI0000487	W22-J10000488	W22-J10000489	W22-JI0000490	W22-JI0000506	W22-JI0000492		W22-JI0000492
Date of Sampling	ENM	CCT1	CCT2	EIL/ESL	HSL (A) Soil	HIL (A)	Limits	(ref 2a)	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022		30/06/2022
Soil Classification	Abs Max											1			1	1		
	Concentration																	
	(max Ave Conc)	(FPA NSW)	(EPA	open parkland	(0.0m to <	Low density	residential, parkland and											
Unit		UNO	NSW)	and urban	1m) sandy	residential	open spaces	Background	-		%			<u> </u>				
	(Part 9 Clause		0110	resulential	Cidy		(Fine Soils)											
Depth interval (m)	9.5)																	
			-											<u> </u>				
pH Moisture content (%)									- 34.0	- 36.0	- 40.0	- 20.0	- 26.0	- 46.0	- 24.0	- 20.0		- 20.0
Molsture content (70)			-						34.0	30.0	40.0	23.0	20.0	40.0	24.0	25.0		23.0
HEAVY METALS (TOTAL mg/kg)																		
Arsenic	40 (20)	100	400	100 ^{2 (Aged)}		100 2		1-50	6	<2	<2	9	<2	8	<2	-		13
Cadmium Chromium (total)	1 (0.5)	20	80	3 2a 390 (III) 2(aged)		15 ²		5 1000	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	0.60	< 0.4	-		<0.4
Chromium (III)	150 (total) (7.5)	100 (VI)	400	300 (iii)		00 (VI)		3-1000	-	90	50	150	130	68	290	-		240
Chromium (VI)	ioo (total)								-	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1			<1
Copper	200 (100)	NA	NA	160 2(aged)		6,000 ²		2-100	58	21	15	32	51	73	11	-		22
Lead	100 (50)	100	400	1100 2(aged)		300 ^{2a}		2-200	9	12	9	32	13	14	9	-		110
US Leachate (mg/L	1 (0.5)	4	16	1		40 ²		0.03	<0.1	<0.1	<0 1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-		<0.1
Nickel	60 (30)	40	160	300 2(aged)		400 2		5-500	25	21	15	32	32	31	19	-		28
Zinc	300 (150)	NA	NA	350 2(aged)		7400 2		10-300	410	83	24	160	88	74	180	-		420
											<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>]
BTEX (mg/kg) Benzene	0.5	10		65 6	0.8 12	0.7 10			-0.1	c0.1	-0.1	<0.1	-0.1	<0.1	-0.1	<0.1		<0.1
Toluene	65	288		105 8	560 ¹²	480 ¹⁰			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		<0.1
Ethylbenzene	25	600		125 8	NL 12	12000 10			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		<0.1
Total Xylene	15	1000		45 ⁸	130 12	110 ¹⁰			< 0.3	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3		<0.3
	-													<u> </u>				
	-												<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
F1 - C6 - C10 Fraction	-	650		180 12	60 ¹²	4400 13	800 14	-	<20	<20	<20	<20	<20	<20	<20	<20		<20
C6 - C9									<20	<20	<20	<20	<20	<20	<20	<20		<20
F2 >C10 - C16 Fraction	-	-		120 ¹²	330 ¹²	3300 ¹³	1000 14		450	53	54	100	<50	360	<50	<50		100
C10 - C14				4000 12		4 500 13	2500.14		450	43	61	100	37	310	39	39	0.0	130
C15 - C28	-	-		1300		4,500	3500		720	480 250	440	390	220	1200	180	180	2.3	190
F4 >C34-C40 Fraction	-	-		5600		6,300 13	##### 14		260	180	280	340	170	780	<100	<100	2.0	190
C29 - C36									310	310	410	560	320	1400	130	130	0.0	240
Total C10-C40	-	050							1580	713	774	1240	630	3440	180	180	0.0	650
Total C6-C9	-	650	#### #####						- 1490		621	1050	- 577	2010	- 255	257	0.9	-
10141 C 10-C30	500 (250)	10000	*****			-		-	1400	003	021	1050	5//	2910	255	237	0.0	500
POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (mg/kg)																		
Benzo(a)pyrene (TEQ (Zero)	1 (0.5)	0.8		0.7 8		3 2			<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5		<0.5
Total PAH (mg/kg)	40 (20)	200		-		300 24			<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5		<0.5
ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES														<u> </u>				
Total OCPs (mg/kg)				1 8		240 ^{2a}			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		<0.1
ORGANOPHOSPHOROUS PESTICIDES	-			. ⁸				-										
Total OPPs (mg/kg)				2		_		-	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2		<0.2
POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS																		
Total PCBs (mg/kg)		<50		1 6		1 ^{2a}			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		<0.1
														<u> </u>				
	4 E to 10 (E to 0)			-														
	4.5 10 10 (5 10 5)							-						-				
Electrical Conductivity (dS/m)*														L				
Electrical Conductivity (DS/m)*													<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
	-												<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
RIAFOREIGN MATERIALS (%) Rubber plastic bitumen paper cloth	<0.05 (0.1%)		-											<u> </u>				
paint and wood																		
														<u> </u>				
ASPESTOS grab sample	-			-									<u> </u>	+				
ASBESTOS grab sample				-		_		-	-	_	-		-	<u> </u>	-	_		
Grab Sample (ABM and Fibres)	ND	ND				0.01% ^{2aa}				-		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-			-
ABM in bulk solids confirmed						bonded			-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-		-
				-									<u> </u>	 				
NOTES: Bold	Above laboratory limits of detection								1	I	1	1	L	J	1	1		
Bald Bald Bald Bald	Exceeds ENM Abs. Maximum Concentratio Concentration exceeds the HL A Concentration exceeds the ELL (Open Park Concentration exceeds the ECT) waste dia	ns land and Urban Res) posal quidelines																
	 Based of The Nether - Canada - Second - Second - Second - Secon	or of the Endowneed Gynestices (Wana) is energies circulation (the charachicatal Media (TIX) Media (TIX) (% Excluse) (RC)), Malarol (Endowneed) (% Excluse) (RC)), Malarol (RC)), Malarol (RC)), Malarol (RC)), Malarol (RC)), Malarol (RC)), Malarol (RC)), Malarol (RC)), Malarol (RC)), Malarol (RC)), Malarol (RC)), Malarol (RC)), Malarol (RC)), Malarol (RC)), Ma	Biguitation 2006 - General Exe on Protection (Jacamented To State (Jacamented To State) (Jacamented To State)	Inpliet Unler Peri 9, "The accurate neuron Maleria does not include malerial that cont its Contentional Material 2011 (and the second s	industrial exemption? (2014). alte adhesites. menagement of contentionaled altes													



	1																	
Project Ref:	TERRA22-165	mont																
	Heavy metals TPI	H BTEY PAH C		CB Ashestos nH											TEI		เติดมา	r'
All results in mg/kg unless noted otherwise	neavy metals, m	n, brex, r xn, c	01,011,1	OD, Abbestos, pri,											I CI		SIGH	L
Sample ID			1	HRESHOLD CON	CENTRATION	IS			D9	D10	D11	D12	D13	D13.2	RPD	D14	D15	D16
Sample Location No.																		
Eurofins test Reference no		GSW	RSW	1					W22-J10000493	W22-J10000486	W22-JI0000487	W22-JI0000488	8 W22-JI0000489	W22-JI0000507		W22-JI0000498	W22-JI0000499	W22-JI0000500
Date of Sampling	ENM	CCT1	CCT2	EIL/ESL	HSL (A) Soil	HIL (A)	I PH Mgt	(ref 2a)	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022		30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022
Soil Classification							Linits											
	Abs. Max. Concentration		(554		(0.0.1.)		residential.											
Unit	(max Ave Conc)	(EPA NSW) UNO	(EPA NSW) UNO	and urban	(0.0m to < 1m) sandy Clay	Low density residential	parkland and open spaces	Background			%							
Depth interval (m)	(Part 9 Clause 9.3)		0.10	roodionidi	oldy		(Fine Soils)											
nH									_	-	_	_	-			_	_	_
Moisture content (%)									48.0	45.0	44.0	52.0	15.0	46.0		23.0	17.0	14.0
Arsenic	40 (20)	100	400	100 ^{2 (Aged)}		100 ²		1-50	<2	<2	<2	6	21	-		3	3	6
Cadmium	1 (0.5)	20	80	3 ^{2a}		15 ²		1	< 0.4	<0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	<0.4	-		<0.4	<0.4	0.7
Chromium (total)	150 (total) (75)	100 (VI)	400	380 (III) 2(aged)		80 (VI) 2		5-1000	290	140	140	170	130	-		90	210	190
Chromium (III)	150 (total) (75)								290	140	140	170	130					
Chromium (VI)									<1	<1	<1	<1	<1					
Copper	200 (100)	NA	NA	160 ^{2(aged)}		6,000 ²		2-100	23	99	24	37	38	-		38	160	47
Lead	100 (50)	100	400	1100 2(aged)		300 ^{2a}		2-200	8	21	17	21	39	-		10	16	46
Mercury	1 (0.5)	4	16	1 2(anert)		40 2		0.03	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-		<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Nickel	60 (30)	40	160	300 ^{2(ageo)}		400 -		5-500	52	15	21	36	29	-		30	68	37
Zinc	300 (150)	NA	NA	350 ^{2(aged)}		7400 ²		10-300	<0.01 41	98	50	190	570	-		150	0.11 210	350
BTEX (mg/kg)	0.5	40		or 6	0.0.12	0.7 10			-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4		-0.4	-0.4	-0.4
Taluana	0.5	10		105 8	0.8	0.7 490 ¹⁰			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Ethylhenzene	25	200		105 8	NI ¹²	400 12000 ¹⁰			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Ethyldenzene	25	1000		125	120 ¹²	12000			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	< 0.1		<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Total Xylene	15	1000		40	130	110			<0.5	NU.3	<0.5	<0.5	×0.5	NU.3		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
F1 - C6 - C10 Fraction	-	650		180 12	60 ¹²	4400 13	800 14		<20	<20	<20	<20	<20	<20		<20	<20	<20
C6 - C9						1100			<20	<20	<20	<20	<20	<20		<20	<20	<20
F2 >C10 - C16 Fraction	-	-		120 12	330 12	3300 13	1000 14		52	<50	140	58	<50	<50		<50	430	170
C10 - C14									33	24	110	58	<20	39	64	27	260	230
F3 > C16- C34 Fraction	-	-		1300 12		4,500 13	3500 14		410	240	640	490	<100	110	10	440	850	1000
C15 - C28									210	94	370	280	<50	66	28	130	890	650
F4 >C34-C40 Fraction	-	-		5600		6,300 ¹³	#### 14		180	100	210	170	<100	<100		110	<100	140
C29 - C36									280	210	400	310	<50	<50		370	130	490
Total C10-C40	-								642	340	990	718	<100	110	10	550	1280	1310
Total C6-C9	-	650	####						-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Total C10-C36	500 (250)	10000	####						523	328	880	648	<50	140	95	527	1280	1370
POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (mg/kg)																		
Benzo(a)pyrene (TEQ (Zero)	1 (0.5)	0.8		0.7 8		3 2			<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5		<0.5	<0.5	
Total PAH (mg/kg)	40 (20)	200				300 ^{2a}			<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5		<0.5	<0.5	
ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES						0-												
Total OCPs (mg/kg)				1 °		240 24			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		<0.1	<0.1	
Total OPPs (mg/kg)				2 8					<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2		<0.2	<0.2	
													<u> </u>					
POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS				6		29												
Total PCBs (mg/kg)		<50		1 °		1 **			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		<0.1	<0.1	
-11	4 5 4- 40 (5 4- 0)																	
PA	4.5 to 10 (5 to 9)																	
Electrical Conductivity (dC/)*																		
Electrical Conductivity (US/m)*												1	+					<u> </u>
Liou iou. Sondouvity (25/11)												1	1					
RTA FOREIGN MATERIALS (%)												1	1					
Rubber, plastic, bitumen, paper, cloth	<0.05 (0.1%)											1	1					
paint and wood	(0.170)											1	1					
												1	1					
												1	1					
ASBESTOS grab sample												1						
Asbestos detected									-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Grab Sample (ABM and Fibres)	ND	ND				0.01% ^{2aa}			-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
ABM in bulk solids confirmed						bonded			-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	

Analysis of Analysis
 A

Project Ref: Site Details SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS FOR SOIL SAMPLES	TERRA22-165 Manyana Developi Heavy metals, TPH	ment H, BTEX, PAH, O	CP, OPP, P	CB, Asbestos, pH,								TERI		> IGHT
All results in mg/kg unless noted otherwise			т	HRESHOLD CON	CENTRATION	IS			D17	D18	D19	D20	D21	TB01
Sample Location No.				1	1			1	14/22 IN000F04	W22 00000502	10000F03	W22 10000F04	14/22 10220F0F	W22 80000F08
Eurofins test Reference no	ENM	GSW CCT1	CCT2	FIL/FSL	HSL (A) Soil	HIL (A)	TPH Mgt	(ref 2a)	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022
Soil Classification	Abs. Max. Concentration (max Ave Conc)	(EPA NSW)	(EPA	open parkland	(0.0m to <	Low density	Limits residential, parkland and	Background						
Unit	(Part 9 Clause	UNO	UNO	resdiential	Clay	residential	open spaces (Fine Soils)	Dackground			%			
Depth interval (m)	9.3)						, ,							
pH Moisture content (%)									- 23.0	- 15.0	- 18.0	- 12.0	- 9.6	<1
HEAVY METALS (TOTAL mg/kg) Arsenic	40 (20)	100	400	100 ^{2 (Aged)}		100 ²		1-50	<2	6	<2	<2	<2	
Cadmium	1 (0.5)	20	80	3 ^{2a}		15 ²		1	<0.4	8	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	-
Chromium (total)	150 (total) (75)	100 (VI)	400	380 (III) 2(aged)		80 (VI) ²		5-1000	140	86	76	110	33	-
Chromium (III) Chromium (VI)	150 (total)								140 <1	86 ≤1	76	110 <1	33 ≤1	
Copper	200 (100)	NA	NA	160 2(aged)		6,000 ²		2-100	13	83	31	44	13	-
Lead	100 (50)	100	400	1100 2(aged)		300 ^{2a}		2-200	17	76	8	63	12	
Mercury	1 (0.5)	4	16	1 200 ^{2(aged)}		40 2		0.03	<0.1	< 0.1	<0.1	< 0.1	<0.1	-
NICKEI	60 (30)	40	100	300		400		5-500	21	0.11	21	24	15	•
Zinc	300 (150)	NA	NA	350 2(aged)		7400 ²		10-300	35	83	110	350	42	
DTEX (malka)														
BIEA (mg/Kg) Benzene	0.5	10		65 6	0.8 12	0.7 10			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Toluene	65	288		105 8	560 ¹²	480 10			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Ethylbenzene	25	600		125 8	NL 12	12000 10			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Total Xylene	15	1000		45 °	130 '*	110 10			<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS (mg/kg)				10	10	12								
F1 - C6 - C10 Fraction	-	650		180 12	60 12	4400 13	800 14		<20	<20	<20	<20	<20	<20
F2 >C10 - C16 Fraction	-	-		120 12	330 12	3300 13	1000 14		<20 57	<20 140	<20	<20	<20	<20
C10 - C14									54	85	<20	48	<20	<20
F3 > C16- C34 Fraction	-	-		1300 ¹²		4,500 13	3500 14		230	1200	170	340	<100	<100
F4 >C34-C40 Fraction	-	-		5600		6.300 ¹³	##### 14		<100	240	<100	<100	<100	<100
C29 - C36									150	510	110	190	<50	<50
Total C10-C40	-								287	1580	170	340	<100	<100
Total C6-C9 Total C10-C36	- 500 (250)	650	#### #####						- 334	1445	- 200	- 438	-	-
10001010-0000	000 (200)	10000								1445	200	400	-00	-00
POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (mg/kg)				. 8		2								
Benzo(a)pyrene (TEQ (Zero)	1 (0.5)	0.8		0.7 °		3 ² 300 ^{2a}			<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Total FATT(hightg)	40 (20)	200				300			~0.5	~0.5	~0.5	~0.5	~0.5	~0.5
ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES Total OCPs (mg/kg)				1 8		240 ^{2a}			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
ORGANOPHOSPHOROUS PESTICIDES Total OPPs (mg/kg)				2 8					<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS Total PCBs (mg/kg)		<50		1 6		1 ^{2a}			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
	4.5.1.40(5.1.0)													
pri	4.5 10 10 (5 10 9)													
Electrical Conductivity (US/m)*														
RTA FOREIGN MATERIALS (%)														
Rubber, plastic, bitumen, paper, cloth, paint and wood	<0.05 (0.1%)													
											1			
ASBESTOS grab sample											<u> </u>			
Grab Sample (ABM and Fibres)	ND	ND				0.01% ^{2aa}			-	-	-		-	
ABM in bulk solids confirmed						bonded			-	-	-	-	-	-
NOTE2: Bold	Above laboratory limits of detection									I				
6cd Bail 05d 05d	Exceeds ENM Abs. Maximum Concentrations Concentration exceeds the HL A Concentration exceeds the EL (Open Parkia Concentration exceeds the ELT) waste disc	r nd and Litban Res) veri cuidelines												
	 Canto 9 - Statuto 9 - Statuto	In the second se	 Construction Construction Constructin Construction Construction Construction Construction Constr	Marcial data of the control of the c										

Project Ref:	TERRA22-165															۷		
ite Details	Manyana Developi	ment													TEDD /	INICIC	ידינוי	
UMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS FOR SOIL SAMPLES	Heavy metals, TPI	H, BTEX, PAH, C	OCP, OPP, P	CB, Asbestos, pH,											IERRA	IN2IC	iHt	
Il resullts in mg/kg unless noted otherwise												1	т – – – –		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			т			19			A1 A2	A3 A4	A6 A7	A9 A10	A12 A13	A14 A15	³ A17 A18	A19 A20	X5 X6	GW01
ample ID				RESHOLD CO	NCENTRATION	15				7.5	70			~10	+	721	X1 X0	·'
Sample Location No.		GSW	RSW	1	1	I	1	1	W22-JI000055	5 W22-JI000055	6W22-JI000055	7W22-JI000055	8W22-JI0000559	W22-JI000054	60W22-JI0000561	W22-J10000562	W22-JI0000563	W22-JI0000509
Date of Sampling	ENM	CCT1	CCT2	EIL/ESL	HSL (A) Soil	HIL (A)	TPH Mgt	(ref 2a)	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022	30/06/2022
ioil Classification					- direct contact		- Limits	<u> </u>						1	-11	· · · · · ·		1
	Abs. Max. Concentration (max Ave Conc)	(EPA NSW)	(EPA	open parkland	(0.0m to <	Low density	residential, parkland and											
Init	(Part 9 Clause	UNO	UNO	resdiential	(Im) sandy Clay	residential	open spaces (Fine Soils)	Background			%							
Pepth interval (m)	9.3)												=		<u> </u>			
)H									-	-			+	í	+	⊢ − +	t	I
loisture content (%)									-	-				1	+ +			i
														<u> </u>				L
IEAVY METALS (TOTAL mg/kg)	10 (00)	400	400	Acco 2 (Acced)		100 2		4 50						I	+	⊢]	l	'
irsenic Vadmium	40 (20)	100	400	100 - (-ij/		100 -		1-50		-				<u> </u>	+	\vdash	ł	'
hromium	150 (IV) (75)	100 (\/l)	400	380 ^{2(aged)}		80 ²		5-1000		-					+	\vdash	ł	
Conner	200 (100)	NA	NA	160 ^{2(aged)}		6 000 ²		2-100		1				1	-			
ead	100 (50)	100	400	1100 2(aged)		300 ^{2a}		2-200	-	-			+	í	+	⊢ − +	t	I
fercurv	1 (0.5)	4	16	1		40 2		0.03	-	-				1	1			1
lickel	60 (30)	40	160	300 2(aged)		400 ²		5-500	-	-								I
inc	300 (150)	NA	NA	350 2(aged)		7400 ²		10-300	-	-								
														 			l	L
STEX (mg/kg)				6	12	- 10								—		\vdash	I	'
lenzene	0.5	10		65 °	0.8 12	0.7 10			-	-				 				'
oluene	65	288		105 *	560 12	480 10				-				<u> </u>	+	\vdash	ł	'
ichyldenzene	20	1000		125	120 ¹²	110 10				-			+		+	⊢	ł	'
	15	1000		45	130	110									+			I
														· · · · ·				
OTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS (mg/kg)																		
1 - C6 - C10 Fraction	-	650		180 ¹²	60 ¹²	4400 ¹³	800 14			-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
36 - C9				12	12	12	14			-	-	-	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
2 >C10 - C16 Fraction	-	-		120 12	330 12	3300 13	1000 14			-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>
20 - C14				4200 12		4 500 13	2500 14		-	-	-	-	-					
3 > C 16- C34 Fraction	-	-		1300		4,500	3500		-	-	-	-				<u> </u>		
4 >C34-C40 Fraction	-	-		5600		6.300 ¹³	##### 14		-	1		1.1			+			
229 - C36				0000		0,000				-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1		-
otal C10-C40	-									-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
otal C6-C9	-	650	#####						-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1		
otal C10-C36	500 (250)	10000	####															
									-					 			I	'
	4 (0.5)	0.0		07 8		2 ²								<u> </u>	+	\vdash	ł	·'
ionzo(a)pyrene (TEQ (Zero)	1 (0.5)	200		0.7		300 ^{2a}			-	-					+	\vdash	ł	
otar PATT (ing/kg)	40 (20)	200				300			μ -	-				1	+	⊢ −−1	ł	
DRGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES															+ +			
otal OCPs (mg/kg)				1 8		240 ^{2a}												
									-					I				'
DRGANOPHOSPHOROUS PESTICIDES				. 0					_						<u> </u>		I	'
otal OPPs (mg/kg)				2 °					-			+	+		+	├─── ┘		
OLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS										-	1	1	+		+			!
otal PCBs (mg/kg)		<50		1 6		1 ^{2a}				1	1	1	+		+	I	ł	
																		I
Н	4.5 to 10 (5 to 9)												-					
lectrical Conductivity (dS/m)*											+	+	+	—	+	<u> </u>	l	'
ectrical Conductivity (DS/m)*									-		+	+	+		+	⊢−−−]		
TA FOREIGN MATERIALS (%)							-		-	-	1	1	+		+			!
Rubber, plastic, bitumen, paper, cloth	<0.05 (0.1%)								-	1	1	1	+		+			
paint and wood	.0.00 (0.178)								-	1	1	1	+ +	i .	+		 	
SBESTOS grab sample											1	1			\perp			
sbestos detected						2 2 1 4 1 200			No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	'
irab Sample (ABM and Fibres)	ND	ND				0.01% 288			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Chreatil-	·'
											1	1		I			and	1
BM in bulk solids confirmed						bonded			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Amosite	'
											I	1			+	<u>г</u>]	
									1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1 1	1 1	. 1	

Annu sharing r hind sharing Annu sharing r hind sharing Annual Section 2014 (1999) (1994) (

¹⁰ Based on NSW UPA, guidelines for Assessing Senice station siles ¹⁰ DER - Interim guidelines on the assessment and management of Perfluoroalityl ar ¹⁰ Table 1A(3) HSLs Soil ¹⁰ Table 1A(3) HSLs Soil

Not Analysed
LOR Limits of Reporting
See original laboratory reports for detection limits

Doki Doki Doki Doki



Terralnsight Pty Ltd U34 no 10-12 Sylvester Ave Unanderra NSW 2626



NATA Accredited Accreditation Number 1261 Site Number 18217

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 – Testing NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration, inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention:

Karen Gates (cc results/SRAs)

Report
Project name
Project ID
Received Date

907069-L ADDITIONAL-MANYANA DEVELOPMENT TERRA22-165 Jul 18, 2022

Client Sample ID Sample Matrix			D4 US Leachate	D9 US Leachate	D12 US Leachate	D15 US Leachate
Eurofins Sample No.			S22-JI0038863	S22-JI0038864	S22-JI0038865	S22-JI0038866
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Heavy Metals						
Nickel	0.01	mg/L	0.02	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.11
USA Leaching Procedure						
Leachate Fluid ^{C01}		comment	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
pH (initial)	0.1	pH Units	7.2	6.2	7.8	9.2
pH (off)	0.1	pH Units	5.2	4.5	4.9	5.3
pH (USA HCI addition)	0.1	pH Units	2.1	2.1	2.2	5.0

Client Sample ID Sample Matrix Eurofins Sample No. Date Sampled			D18 US Leachate S22-JI0038867 Jun 30, 2022	D21 US Leachate S22-JI0038868 Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit		
Heavy Metals				
Nickel	0.01	mg/L	0.11	0.14
USA Leaching Procedure				
Leachate Fluid ^{C01}		comment	1.0	1.0
pH (initial)	0.1	pH Units	6.5	6.6
pH (off)	0.1	pH Units	5.2	4.8
pH (USA HCI addition)	0.1	pH Units	2.1	2.1



Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Heavy Metals	Sydney	Jul 19, 2022	28 Days
- Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters, Soils & Sediments by ICP-MS			
USA Leaching Procedure	Sydney	Jul 19, 2022	14 Days
- Method: LTM-GEN-7010 Leaching Procedure for Soils & Solid Wastes			

		C 1	Eurofins Envi	ronment Testing	g Australia Pty I	Ltd					Eurofins ARL Pty Ltd	Eurofins Environn	nent Testing NZ Ltd
web: w email:	Ww.eurofins.com.au	tins.	Melbourne Geelong Sydney 6 Monterey Road 1% Lewalan Street 179 Magox Dandenong South Grovedale Girraween VIC 3175 VIC 3216 NSW 2145 Tel: +61 3 8564 5000 Tel: +61 3 8564 5000 Tel: +61 2 NATA# 1261 Site# 1254 NATA# 1261 Site# 1254 NATA# 1261			dney 9 Magowar F raween W 2145 I: +61 2 9900 TA# 1261 Si	r Canberra Brisbane Newcastle gowar Road Unit 1,2 Dacre Street 1/21 Smallwood Place 4/52 Industrial Drive ten Mitchell Murarrie Mayfield East NSW 230 145 ACT 2911 QLD 4172 PO Box 60 Wickham 22 12 9900 8400 Tel: +61 2 6113 8091 Tel: +61 7 3902 4600 Tel: +61 2 4968 8448 1261 Site# 18217 NATA# 1261 Site# 20794 NATA# 1261 Site# 2500 NATA# 1261 Site# 20794 NATA# 1261 Site# 2500				ABN: 91 05 0159 898 Perth 46-48 Banksia Road Welshpool 8 WA 6106 Tel: +61 8 6253 4444 NATA# 2377 Site# 2370	N2BN: 942904602495 Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Tel: +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ# 1327	4 Christchurch 43 Detroit Drive Rolleston, Christchurch 7675 Tel: 0800 856 450 IANZ# 1290
Co Ad	ompany Name: Idress:	Terralnsight U34 no 10-1 Unanderra NSW 2626	Pty Ltd 2 Sylvester A	ve				Order No.: Report #: 907 Phone: 045 Fax: 907	7069 58 008 030		Received: Due: Priority: Contact Name:	Jul 18, 2022 3:07 Jul 19, 2022 1 Day Karen Gates (cc re	PM esults/SRAs)
Pro Pro	oject Name: oject ID:	ADDITIONA TERRA22-1	L-MANYANA 65	DEVELOPME	NT					Euro	ofins Analytical Servic	es Manager : Han	nah Mawbey
		Sa	ample Detail			Nickel	USA Leaching Procedure						
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA # 1261	Site # 18217			Х	×	x					
Exte No	ernal Laboratory Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID			_					
1	D4	Jun 30, 2022		US Leachate	S22-JI00388	63 X	>	x					
2	D9	Jun 30, 2022		US Leachate	S22-JI00388	64 X	×	x					
3	D12	Jun 30, 2022		US Leachate	S22-JI00388	65 X	×	x					
4	D15	Jun 30, 2022		US Leachate	S22-JI00388	66 X	×	<u>× </u>					
5	D18	Jun 30, 2022		US Leachate	S22-JI00388	67 X	×	×					
6	D21	Jun 30, 2022		US Leachate	S22-JI00388	68 X	×	×					
Test	t Counts					6	6	6					



Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary

General

- 1. Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples follows guidelines delineated in the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999, as amended May 2013 and are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil/sediment/solid results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
- 3. All biota/food results are reported on a wet weight basis on the edible portion, unless otherwise stated.
- 4. Actual LORs are matrix dependant. Quoted LORs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
- 5. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries except for PFAS compounds.
- 6. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 8. Information identified on this report with blue colour, indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
- 9. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the SRA. If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

For VOCs containing vinyl chloride, styrene and 2-chloroethyl vinyl ether the holding time is 7 days however for all other VOCs such as BTEX or C6-10 TRH then the holding time is 14 days.

Units

mg/kg: milligrams per kilogram	mg/L: milligrams per litre	μg/L: micrograms per litre
ppm: parts per million	ppb: parts per billion	%: Percentage
org/100 mL: Organisms per 100 millilitres	NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units	MPN/100 mL: Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

Terms

APHA	American Public Health Association
сос	Chain of Custody
СР	Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report
CRM	Certified Reference Material (ISO17034) - reported as percent recovery.
Dry	Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.
Duplicate	A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery.
Method Blank	In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands and in the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.
NCP	Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within.
RPD	Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.
SPIKE	Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice
Surr - Surrogate	The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.
ТВТО	Tributyltin oxide (<i>bis</i> -tributyltin oxide) - individual tributyltin compounds cannot be identified separately in the environment however free tributyltin was measured and its values were converted stoichiometrically into tributyltin oxide for comparison with regulatory limits.
TCLP	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure
TEQ	Toxic Equivalency Quotient or Total Equivalence
QSM	US Department of Defense Quality Systems Manual Version 5.4
US EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
WA DWER	Sum of PFBA, PFPeA, PFHxA, PFHpA, PFOA, PFBS, PFHxS, PFOS, 6:2 FTSA, 8:2 FTSA

QC - Acceptance Criteria

The acceptance criteria should be used as a guide only and may be different when site specific Sampling Analysis and Quality Plan (SAQP) have been implemented RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR: No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR: RPD must lie between 0-50%

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-30%

NOTE: pH duplicates are reported as a range not as RPD

Surrogate Recoveries: Recoveries must lie between 20-130% for Speciated Phenols & 50-150% for PFAS

PFAS field samples that contain surrogate recoveries in excess of the QC limit designated in QSM 5.4 where no positive PFAS results have been reported have been reviewed and no data was affected.

QC Data General Comments

- 1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
- 2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
- 3. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore, laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time. Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
- 4. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
- 5. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash "-" in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
- 6. Duplicate RPDs are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data



Quality Control Results

Test			Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Method Blank									
Heavy Metals									
Nickel			mg/L	< 0.01			0.01	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery									
Heavy Metals									
Nickel			%	95			80-120	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Spike - % Recovery									
Heavy Metals				Result 1					
Nickel	S22-JI0038867	CP	%	95			75-125	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Duplicate									
Heavy Metals				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Nickel	S22-JI0031892	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	



Comments

Sample Integrity	
Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	Yes
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Qualifier Codes/Comments

Description

Code

C01 Leachate Fluid Key: 1 - pH 5.0; 2 - pH 2.9; 3 - pH 9.2; 4 - Reagent (DI) water; 5 - Client sample, 6 - other

Authorised by:

Hannah Mawbey Gabriele Cordero Analytical Services Manager Senior Analyst-Metal

Glenn Jackson General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested
- * Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service
- Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please click here.

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.



Terralnsight Pty Ltd U34 no 10-12 Sylvester Ave Unanderra NSW 2626





NATA Accredited Accreditation Number 1261 Site Number 18217

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 – Testing NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration, inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention:

Karen Gates (cc results/SRAs)

Report
Project name
Project ID
Received Date

907441-L ADDITIONAL-MANYANA DEVELOPMENT TERRA22-165 Jul 20, 2022

Client Sample ID			D8
Sample Matrix			US Leachate
Eurofins Sample No.			S22-JI0041744
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	
Heavy Metals			
Lead	0.01	mg/L	0.03
USA Leaching Procedure			
Leachate Fluid ^{C01}		comment	1.0
pH (initial)	0.1	pH Units	6.5
pH (off)	0.1	pH Units	5.4
pH (USA HCI addition)	0.1	pH Units	2.1



Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Heavy Metals	Sydney	Jul 20, 2022	28 Days
- Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters, Soils & Sediments by ICP-MS			
USA Leaching Procedure	Sydney	Jul 20, 2022	14 Days
- Method: LTM-GEN-7010 Leaching Procedure for Soils & Solid Wastes			

Eurofins Environment Testing Australia Pty Lto					Ltd						Eurofins ARL Pty Ltd	Eurofins Environn	ent Testing NZ Ltd	
web: ww email: E	w.eurofins.com.au	rins	ABN: 50 005 085 Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong Sour VIC 3175 Tel: +61 3 8564 NATA# 1261 Site	5 521 Geelong d 19/8 Lewa th Grovedale VIC 3216 5000 Tel: +61 3 e# 1254 NATA# 12	Sy alan Street 17 9 Gi 8564 5000 Te 261 Site# 1254 N/	ydney 79 Magowa irraween SW 2145 el: +61 2 99 ATA# 1261	ar Roa 900 84 1 Site#	ad 400 # 18217	Canberra Unit 1,2 Dacre Street Mitchell ACT 2911 Tel: +61 2 6113 8091 7	Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Tel: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA# 1261 Site# 2079	Newcastle 4/52 Industrial Drive Mayfield East NSW 2304 PO Box 60 Wickham 2293 Tel: +61 2 4968 8448 4 NATA# 1261 Site# 25079	ABN: 91 05 0159 898 Perth 46-48 Banksia Road Welshpool WA 6106 Tel: +61 8 6253 4444 NATA# 2377 Site# 2370	NZBN: 942904602495 Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Tel: +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ# 1327	4 Christchurch 43 Detroit Drive Rolleston, Christchurch 7675 Tel: 0800 856 450 IANZ# 1290
Cor Add	npany Name: dress:	Terralnsight U34 no 10-1 Unanderra NSW 2626	: Pty Ltd 2 Sylvester A	Ave				Or Re Ph Fa	rder No.: eport #: 907 none: 043 ax:	7441 58 008 030		Received: Due: Priority: Contact Name:	Jul 20, 2022 11:07 Jul 21, 2022 1 Day Karen Gates (cc re	AM esults/SRAs)
Pro Pro	ject Name: ject ID:	ADDITIONA TERRA22-1	L-MANYANA 65	DEVELOPME	NT						Euro	ofins Analytical Servic	es Manager : Hanı	nah Mawbey
		Sa	ample Detail				Lead	USA Leaching Procedure						
Syan Exter	ey Laboratory -	NATA # 1261	Site # 18217	·			×	<u>x</u>	-					
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID)								
1	D8	Jun 30, 2022		US Leachate	S22-JI00417	744	х	х						
Test	Counts						1	1]					

Page 3 of 6



Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary

General

- 1. Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples follows guidelines delineated in the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999, as amended May 2013 and are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil/sediment/solid results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
- 3. All biota/food results are reported on a wet weight basis on the edible portion, unless otherwise stated.
- 4. Actual LORs are matrix dependant. Quoted LORs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
- 5. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries except for PFAS compounds.
- 6. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 8. Information identified on this report with blue colour, indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
- 9. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the SRA. If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

For VOCs containing vinyl chloride, styrene and 2-chloroethyl vinyl ether the holding time is 7 days however for all other VOCs such as BTEX or C6-10 TRH then the holding time is 14 days.

Units

mg/kg: milligrams per kilogram	mg/L: milligrams per litre	μg/L: micrograms per litre
ppm: parts per million	ppb: parts per billion	%: Percentage
org/100 mL: Organisms per 100 millilitres	NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units	MPN/100 mL: Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

Terms

APHA	American Public Health Association
сос	Chain of Custody
СР	Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report
CRM	Certified Reference Material (ISO17034) - reported as percent recovery.
Dry	Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.
Duplicate	A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery.
Method Blank	In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands and in the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.
NCP	Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within.
RPD	Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.
SPIKE	Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice
Surr - Surrogate	The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.
ТВТО	Tributyltin oxide (<i>bis</i> -tributyltin oxide) - individual tributyltin compounds cannot be identified separately in the environment however free tributyltin was measured and its values were converted stoichiometrically into tributyltin oxide for comparison with regulatory limits.
TCLP	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure
TEQ	Toxic Equivalency Quotient or Total Equivalence
QSM	US Department of Defense Quality Systems Manual Version 5.4
US EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
WA DWER	Sum of PFBA, PFPeA, PFHxA, PFHpA, PFOA, PFBS, PFHxS, PFOS, 6:2 FTSA, 8:2 FTSA

QC - Acceptance Criteria

The acceptance criteria should be used as a guide only and may be different when site specific Sampling Analysis and Quality Plan (SAQP) have been implemented RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR: No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR: RPD must lie between 0-50%

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-30%

NOTE: pH duplicates are reported as a range not as RPD

Surrogate Recoveries: Recoveries must lie between 20-130% for Speciated Phenols & 50-150% for PFAS

PFAS field samples that contain surrogate recoveries in excess of the QC limit designated in QSM 5.4 where no positive PFAS results have been reported have been reviewed and no data was affected.

QC Data General Comments

- 1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
- 2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
- 3. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore, laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time. Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
- 4. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
- 5. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash "-" in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
 - 6. Duplicate RPDs are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data



Quality Control Results

Test	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code		
Method Blank									
Heavy Metals									
Lead			mg/L	< 0.01			0.01	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery									
Heavy Metals									
Lead			%	95			80-120	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Spike - % Recovery									
Heavy Metals				Result 1					
Lead	S22-JI0041719	NCP	%	106			75-125	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Duplicate									
Heavy Metals				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Lead	N22-JI0024308	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	



Comments

Sample Integrity	
Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	Yes
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Qualifier Codes/Comments

Description

Code

C01 Leachate Fluid Key: 1 - pH 5.0; 2 - pH 2.9; 3 - pH 9.2; 4 - Reagent (DI) water; 5 - Client sample, 6 - other

Authorised by:

Quinn Raw Gabriele Cordero Analytical Services Manager Senior Analyst-Metal

Glenn Jackson General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested
- * Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service
- Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please click here.

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.



Certificate of Analysis

Terralnsight Pty Ltd U34 no 10-12 Sylvester Ave Unanderra **NSW 2626**



Environment Testing

NATA Accredited Accreditation Number 1261 Site Number 18217

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025–Testing NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration, inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention: Report Project Name Project ID Received Date Date Reported	Karen Gates (cc results/SRAs) 902307-AID MANYANA DEVELOPMENT TERRA22-165 Jul 01, 2022 Jul 08, 2022
Methodology: Asbestos Fibre Identification	Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 – 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques. NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.
Unknown Mineral Fibres	Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity. NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.
Subsampling Soil Samples	The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a sub-sampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed. NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be sub-sampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
Bonded asbestos- containing material (ACM)	The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004. NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.
Limit of Reporting	The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w). The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk). NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.



MANYANA DEVELOPMENT
TERRA22-165
Jun 30, 2022
902307-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
A1 A2 A11	22-JI0000555	Jun 30, 2022	Approximate Sample 460g Sample consisted of: Brown fine-grained clayey soil, plaster, organic debris and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
A3 A4 A5	22-JI0000556	Jun 30, 2022	Approximate Sample 337g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained soil, organic debris and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
A6 A7 A8	22-JI0000557	Jun 30, 2022	Approximate Sample 381g Sample consisted of: Brown fine-grained clayey soil, plaster, organic debris and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
A9 A10	22-JI0000558	Jun 30, 2022	Approximate Sample 385g Sample consisted of: Brown fine-grained clayey soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
A12 A13	22-JI0000559	Jun 30, 2022	Approximate Sample 411g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained soil, plaster, organic debris and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
A14 A15 A16	22-JI0000560	Jun 30, 2022	Approximate Sample 422g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained soil, plaster, glass, organic debris and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
A17 A18	22-JI0000561	Jun 30, 2022	Approximate Sample 364g Sample consisted of: Brown fine-grained clayey soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
A19 A20 A21	22-JI0000562	Jun 30, 2022	Approximate Sample 464g Sample consisted of: Brown fine-grained clayey soil, plaster, organic debris and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.



Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
X5 X6 X7 X8 (NEAR A12)	22-JI0000563	Jun 30, 2022	Approximate Sample 124g / 100x65x10mm Sample consisted of: Grey fibre cement material and coating	Chrysotile and amosite asbestos detected.


Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description

Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8020 Asbestos - LTM-ASB-8020

Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time				
Sydney	Jul 01, 2022	Indefinite				
Sydney	Jul 01, 2022	Indefinite				

	Eurofins Environment Testing Australia Pty Lt					ty Ltd					Eurofins ARL Pty Ltd	Eurofins Environment Testing NZ Ltd		
web: www.eurofins.com.au email: EnviroSales@eurofins		ABN: 50 005 085 521 Melbourne Geel 6 Monterey Road 19/8 Dandenong South Grov VIC 3175 VIC 3 Tel: +61 3 8564 5000 Tel: - fins.com NATA# 1261 Site# 1254 NAT.		elong Sydney '8 Lewalan Street 179 Mago' ovedale Girraween 2 3216 NSW 214! I: +61 3 8564 5000 Tel: +61 2 TTA# 1261 Site# 1254 NATA# 12		owar Road 3n 45 2 9900 8400 1261 Site# 1821		Canberra Unit 1,2 Dacre Street Mitchell ACT 2911 Tel: +61 2 6113 8091 7	Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Tel: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA# 1261 Site# 2079	Newcastle 4/52 Industrial Drive Mayfield East NSW 2304 PO Box 60 Wickham 2293 Tel: +61 2 4968 8448 4 NATA# 1261 Site# 25079	Perth 46-48 Banksia Road Welshpool WA 6106 Tel: +61 8 6253 4444 NATA# 2377 Site# 2370	Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Tel: +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ# 1327	* Christchurch 43 Detroit Drive Rolleston, Christchurch 7675 Tel: 0800 856 450 IANZ# 1290	
Co Ad Pro	mpany Name: dress: bject Name:	Terralnsight U34 no 10-1 Unanderra NSW 2626 MANYANA I	Pty Ltd 2 Sylvester A DEVELOPME	we ENT				O Re Pi Fa	rder No.: eport #: 902 hone: 045 ax:	2307 58 008 030		Received: Due: Priority: Contact Name:	Jul 1, 2022 9:45 Al Jul 8, 2022 5 Day Karen Gates (cc re	M sults/SRAs)
Pro	oject ID:	TERRA22-1	65								Euro	ofins Analytical Servic	es Manager : Hanr	nah Mawbey
		Sa	ample Detail				Asbestos - WA guidelines	Asbestos Absence /Presence						
Sydi	ney Laboratory	- NATA # 1261	Site # 18217	,			Х	Х						
Exte	rnal Laboratory	1							_					
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matr	ix LAB	ID								
1	A1 A2 A11	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00555	Х							
2	A3 A4 A5	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00556	Х		-					
3	A6 A7 A8	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00557	Х		-					
4	A9 A10	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00558	Х		-					
5	A12 A13	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00559	Х		-					
6	A14 A15 A16	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00560	Х		-					
7	A17 A18	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00561	Х		-					
8	A19 A20 A21	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00562	Х		-					
9	X5 X6 X7 X8 (NEAR A12)	Jun 30, 2022		Building Materials	W22-JI00	00563		Х	_					
Test	Counts						8	1						



Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary General

- 1
- 2 3
- 4. 5.
- QC data may be available on request. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis. Information identified on this report with the colour **blue** indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results. Information identified on this report with the colour **orange** indicates sections of the report not covered by the laboratory's scope of NATA accreditation. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.
- 6.

Holding Times

Please refer to the most recent version of the 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001). If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the

date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units	
% w/w:	Percentage weight-for-weight basis, e.g. of asbestos in asbestos-containing finds in soil samples (% w/w)
F/fld	Airborne fibre filter loading as Fibres (N) per Fields counted (n)
F/ML a. ka	Airborne fibre reported concentration as Hores per millilite of air drawn over the sampler membrane (C) Mass, e.g. of whole sample (M) or asbestos-containing find within the sample (m)
g/kg	Concentration in grams per kilogram
L, mL	Volume, e.g. of air as measured in AFM ($V = r \times t$) airborne fibre sampling Elowrate as litras per minute of air drawn over the sampler membrane (r).
min	Time (t), e.g. of air sample collection period
Calculations	
Airborne Fibre Concentration:	$C = \binom{A}{a} \times \binom{N}{n} \times \binom{1}{r} \times \binom{1}{r} = K \times \binom{N}{n} \times \binom{1}{v}$
Asbestos Content (as asbestos):	$\% w/w = \frac{(m \times P_A)}{M}$
Weighted Average (of asbestos):	$\mathscr{H}_{WA} = \sum \frac{(m \times P_A)_x}{x}$
Terms	
%asbestos	Estimated percentage of asbestos in a given matrix. May be derived from knowledge or experience of the material, informed by HSG264 Appendix 2, else assumed to be 15% in accordance with WA DOH Appendix 2 (P _A).
ACM	Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded (non-friable) condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, ACM corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm.
AF	Asbestos Fines. Asbestos contamination within a soil sample, as defined by WA DOH. Includes loose fibre bundles and small pieces of friable and non-friable material such as asbestos cement fragments mixed with soil. Considered under the NEPM as equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".
AFM	Airborne Fibre Monitoring, e.g. by the MFM.
Amosite	Amosite Asbestos Detected. Amosite may also refer to Fibrous Grunerite or Brown Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
AS	Australian Standard.
Asbestos Content (as asbestos)	Total % w/w asbestos content in asbestos-containing finds in a soil sample (% w/w).
Chrysotile	Chrysotile Asbestos Detected. Chrysotile may also refer to Fibrous Serpentine or White Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
COC	Chain of Custody.
Crocidolite	Crocidolite Asbestos Detected. Crocidolite may also refer to Fibrous Riebeckite or Blue Asbestos. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
Dry	Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis.
DS	Dispersion Staining. Technique required for Unequivocal Identification of asbestos fibres by PLM.
FA	Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing material that is wholly or in part friable, including materials with higher asbestos content with a propensity to become friable with handling, and any material that was previously non-friable and in a severely degraded condition. For the purposes of the NEPM and WA DOH, FA generally corresponds to material larger than 7 mm x 7 mm, although FA may be more difficult to visibly distinguish and may be assessed as AF.
Fibre Count	Total of all fibres (whether asbestos or not) meeting the counting criteria set out in the NOHSC:3003
Fibre ID	Fibre Identification. Unequivocal identification of asbestos fibres according to AS 4964-2004. Includes Chrysotile, Amosite (Grunerite) or Crocidolite asbestos.
Friable	Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.
HSG248	UK HSE HSG248, Asbestos: The Analysts Guide, 2nd Edition (2021).
HSG264	UK HSE HSG264, Asbestos: The Survey Guide (2012).
ISO (also ISO/IEC)	International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission.
K Factor	Microscope constant (K) as derived from the effective filter area of the given AFM membrane used for collecting the sample (A) and the projected eyepiece graticule area of the specific microscope used for the analysis (a).
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
MFM (also NOHSC:3003)	Membrane Filter Method. As described by the Australian Government National Occupational Health and Safety Commission, Guidance Note on the Membrane Filter Method for Estimating Airborne Asbestos Fibres, 2nd Edition [NOHSC:3003(2005)].
NEPM (also ASC NEPM)	National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, (2013, as amended).
Organic	Organic Fibres Detected. Organic may refer to Natural or Man-Made Polymeric Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
PCM	Phase Contrast Microscopy. As used for Fibre Counting according to the MFM.
PLM	Polarised Light Microscopy. As used for Fibre Identification and Trace Analysis according to AS 4964-2004.
SMF	Synthetic Mineral Fibre Detected. SMF may also refer to Man Made Vitreous Fibres. Identified in accordance with AS 4964-2004.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice.
Trace Analysis	Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres (particularly asbestos) in a given sample matrix.
UK HSE HSG	United Kingdom, Health and Safety Executive, Health and Safety Guidance, publication.
UMF	Unidentified Mineral Fibre Detected. Fibrous minerals that are detected but have not been unequivocally identified by PLM with DS according the AS 4964-2004. May include (but not limited to) Actinolite, Anthophyllite or Tremolite asbestos.
WA DOH	Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos- Contaminated Sites in Western Australia (updated 2021), including Appendix Four: Laboratory analysis
Weighted Average	Combined average % w/w asbestos content of all asbestos-containing finds in the given aliquot or total soil sample (%wA).



Comments

22-JI0000555 to 22-JI0000562: Samples received were less than the nominal 500mL as recommended in Section 4.10 of the NEPM Schedule B1 - Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater.

Sample Integrity	
Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	Yes
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Laxman Dias

Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Authorised by:

Sayeed Abu

Senior Analyst-Asbestos

Glenn Jackson General Manager

Final Report - this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please click here.

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

🔅 eurofins

Environment Testing

Terralnsight Pty Ltd U34 no 10-12 Sylvester Ave Unanderra NSW 2626





NATA Accredited Accreditation Number 1261 Site Number 18217

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 – Testing NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration, inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention:

Karen Gates (cc results/SRAs)

Report Project name Project ID Received Date 902292-W-V3 MANYANA DEVELOPMENT TERRA22-165 Jul 01, 2022

			1
Client Sample ID			6W01
Sample Matrix			Water
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000509
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	
Organochlorine Pesticides			
Chlordanes - Total	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
4.4'-DDD	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
4.4'-DDE	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
4.4'-DDT	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
a-HCH	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Aldrin	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
b-HCH	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
d-HCH	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Dieldrin	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Endosulfan I	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Endosulfan II	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Endosulfan sulphate	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Endrin	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Endrin aldehyde	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Endrin ketone	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
g-HCH (Lindane)	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Heptachlor	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Heptachlor epoxide	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Hexachlorobenzene	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Methoxychlor	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Toxaphene	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	102
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	83
Organophosphorus Pesticides			
Azinphos-methyl	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Bolstar	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Chlorfenvinphos	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02
Chlorpyrifos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Coumaphos	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02
Demeton-S	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002



Client Sample ID			6W01
Sample Matrix			Water
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000509
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	
Organophosphorus Pesticides			
Demeton-O	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Diazinon	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Dichlorvos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Dimethoate	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Disulfoton	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
EPN	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Ethion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Ethoprop	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Ethyl parathion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Fenitrothion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Fensulfothion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Fenthion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Malathion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Merphos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Methyl parathion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Mevinphos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Monocrotophos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Naled	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Omethoate	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02
Phorate	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02
Pyrazophos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Ronnel	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Terbufos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Tokuthion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Trichloronate	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	131
Polychlorinated Biphenyls			
Aroclor-1016	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005
Aroclor-1221	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005
Aroclor-1232	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005
Aroclor-1242	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005
Aroclor-1248	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005
Aroclor-1254	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005
Aroclor-1260	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005
Total PCB*	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	102
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	83



Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Eurofins Suite B15			
Organochlorine Pesticides	Sydney	Jul 07, 2022	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2220 OCP & PCB in Soil and Water			
Organophosphorus Pesticides	Sydney	Jul 07, 2022	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2200 Organophosphorus Pesticides by GC-MS			
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	Sydney	Jul 07, 2022	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2220 OCP & PCB in Soil and Water			

Eurofins Env ABN: 50 005 08			r <mark>ironme</mark> 5 521	nt Testing Australia I	Pty Ltd							Eurofins ARL Pty Ltd ABN: 91 05 0159 898	Eurofins Environment Testing NZ Ltd NZBN: 9429046024954				
web: v email:	web: www.eurofins.com.au email: EnviroSales@eurofins.com		Melbourne 6 Monterey Roa Dandenong Sou VIC 3175 Tel: +61 3 8564 NATA# 1261 Sit	telbourne Geelong Sydi Monterey Road 19/8 Lewalan Street 179 Jandenong South Grovedale Girra VIC 3175 VIC 3216 NSV *el: +61 3 8564 5000 Tel: +61 3 8564 5000 Tel: IATA# 1261 Site# 1254 NATA# 1261 Site# 1254 NAT		Sydney 179 Mago Girraweer NSW 214 Tel: +61 2 NATA# 12	Sydney 179 Magowar Road Girraween NSW 2145 Tel: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA# 1261 Site# 18217		Canberra Unit 1,2 Dacre Street Mitchell ACT 2911 Tel: +61 2 6113 8091			t 1	Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Tel: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA# 1261 Site# 20794	Newcastle 4/52 Industrial Drive Mayfield East NSW 2304 PO Box 60 Wickham 2293 Tel: +61 2 4968 8448 4 NATA# 1261 Site# 25079	Perth 46-48 Banksia Road Welshpool WA 6106 Tel: +61 8 6253 4444 NATA# 2377 Site# 2370	Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Tel: +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ# 1327	Christchurch 43 Detroit Drive Rolleston, Christchurch 7675 Tel: 0800 856 450 IANZ# 1290
Co Ao	ompany Name: ddress:	Terralnsight U34 no 10-1 Unanderra NSW 2626	: Pty Ltd I2 Sylvester /	٩ve				O Re Pi Fa	rder N eport none: ax:	lo.: #:	ç	9022 0458	92 008 030		Received: Due: Priority: Contact Name:	Jul 1, 2022 9:45 Al Jul 8, 2022 5 Day Karen Gates (cc re	M sults/SRAs)
Project Name:MANYANA DEVELOPMENTProject ID:TERRA22-165														Euro	fins Analytical Servic	es Manager : Hanr	nah Mawbey
Sample Detail					Eurofins Suite B15	Chromium (speciated)	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins Suite B1	Eurofins Suite B7A							
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA # 1261	Site # 18217	7			X	X	Х	X	Х	X	_				
Exte	ernal Laboratory												_				
NO	Sample ID	Sample Date	Time	M	latrix LAB	ID											
1	D1	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00485			х			Х					
2	D2	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00486	Х	X	Х			Х	_				
3	D3	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00487		Х	Х			Х	_				
4	D4	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00488		Х	Х			Х	_				
5	D5	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00489	Х	X	Х			Х	_				
6	D6	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00490		X	Х			Х	_				
7	D7	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00491		X	Х			Х	4				
8	D8	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00492		X	X			X	4				
9	D9	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00493		X	X			X	4				
10	D10	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00494		X	X			Х	4				
11	D11	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00495		X	X	X		X	4				
12	D12	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00496		X	X		<u> </u>	X	4				
13	D13	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00497		Х	Х			Х					

Page 4 of 11

		~	Eurofins Environn	nent Testing Australia F	Pty Ltd									Eurofins ARL Pty Ltd	Eurofins Environm	ent Testing NZ Ltd
web: www.eurofins.com.au email: EnviroSales@eurofins.com		com	ABN: 50 005 085 521 Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Tel: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA# 1261 Site# 125	Geelong 19/8 Lewalan Street Grovedale VIC 3216 Tel: +61 3 8564 5000 14 NATA# 1261 Site# 1254	Geelong Sydney 19/8 Lewalan Street 179 Mago Grovedale Girraweer VIC 3216 NSW 214' Tel: +61 3 8564 5000 Tel: +61 2 NATA# 1261 Site# 1254 NATA# 12		/ gowar Road en 145 1 2 9900 8400 1261 Site# 1821		Canberra Unit 1,2 Dacre Street Mitchell ACT 2911 Tel: +61 2 6113 8091 7		et 1	Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Tel: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA# 1261 Site# 20794	Newcastle 4/52 Industrial Drive Mayfield East NSW 2304 PO Box 60 Wickham 2293 Tel: +61 2 4968 8448 4 NATA# 1261 Site# 25079	Perth 46-48 Banksia Road Welshpool WA 6106 Tel: +61 8 6253 4444 NATA# 2377 Site# 2370	NZBN: 9429046024954 Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Tel: +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ# 1327	Christchurch 43 Detroit Drive Rolleston, Christchurch 7675 Tel: 0800 856 450 IANZ# 1290
Ca Aa	ompany Name: ddress:	Terralnsigh U34 no 10- Unanderra NSW 2626	t Pty Ltd 12 Sylvester Ave				Oi Re Pi Fa	rder N eport none: ax:	lo.: #:	((9022 0458	92 008 030		Received: Due: Priority: Contact Name:	Jul 1, 2022 9:45 Al Jul 8, 2022 5 Day Karen Gates (cc re	∕I sults/SRAs)
Project Name:MANYANA DEVELOPMENTProject ID:TERRA22-165													Euro	fins Analytical Servic	es Manager : Hanr	ah Mawbey
Sample Detail				Eurofins Suite B15	Chromium (speciated)	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins Suite B1	Eurofins Suite B7A							
Syd	ney Laboratory -	NATA # 1261	Site # 18217	F		Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х					
14	D14	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00498			Х			X					
15	D15	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00499			Х			X					
16	D16	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00500			Х			X					
17	D17	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00501		Х	Х			X					
18	D18	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00502		Х	Х			Х					
19	D19	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00503		Х	Х			Х					
20	D20	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00504		Х	Х			Х					
21	D21	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00505		Х	х			Х					
22	D7.2	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00506			х		х						
23	D13.2	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00507			Х		Х						
24	TB01	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00508			Х		Х						
25	6W01	Jun 30, 2022	Wat	er W22-JI00	00509	Х										
Tes	t Counts					3	17	24	1	3	21					



Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary

General

- 1. Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples follows guidelines delineated in the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999, as amended May 2013 and are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil/sediment/solid results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
- 3. All biota/food results are reported on a wet weight basis on the edible portion, unless otherwise stated.
- 4. Actual LORs are matrix dependant. Quoted LORs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
- 5. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries except for PFAS compounds.
- 6. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 8. Information identified on this report with blue colour, indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
- 9. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the SRA. If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

For VOCs containing vinyl chloride, styrene and 2-chloroethyl vinyl ether the holding time is 7 days however for all other VOCs such as BTEX or C6-10 TRH then the holding time is 14 days.

Units

mg/kg: milligrams per kilogram	mg/L: milligrams per litre	μg/L: micrograms per litre
ppm: parts per million	ppb: parts per billion	%: Percentage
org/100 mL: Organisms per 100 millilitres	NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units	MPN/100 mL: Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

Terms

APHA	American Public Health Association
сос	Chain of Custody
СР	Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report
CRM	Certified Reference Material (ISO17034) - reported as percent recovery.
Dry	Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.
Duplicate	A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery.
Method Blank	In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands and in the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.
NCP	Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within.
RPD	Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.
SPIKE	Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice
Surr - Surrogate	The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.
ТВТО	Tributyltin oxide (<i>bis</i> -tributyltin oxide) - individual tributyltin compounds cannot be identified separately in the environment however free tributyltin was measured and its values were converted stoichiometrically into tributyltin oxide for comparison with regulatory limits.
TCLP	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure
TEQ	Toxic Equivalency Quotient or Total Equivalence
QSM	US Department of Defense Quality Systems Manual Version 5.4
US EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
WA DWER	Sum of PFBA, PFPeA, PFHxA, PFHpA, PFOA, PFBS, PFHxS, PFOS, 6:2 FTSA, 8:2 FTSA

QC - Acceptance Criteria

The acceptance criteria should be used as a guide only and may be different when site specific Sampling Analysis and Quality Plan (SAQP) have been implemented RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR: No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR: RPD must lie between 0-50%

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-30%

NOTE: pH duplicates are reported as a range not as RPD

Surrogate Recoveries: Recoveries must lie between 20-130% for Speciated Phenols & 50-150% for PFAS

PFAS field samples that contain surrogate recoveries in excess of the QC limit designated in QSM 5.4 where no positive PFAS results have been reported have been reviewed and no data was affected.

QC Data General Comments

- 1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
- 2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
- 3. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore, laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time. Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
- 4. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
- 5. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash "-" in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
- 6. Duplicate RPDs are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data



Quality Control Results

Test	Units	Result 1		Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Method Blank				-		
Organochlorine Pesticides						
Chlordanes - Total	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
а-НСН	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
Aldrin	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
b-HCH	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
d-HCH	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
Dieldrin	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
Endosulfan I	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
Endosulfan II	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
Endrin	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
Endrin ketone	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
g-HCH (Lindane)	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
Heptachlor	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
Methoxychlor	mg/L	< 0.0002		0.0002	Pass	
Toxaphene	mg/L	< 0.005		0.005	Pass	
Method Blank		1				
Organophosphorus Pesticides	1					
Bolstar	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Chlorfenvinphos	mg/L	< 0.02		0.02	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Coumaphos	mg/L	< 0.02		0.02	Pass	
Demeton-S	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Demeton-O	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Diazinon	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Dichlorvos	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Dimethoate	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Fendulfothion	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Fertisan	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Malathian	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Morphos	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Methyl parathion	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
	mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Monocrotophos	mg/L			0.002	Page	
Naled	mg/L			0.002	Page	
Omethoate	mg/L			0.002	Page	
Dhorate	mg/L			0.02	Page	
	mg/L			0.002	Page	
	ing/∟	_ < 0.0∠		0.02	F d 55	



Test			Units	Result 1		Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Ronnel			mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Terbufos			mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Tetrachlorvinphos			mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Tokuthion			mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Trichloronate			mg/L	< 0.002		0.002	Pass	
Method Blank			Ŭ					
Polychlorinated Biphenyls								
Aroclor-1016			mg/L	< 0.005		0.005	Pass	
Aroclor-1221			mg/L	< 0.005		0.005	Pass	
Aroclor-1232			mg/L	< 0.005		0.005	Pass	
Aroclor-1242			mg/L	< 0.005		0.005	Pass	
Aroclor-1248			mg/L	< 0.005		0.005	Pass	
Aroclor-1254			mg/L	< 0.005		0.005	Pass	
Aroclor-1260			mg/L	< 0.005		0.005	Pass	
Total PCB*			mg/L	< 0.005		0.005	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery								
Organochlorine Pesticides								
4.4'-DDE			%	76		70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDT			%	79		70-130	Pass	
a-HCH			%	85		70-130	Pass	
b-HCH			%	71		70-130	Pass	
d-HCH			%	71		70-130	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde			%	75		70-130	Pass	
g-HCH (Lindane)			%	96		70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor			%	88		70-130	Pass	
Methoxychlor			%	117		70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					· · · ·			
Organophosphorus Pesticides								
Dimethoate			%	71		70-130	Pass	
Ethion			%	108		70-130	Pass	
Fenitrothion		%	124		70-130	Pass		
Mevinphos			%	78		70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery				1	1 1	1		
Polychlorinated Biphenyls								
Aroclor-1016			%	74		70-130	Pass	
Aroclor-1260			%	73		70-130	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA	Units	Result 1		Acceptance	Pass	Qualifying
Spike - % Pecovery	-	Source				Linits	LIIIIIIS	Coue
Organochlorine Pesticides				Result 1				
	S22- In0062338	NCP	%	77		70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	S22-In0062338	NCP	70 %	74		70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	S22-In0062338	NCP	70 %	77		70-130	Pass	
h-HCH	S22-In0062338	NCP	70 %	81		70-130	Pass	
d-HCH	S22-In0062338	NCP	70 %	75		70-130	Pass	
Dieldrin	S22-Jn0062338	NCP	%	70		70-130	Pass	
Endrin aldehvde	S22-Jn0062338	NCP	%	73		70-130	Pass	
g-HCH (Lindane)	S22-Jn0062338	NCP	%	82		70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor	S22-Jn0062338	NCP	%	97		70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	S22-Jn0062338	NCP	%	72		70-130	Pass	
Methoxychlor	S22-Jn0062338	NCP	%	124		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	5 510002000		,,,	1 1 2 1				
Organophosphorus Pesticides				Result 1				
Ethion	S22-Jn0062338	NCP	%	103		70-130	Pass	
Fenitrothion	S22-Jn0062338	NCP	%	121		70-130	Pass	
					I I			



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Spike - % Recovery							1	1	
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	1			Result 1					
Aroclor-1016	S22-Jn0062338	NCP	%	94			70-130	Pass	
Aroclor-1260	S22-Jn0062338	NCP	%	104			70-130	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Duplicate							1		
Organochlorine Pesticides				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Chlordanes - Total	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
а-НСН	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Aldrin	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
b-HCH	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
d-HCH	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Dieldrin	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan I	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan II	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin ketone	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
g-HCH (Lindane)	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Methoxychlor	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Toxaphene	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate							1		
Organophosphorus Pesticides				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		_	
Azinphos-methyl	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Bolstar	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Chlorfenvinphos	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Coumaphos	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass	
Demeton-S	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Demeton-O	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Diazinon	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Dichlorvos	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Dimethoate	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Disulfoton	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
EPN	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethion	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethoprop	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethyl parathion	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Fenitrothion	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Fensulfothion	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Fenthion	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Malathion	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Merphos	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Methyl parathion	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Mevinphos	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Monocrotophos	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	



Duplicate											
Organophosphorus Pesticides				Result 1	Result 2	RPD					
Naled	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass			
Omethoate	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass			
Phorate	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass			
Pirimiphos-methyl	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass			
Pyrazophos	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass			
Ronnel	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass			
Terbufos	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass			
Tetrachlorvinphos	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass			
Tokuthion	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass			
Trichloronate	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass			
Duplicate											
Polychlorinated Biphenyls				Result 1	Result 2	RPD					
Aroclor-1016	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass			
Aroclor-1221	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass			
Aroclor-1232	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass			
Aroclor-1242	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass			
Aroclor-1248	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass			
Aroclor-1254	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass			
Aroclor-1260	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass			
Total PCB*	S22-Jn0062337	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass			



Comments

Sample Integrity	
Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	Yes
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Authorised by:

Hannah Mawbey Roopesh Rangarajan Analytical Services Manager Senior Analyst-Organic

Glenn Jackson General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please click here.

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

🔅 eurofins

Environment Testing

Terralnsight Pty Ltd U34 no 10-12 Sylvester Ave Unanderra NSW 2626





Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 – Testing NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration, inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention:

Karen Gates (cc results/SRAs)

Report Project name Project ID Received Date 902292-S-V3 MANYANA DEVELOPMENT TERRA22-165 Jul 01, 2022

Client Sample ID			D1	G01 D2	D3	G01 D4
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000485	W22-JI0000486	W22-JI0000487	W22-JI0000488
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fract	ions					
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	450	43	61	100
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	720	250	150	390
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	310	310	410	560
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	1480	603	621	1050
BTEX						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total*	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	78	81	69	85
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fract	ions					
Naphthalene ^{N02}	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) ^{N01}	50	mg/kg	450	53	54	100
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1) ^{N04}	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons						
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene ^{N07}	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5



Client Sample ID			D1	G01 D2	D3	G01 D4
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000485	W22-JI0000486	W22-JI0000487	W22-JI0000488
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022
Test/Poference		Linit	oun 00, 2022	001100, 2022	001100, 2022	0011 00, 2022
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LUK	Unit				
	0.5	~~~//ca	- 0 F	- 0 F	- 0.5	.05
Report Property Control	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Prienantmene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2 Elucrobiohoovel (curr.)	0.5	0/.	< 0.5 10	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5 127
p Torphonyl d14 (surr.)	1	/0 0/		112	90	115
Phenols (Halogenated)	I	/0	1111	110	51	115
	0.5	~~~//c~	- 0.5	- 0 F	- 0.5	.05
2-Chiorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
4-Chioro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Pentachiorophenoi	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Tetrachiorophenois - Total	10	mg/kg	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Phenolo (non Holorensted)	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Phenois (non-Halogenated)						
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
2-Nitrophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.5	< 0.2	< 0.5
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 1	< 0.4	< 1
	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 1	< 0.5	< 1
	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
Dinosed	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Phenol Disconsistence (communication)	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenoi-db (surr.)	1	<u>%</u>	36	84	74	89
	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fract	Ions		450	50	5 4	100
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	450	53	54	100
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	870	480	440	800
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	260	710	280	340
Matala M9	100	тід/кд	1060	713	//4	1240
	-					
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	5.7	< 2	< 2	8.8
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	71	90	50	150
	5	mg/kg	58	∠1	15	32
Marauny	5 0.4	mg/Kg	ð./	12	8.9	
	U.1	mg/Kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Zino	5 F	mg/kg	20	21	10	<u>عد</u>
	5	пц/кд	410	00	24	001
9/ Moieture	4	0/	0.4	20	40	20
% IVIOISTURE	1	%	34	36	40	29
Chromium (nexavalent)	1	mg/kg	-	< 1	< 1	< 1
Chromium (trivalent)	5	mg/kg	-	90	50	150



Client Sample ID			D1	G01D2	D3	^{G01} D4
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000485	W22-JI0000486	W22-JI0000487	W22-JI0000488
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	IOP	Linit				
Organochlorine Pesticides	LOIN	Onit				
Chlordanes - Total	0.1	ma/ka	_		_	_
	0.05	mg/kg		< 0.5		
4.4'-DDF	0.05	ma/ka	_	< 0.5	_	_
4 4'-DDT	0.05	ma/ka	_	< 0.5	_	_
a-HCH	0.05	ma/ka	-	< 0.5	-	-
Aldrin	0.05	ma/ka	-	< 0.5	-	-
b-HCH	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
d-HCH	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Dieldrin	0.05	ma/ka	-	< 0.5	-	-
Endosulfan I	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Endosulfan II	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Endosulfan sulphate	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Endrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Endrin aldehyde	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Endrin ketone	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
g-HCH (Lindane)	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Heptachlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Hexachlorobenzene	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Methoxychlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Toxaphene	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 10	-	-
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 1	-	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 1	-	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	-	62	-	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	-	111	-	-
Organophosphorus Pesticides						
Azinphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Bolstar	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Chlorfenvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Chlorpyrifos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Coumaphos	2	mg/kg	-	< 5	-	-
Demeton-S	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Demeton-O	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Diazinon	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Dimethoate	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
EDN	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
EPN	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Ethoprop	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Ethyl parathion	0.2	ma/ka		~ 0.5		
Fenitrothion	0.2	mg/kg		< 0.5	-	-
Fensulfothion	0.2	ma/ka		~ 0.5		
Fenthion	0.2	ma/ka	-	< 0.5	-	_
Malathion	0.2	ma/ka	-	< 0.5	-	_
Merphos	0.2	ma/ka	-	< 0.5	-	-
		55	1		1	1



Client Sample ID			D1	^{G01} D2	D3	^{G01} D4
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000485	W22-JI0000486	W22-J10000487	W22-JI0000488
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organophosphorus Pesticides						
Methyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Mevinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Monocrotophos	2	mg/kg	-	< 5	-	-
Naled	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Omethoate	2	mg/kg	-	< 5	-	-
Phorate	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Pyrazophos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Ronnel	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Terbufos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Tokuthion	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Trichloronate	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	-	71	-	-
Polychlorinated Biphenyls						
Aroclor-1016	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 1	-	-
Aroclor-1221	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 1	-	-
Aroclor-1232	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 1	-	-
Aroclor-1242	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 1	-	-
Aroclor-1248	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 1	-	-
Aroclor-1254	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 1	-	-
Aroclor-1260	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 1	-	-
Total PCB*	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 1	-	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	-	62	-	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	-	111	-	-

Client Sample ID			^{G01} D5	D6	D7	D8
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000489	W22-JI0000490	W22-JI0000491	W22-JI0000492
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fract	ions					
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	37	310	39	130
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	220	1200	86	190
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	320	1400	130	240
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	577	2910	255	560
BTEX						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total*	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	54	77	78	63



Client Sample ID			G01 D5	D6	D7	D8
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000489	W22-JI0000490	W22-JI0000491	W22-JI0000492
Date Sampled			lun 30, 2022	lup 30, 2022	lup 30, 2022	lup 30, 2022
		l loit	0011 30, 2022	0011 30, 2022	0011 30, 2022	0011 30, 2022
Test Receverable Hydrocorbone 2013 NEPM Fract	LUR	Unit				
			- 0 F	- 0 F	- 0 F	.05
	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
	20	mg/kg	< 50	300	< 50	100
	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	20	під/ку	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
	0.5	ma///a	.05	- 0 F	- 0 F	.05
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound)	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound)	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
According the red (upper bound)	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphinylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Antiliacene Benz(a)enthroene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b & i)fluoronthono ^{N07}	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthono	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a b)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Eluoranthene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Nanhthalene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	127	119	92	96
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	117	87	89	88
Phenols (Halogenated)						
2-Chlorophenol	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	ma/ka	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	ma/ka	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Pentachlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	10	mg/kg	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Total Halogenated Phenol*	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Phenols (non-Halogenated)						
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
2-Nitrophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2.4-Dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	< 1	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4
Total cresols*	0.5	mg/kg	< 1	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5



Client Sample ID			G01 D5	D6	D7	D8
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000489	W22-JI0000490	W22-JI0000491	W22-JI0000492
Date Sampled			Jun 30. 2022	Jun 30. 2022	Jun 30. 2022	Jun 30. 2022
Test/Reference		Lloit				
Phenols (non-Halogenated)	LOIN	Offic				
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	0/_	81	01	74	87
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	70 ma/ka	- 20	- 20	~ 20	- 20
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fract	ions	iiig/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
	50	ma/ka	~ 50	360	< 50	100
TRH >C16-C34	100	ma/ka	460	2300	180	360
TRH >C34-C40	100	ma/ka	170	780	< 100	190
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	ma/ka	630	3440	180	650
Metals M8	100	iiig/itg		0110	100	
Arsenic	2	ma/ka	£2	73	£2	13
Cadmium	0.4	ma/ka	< 0.4	0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium	5	ma/ka	130	68	290	240
Copper	5	ma/ka	51	73	11	240
Lead	5	ma/ka	13	14	89	110
Mercury	0.1	ma/ka	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nickel	5	ma/ka	31	19	24	28
Zinc	5	ma/ka	74	180	30	420
% Moisture	1	%	26	46	24	29
Chromium (hexavalent)	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Chromium (trivalent)	5	mg/kg	130	68	290	240
Organochlorine Pesticides						
Chlordanes - Total	0.1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
4.4'-DDD	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
4.4'-DDE	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
4.4'-DDT	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
а-НСН	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Aldrin	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
b-HCH	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
d-HCH	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Dieldrin	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Endosulfan I	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Endosulfan II	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Endosulfan sulphate	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Endrin	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Endrin aldehyde	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Endrin ketone	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
g-HCH (Lindane)	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Heptachlor	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Hexachlorobenzene	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Methoxychlor	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Toxaphene	0.5	mg/kg	< 10	-	-	-
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	109	-	-	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	109	-	-	-



Client Sample ID			^{G01} D5	D6	D7	D8
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000489	W22-JI0000490	W22-JI0000491	W22-JI0000492
Date Sampled			Jun 30. 2022	Jun 30. 2022	Jun 30. 2022	Jun 30. 2022
	LOR	Linit				
Organophosphorus Pesticides	LOIN	Onit				
Azinghos-methyl	0.2	ma/ka	< 0.5	_	_	_
Bolstar	0.2	ma/ka	< 0.5	_	_	_
Chlorfenvinnhos	0.2	ma/ka	< 0.5	_	_	_
Chlorpyrifos	0.2	ma/ka	< 0.5	-	_	-
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	0.2	ma/ka	< 0.5	-	_	-
Coumaphos	2	ma/ka	< 5	-	-	-
Demeton-S	0.2	ma/ka	< 0.5	-	-	-
Demeton-O	0.2	ma/ka	< 0.5	-	-	-
Diazinon	0.2	ma/ka	< 0.5	-	-	-
Dichlorvos	0.2	ma/ka	< 0.5	-	-	-
Dimethoate	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Disulfoton	0.2	ma/ka	< 0.5	-	-	-
EPN	0.2	ma/ka	< 0.5	-	-	-
Ethion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Ethoprop	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Ethyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Fenitrothion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Fensulfothion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Fenthion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Malathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Merphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Methyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Mevinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Monocrotophos	2	mg/kg	< 5	-	-	-
Naled	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Omethoate	2	mg/kg	< 5	-	-	-
Phorate	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Pyrazophos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Ronnel	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Terbufos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Tokuthion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Trichloronate	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	58	-	-	-
Polychlorinated Biphenyls						
Aroclor-1016	0.1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Aroclor-1221	0.1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Aroclor-1232	0.1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Aroclor-1242	0.1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Aroclor-1248	0.1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Aroclor-1254	0.1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Aroclor-1260	0.1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Total PCB*	0.1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	109	-	-	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	109	-	-	-



Client Sample ID			D9	D10	D11	D12
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000493	W22-JI0000494	W22-JI0000495	W22-JI0000496
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fract	ions	0				
TRH C6-C9	20	ma/ka	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	33	24	110	58
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	210	94	370	280
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	280	210	400	310
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	523	328	880	648
BTEX						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total*	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	91	64	85	89
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fract	ions					
Naphthalene ^{N02}	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) ^{N01}	50	mg/kg	52	< 50	140	58
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1) ^{N04}	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons		-				
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene ^{NU7}	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorance	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Nanhthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	<u>%</u>	99	81	125	101
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	91	85	84	81
Phenols (Halogenated)						
2-Chlorophenol	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	ma/ka	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	ma/ka	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Pentachlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1



Client Sample ID			D9	D10	D11	D12	
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000493	W22-JI0000494	W22-JI0000495	W22-JI0000496	
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	
Test/Reference	I OR	Unit					
Phenols (Halogenated)	Lon	Onic					
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	10	ma/ka	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	
Total Halogenated Phenol*	1	ma/ka	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	
Phenols (non-Halogenated)							
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	ma/ka	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	
2-Nitrophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.5	< 0.2	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 1	< 0.4	
Total cresols*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 1	< 0.5	
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	116	65	82	89	
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fract	ions						
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	52	52 < 50 14		58	
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	410	240	640	490	
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	180	100	210	170	
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	642	340	990	718	
Metals M8							
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	< 2	6.1	
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	
Chromium	5	mg/kg	290	140	140	170	
Copper	5	mg/kg	23	99	24	37	
Lead	5	mg/kg	7.5	21	17	21	
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	
	5	mg/kg	52	15	21	36	
	5	mg/kg	41	98	50	190	
% Moisture	1	%	22	24	32	20	
Chromium (hexavalent)	1	ma/ka	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	
Chromium (trivalent)	5	ma/ka	290	140	140	170	
% Clay	1	%	-	-	8.5	-	
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25 °C as rec.)	10	uS/cm	-	-	43	-	
pH (units)(1:5 soil:CaCl2 extract at 25 °C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units	-	-	5.5	-	
Total Organic Carbon	0.1	%	-	-	6.3	-	
Heavy Metals							
Iron	20	mg/kg	-	-	91000	-	
Iron (%)	0.01	%	-	-	9.1	-	
Cation Exchange Capacity							
Cation Exchange Capacity	0.05	meq/100g	-	-	22	-	



Client Sample ID			D13	D14	D15	D16
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000497	W22-JI0000498	W22-JI0000499	W22-JI0000500
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fract	ions	0				
TRH C6-C9	20	ma/ka	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20	27	260	230
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	< 50	130	890	650
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	< 50	370	130	490
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	< 50	527	1280	1370
BTEX						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total*	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	59	91	66	89
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fract	ions					
Naphthalene ^{N02}	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) ^{N01}	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	430	170
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1) ^{N04}	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons		1				
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluorantnene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(g.n.i)perviene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysone	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibonz(a b)anthracana	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Naphthalene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	79	74	Q09INT	84
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	75	Q09INT	Q09INT	83
Phenols (Halogenated)						
2-Chlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Pentachlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1



Client Sample ID			D13	D14	D15	D16	
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000497	W22-JI0000498	W22-J10000499	W22-JI0000500	
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit					
Phenols (Halogenated)							
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	10	mg/kg	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	
Total Halogenated Phenol*	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	
Phenols (non-Halogenated)							
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	
2-Nitrophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	0.5	
Total cresols*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.5	
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	59	73	66	68	
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fract	ions						
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	430	170	
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	< 100	440	850	1000	
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100	110	< 100	140	
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	< 100	550	1280	1310	
Metals M8							
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	21	3.1	2.5	6.4	
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	0.7	
Chromium	5	mg/kg	130	90	210	190	
Copper	5	mg/kg	38	38	160	47	
Lead	5	mg/kg	39	9.6	16	46	
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Nickel	5	mg/kg	29	30	68	37	
Zinc	5	mg/kg	570	150	210	350	
% Moisture	1	%	15	23	17	14	
Chromium (hexavalent)	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-	
Chromium (trivalent)	5	mg/kg	130	-	-	-	

Client Sample ID			D17	D18	D19	D20
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000501	W22-JI0000502	W22-J10000503	W22-JI0000504
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fract	ions					
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	54	85	< 20	48
TRH C15-C28 5		mg/kg	130	850	90	200
TRH C29-C36 50		mg/kg	150	510	110	190
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	334	1445	200	438



Client Sample ID			D17	D18	D19	D20
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000501	W22-JI0000502	W22-JI0000503	W22-JI0000504
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	LOP	Lloit	oun oo, 2022	0011000, 2022	0011000, 2022	0011000, 2022
BTEX	LOI	Onit				
Benzene	0.1	ma/ka	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.5	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	ma/ka	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.0	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.1	ma/ka	< 0.2	< 0.2	0.4	< 0.2
o-Xvlene	0.1	ma/ka	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.2	< 0.1
Xvlenes - Total*	0.3	ma/ka	< 0.3	< 0.3	0.6	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	90	71	81	72
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fract	ions	, •				
Naphthalene ^{N02}	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) ^{N01}	50	ma/ka	57	140	< 50	< 50
TRH C6-C10	20	ma/ka	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (E1) ^{N04}	20	ma/ka	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons						
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	ma/ka	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	ma/ka	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene ^{N07}	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	101	101	102	83
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	90	94	107	83
Phenols (Halogenated)						
2-Chlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Pentachlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	10	mg/kg	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Total Halogenated Phenol*	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1



Client Sample ID			D17	D18	D19	D20	
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000501	W22-JI0000502	W22-JI0000503	W22-JI0000504	
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit					
Phenols (non-Halogenated)							
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	
2-Nitrophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	
Total cresols*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	79	74	118	79	
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fract	ions						
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	57	140	< 50	< 50	
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	230	1200	170	340	
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100	240	< 100	< 100	
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	287	1580	170	340	
Metals M8							
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	< 2	6.4	< 2	< 2	
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	8.3	< 0.4	0.4	
Chromium	5	mg/kg	140	86	76	110	
Copper	5	mg/kg	13	83	31	44	
Lead	5	mg/kg	17	76	7.9	63	
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Nickel	5	mg/kg	21	53	27	24	
Zinc	5	mg/kg	35	83	110	350	
% Moisture	1	%	23	15	18	12	
Chromium (hexavalent)	1	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	
Chromium (trivalent)	5	mg/kg	140	86	76	110	

Client Sample ID			D21	D7.2	D13.2	TB01	
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000505	W22-JI0000506	W22-JI0000507	W22-JI0000508	
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit					
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fract	ions						
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	40	39	< 20	< 20	
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	280	88	66	< 50	
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	320	130	74	< 50	
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	640	257	140	< 50	
BTEX							
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	



Client Sample ID			D21	D7.2	D13.2	TB01	
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000505	W22-JI0000506	W22-JI0000507	W22-JI0000508	
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	
Test/Reference	LOP	Linit					
BTEX	LOIN	Offic					
	0.1	ma/ka	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Xylenes - Total*	0.1	ma/ka	< 0.1	< 0.3	< 0.1	< 0.1	
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	//////////////////////////////////////	126	79	91	78	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fract	ions	,,,	120	10		10	
Naphthalene ^{N02}	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) ^{N01}	50	ma/ka	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	
TRH C6-C10	20	ma/ka	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1) ^{N04}	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons			-	-	-		
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	ma/ka	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	ma/ka	0.6	-	-	-	
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	-	-	-	
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene ^{N07}	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	82	-	-		
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	61	-	-	-	
Phenols (Halogenated)							
2-Chlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-	
	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-	
Pentachiorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-	
Tetrachiorophenois - Total	10	mg/kg	< 10	-	-	-	
Phonols (non-Haloganated)	1	під/кд	< 1	-	-	-	
	20	maller	. 20				
2 Mothyl 4.6 dinitrophonol	20 E	mg/kg	< 20	-	-	-	
	0 1	mg/kg	< 0	-	-	-	
2 4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	~0.5	-	-		
2 4-Dinitrophenol	5	ma/ka	~ 5				
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	ma/ka	< 0.2				
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.2	ma/ka	< 0.2	-	-	-	
	.			1	1	1	



Client Sample ID			D21	D7.2	D13.2	TB01
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			W22-JI0000505	W22-JI0000506	W22-J10000507	W22-JI0000508
Date Sampled			Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022	Jun 30, 2022
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Phenols (non-Halogenated)		•				
Total cresols*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	-	-	-
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	-	-
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	75	-	-	-
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	-	-
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fract	ions					
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	510	180	110	< 100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	150	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	660	180	110	< 100
Metals M8						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	< 2	-	-	-
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	-	-	-
Chromium	5	mg/kg	33	-	-	-
Copper	5	mg/kg	13	-	-	-
Lead	5	mg/kg	12	-	-	-
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	-
Nickel	5	mg/kg	15	-	-	-
Zinc	5 mg/kg		42	-	-	-
% Moisture	1	%	9.6	23	14	< 1
Chromium (hexavalent)	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Chromium (trivalent)	5	mg/kg	33	-	-	-



Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions	Sydney	Jul 07, 2022	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
BTEX	Sydney	Jul 07, 2022	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 BTEX and Volatile TRH			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions	Sydney	Jul 07, 2022	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Sydney	Jul 07, 2022	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
Phenols (Halogenated)	Sydney	Jul 07, 2022	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
Phenols (non-Halogenated)	Sydney	Jul 07, 2022	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions	Sydney	Jul 07, 2022	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Metals M8	Sydney	Jul 18, 2022	28 Days
- Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters, Soils & Sediments by ICP-MS			
% Moisture	Sydney	Jul 01, 2022	14 Days
- Method: LTM-GEN-7080 Moisture			
Chromium (speciated)			
Chromium (hexavalent)	Sydney	Jul 19, 2022	28 Days
- Method: In-house method E057.2			
Chromium (trivalent)	Sydney	Jul 19, 2022	28 Days
- Method: E043 /E057 Total Speciated Chromium			
NEPM Screen for Soil Classification			
% Clay	Brisbane	Jul 13, 2022	14 Days
- Method: LTM-GEN-7040			
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25 °C as rec.)	Sydney	Jul 06, 2022	7 Days
- Method: LTM-INO-4030 Conductivity			
pH (units)(1:5 soil:CaCl2 extract at 25 °C as rec.)	Sydney	Jul 06, 2022	7 Days
- Method: LTM-GEN-7090 pH in soil by ISE			
Total Organic Carbon	Melbourne	Jul 13, 2022	28 Days
- Method: LTM-INO-4060 Total Organic Carbon in water and soil			
Heavy Metals	Sydney	Jul 06, 2022	28 Days
- Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters, Soils & Sediments by ICP-MS			
Cation Exchange Capacity	Melbourne	Jul 13, 2022	28 Days
- Method: LTM-MET-3060 Cation Exchange Capacity by bases & Exchangeable Sodium Percentage			
Eurofins Suite B15			
Organochlorine Pesticides	Sydney	Jul 06, 2022	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2220 OCP & PCB in Soil and Water			
Organophosphorus Pesticides	Sydney	Jul 06, 2022	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2200 Organophosphorus Pesticides by GC-MS			
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	Sydney	Jul 06, 2022	28 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2220 OCP & PCB in Soil and Water			

		C 1.00	Eurofins Env ABN: 50 005 08	1vironment Testing Australia Pty Ltd 085 521											Eurofins ARL Pty Ltd ABN: 91 05 0159 898	Eurofins Environm	ent Testing NZ Ltd
web: v email:	www.eurofins.com.au	.com	Melbourne Geelon 6 Monterey Road 19/8 Le Dandenong South Groved VIC 3175 VIC 32' Tel: +61 3 8564 5000 Tel: +6' NATA# 1261 Site# 1254 NATA#		Geelong 19/8 Lewalan Street Grovedale VIC 3216 Tel: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA# 1261 Site# 1254	ing Sydney .ewalan Street 179 Magowar Road idale Girraween 216 NSW 2145 61 3 8564 5000 Tel: +61 2 9900 8400 # 1261 Site# 1254 NATA# 1261 Site# 18		oad 8400 e# 1821	Canberra Unit 1,2 Dacre Street Mitchell ACT 2911 0 Tel: +61 2 6113 8091 8217			t 1	Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Tel: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA# 1261 Site# 20794	Newcastle 4/52 Industrial Drive Mayfield East NSW 2304 PO Box 60 Wickham 2293 Tel: +61 2 4968 8448 NATA# 1261 Site# 25079	Perth 46-48 Banksia Road Welshpool WA 6106 Tel: +61 8 6253 4444 NATA# 2377 Site# 2370	Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Tel: +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ# 1327	Christchurch 43 Detroit Drive Rolleston, Christchurch 7675 Tel: 0800 856 450 IANZ# 1290
Co Ao	ompany Name: ddress:	Terralnsight U34 no 10-1 Unanderra NSW 2626	: Pty Ltd I2 Sylvester /	٩ve				O Re Pi Fa	rder N eport none: ax:	lo.: #:	ç	9022 0458	92 008 030		Received: Due: Priority: Contact Name:	Jul 1, 2022 9:45 Al Jul 8, 2022 5 Day Karen Gates (cc re	M sults/SRAs)
Project Name: MANYANA DEVELOPMENT Project ID: TERRA22-165														Euro	fins Analytical Servic	es Manager : Hanr	nah Mawbey
	Sample Detail						Eurofins Suite B15	Chromium (speciated)	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins Suite B1	Eurofins Suite B7A					
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA # 1261	Site # 18217	7			X	X	Х	X	Х	X	_				
Exte	ernal Laboratory												_				
NO	Sample ID	Sample Date	Time	M	latrix LAB	ID											
1	D1	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00485			х			Х					
2	D2	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00486	Х	X	Х			Х	_				
3	D3	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00487		Х	Х			Х	_				
4	D4	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00488		Х	Х			Х	_				
5	D5	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00489	Х	X	Х			Х	_				
6	D6	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00490		X	Х			Х	_				
7	D7	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00491		X	Х			Х	4				
8	D8	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00492		X	X			X	4				
9	D9	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00493		X	X			X	4				
10	D10	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00494		X	X			Х	4				
11	D11	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00495		X	X	X		X	4				
12	D12	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00496		X	X		<u> </u>	X	4				
13	D13	Jun 30, 2022		Soil	W22-JI00	00497		Х	Х			Х					

		~	Eurofins Environment Testing Australia Pty Ltd										Eurofins ARL Pty Ltd	Eurofins Environment Testing NZ Ltd		
web: www.eurofins.com.au email: EnviroSales@eurofins.com			ABN: 50 005 085 521 Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Tel: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA# 1261 Site# 125	N: 50 005 085 521 Ibourne Geelong Sydney Monterey Road 19/8 Lewalan Street 179 Magr ndenong South Grovedale Girrawee 23175 VIC 3216 NSW 214 L: +61 3 8564 5000 Tel: +61 3 8564 5000 Tel: +61 3 8564 5000 .TA# 1261 Site# 1254 NATA# 1261 Site# 1254 NATA# 1		y agowar Road een 145 145 1 2 9900 8400 1261 Site# 1821		Canberra Unit 1,2 Dacre Street Mitchell ACT 2911 Tel: +61 2 6113 8091 I7		t 1	Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Tel: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA# 1261 Site# 20794	Newcastle 4/52 Industrial Drive Mayfield East NSW 2304 PO Box 60 Wickham 2293 Tel: +61 2 4968 8448 I NATA# 1261 Site# 25079	ABN: 91 05 0159 898 Perth 46-48 Banksia Road Welshpool WA 6106 Tel: +61 8 6253 4444 NATA# 2377 Site# 2370	NZBN: 942904602495 Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Tel: +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ# 1327	4 Christchurch 43 Detroit Drive Rolleston, Christchurch 7675 Tel: 0800 856 450 IANZ# 1290	
Company Name: TerraInsight Pty Ltd Address: U34 no 10-12 Sylvester Ave Unanderra NSW 2626					Order No.: Report #: 902292 Phone: 0458 008 030 Fax:						Received:Jul 1, 2022 9:45 AMDue:Jul 8, 2022Priority:5 DayContact Name:Karen Gates (cc results/SRAs)					
Project Name:MANYANA DEVELOPMENTProject ID:TERRA22-165					Euro								fins Analytical Servic	es Manager : Hanr	nah Mawbey	
Sample Detail			Eurofins Suite B15	Chromium (speciated)	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins Suite B1	Eurofins Suite B7A								
Syd	ney Laboratory -	NATA # 1261	Site # 18217	I		X	X	х	X	X	Х					
14	D14	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00498			Х			X	4				
15	D15	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00499			Х			X	4				
16	D16	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00500			Х			X	4				
17	D17	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00501		X	Х			Х	_				
18	D18	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00502		X	Х			Х	_				
19	D19	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00503		X	Х			Х	_				
20	D20	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00504		Х	Х			Х					
21	D21	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00505		Х	Х			Х					
22	D7.2	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00506			Х		Х						
23	D13.2	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00507			Х		Х						
24	TB01	Jun 30, 2022	Soil	W22-JI00	00508			х		х						
25	6W01	Jun 30, 2022	Wate	er W22-JI00	00509	Х										
Tes	t Counts					3	17	24	1	3	21					



Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary

General

- 1. Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples follows guidelines delineated in the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999, as amended May 2013 and are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil/sediment/solid results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
- 3. All biota/food results are reported on a wet weight basis on the edible portion, unless otherwise stated.
- 4. Actual LORs are matrix dependant. Quoted LORs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
- 5. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries except for PFAS compounds.
- 6. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 8. Information identified on this report with blue colour, indicates data provided by customer that may have an impact on the results.
- 9. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the SRA. If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

For VOCs containing vinyl chloride, styrene and 2-chloroethyl vinyl ether the holding time is 7 days however for all other VOCs such as BTEX or C6-10 TRH then the holding time is 14 days.

Units

mg/kg: milligrams per kilogram	mg/L: milligrams per litre	μg/L: micrograms per litre
ppm: parts per million	ppb: parts per billion	%: Percentage
org/100 mL: Organisms per 100 millilitres	NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units	MPN/100 mL: Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

Terms

APHA	American Public Health Association
сос	Chain of Custody
СР	Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report
CRM	Certified Reference Material (ISO17034) - reported as percent recovery.
Dry	Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.
Duplicate	A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery.
Method Blank	In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands and in the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.
NCP	Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within.
RPD	Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.
SPIKE	Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice
Surr - Surrogate	The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.
ТВТО	Tributyltin oxide (<i>bis</i> -tributyltin oxide) - individual tributyltin compounds cannot be identified separately in the environment however free tributyltin was measured and its values were converted stoichiometrically into tributyltin oxide for comparison with regulatory limits.
TCLP	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure
TEQ	Toxic Equivalency Quotient or Total Equivalence
QSM	US Department of Defense Quality Systems Manual Version 5.4
US EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
WA DWER	Sum of PFBA, PFPeA, PFHxA, PFHpA, PFOA, PFBS, PFHxS, PFOS, 6:2 FTSA, 8:2 FTSA

QC - Acceptance Criteria

The acceptance criteria should be used as a guide only and may be different when site specific Sampling Analysis and Quality Plan (SAQP) have been implemented RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR: No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR: RPD must lie between 0-50%

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-30%

NOTE: pH duplicates are reported as a range not as RPD

Surrogate Recoveries: Recoveries must lie between 20-130% for Speciated Phenols & 50-150% for PFAS

PFAS field samples that contain surrogate recoveries in excess of the QC limit designated in QSM 5.4 where no positive PFAS results have been reported have been reviewed and no data was affected.

QC Data General Comments

- 1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
- 2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
- 3. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore, laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time. Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
- 4. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
- 5. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash "-" in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
- 6. Duplicate RPDs are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data



Quality Control Results

Test	Units	Result 1		Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Method Blank						
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions	_					
TRH C6-C9	mg/kg	< 20		20	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	mg/kg	< 20		20	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	mg/kg	< 50		50	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	mg/kg	< 50		50	Pass	
Method Blank		1		-		
BTEX						
Benzene	mg/kg	< 0.1		0.1	Pass	
Toluene	mg/kg	< 0.1		0.1	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	< 0.1		0.1	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	mg/kg	< 0.2		0.2	Pass	
o-Xylene	mg/kg	< 0.1		0.1	Pass	
Xylenes - Total*	mg/kg	< 0.3		0.3	Pass	
Method Blank		1	1 1	1		
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions	1					
Naphthalene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	mg/kg	< 20		20	Pass	
Method Blank		1	1	1	1	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons						
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Chrysene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Fluorene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Naphthalene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
Total PAH*	mg/kg	-		0.5	N/A	
Method Blank		1		1	-	
Phenols (Halogenated)						
2-Chlorophenol	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	mg/kg	< 1		1	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	mg/kg	< 1		1	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	mg/kg	< 0.5		0.5	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	mg/kg	< 1		1	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	mg/kg	< 1		1	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	mg/kg	< 10		10	Pass	
Method Blank		1				
Phenols (non-Halogenated)	1					
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	mg/kg	< 20		20	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	mg/kg	< 5		5	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	mg/kg	< 1		1	Pass	



Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
2 4-Dimethylphenol	ma/ka	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	ma/ka	< 5	5	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&n-Cresol)	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.4	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Dinoseh	mg/kg	< 20	20	Pass	
Phonol	mg/kg	< 0.5	20	Pass	
	mg/kg	< 0.5	20	Pass	
Method Blank	шу/ку	< 0	20	1 435	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Eractions					
	ma/ka	< 50	50	Pass	
TRH \C16-C34	mg/kg	< 100	100	Dass	
TRH >C34-C40	mg/kg	< 100	100	Dass	
Method Blank	iiig/kg	< 100	100	1 433	
Metals M8					
Arsenic	ma/ka	< 2	2	Pass	
Cadmium	mg/kg	< 0.4	0.4	Pass	
Chromium	ma/ka	< 5	5	Pass	
Conner	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Mercury	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Nickel	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Zinc	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Method Blank	iiig/kg		5	1 433	
Chromium (bexavalent)	ma/ka	< 1	1	Pass	
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25 $^{\circ}$ C as rec.)	uS/cm	< 10	10	Pass	
Total Organic Carbon	%	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Method Blank	70	<u> </u>	0.1	1 400	
Organochlorine Pesticides					
Chlordanes - Total	ma/ka	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	ma/ka	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	ma/ka	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	ma/ka	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
a-HCH	ma/ka	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Aldrin	ma/ka	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
b-HCH	ma/ka	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
d-HCH	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Dieldrin	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Endosulfan I	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Endrin	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Endrin ketone	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
g-HCH (Lindane)	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Heptachlor	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Methoxychlor	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Toxaphene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Method Blank					
Organophosphorus Pesticides					
Azinphos-methyl	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Bolstar	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	


Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Chlorfenvinphos	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Coumaphos	mg/kg	< 2	2	Pass	
Demeton-S	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Demeton-O	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Diazinon	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Dichlorvos	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Dimethoate	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Disulfoton	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
EPN	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Ethion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Ethoprop	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Ethyl parathion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Fenitrothion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Fensulfothion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Fenthion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Malathion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Merphos	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Methyl parathion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Mevinphos	ma/ka	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Monocrotophos	ma/ka	< 2	2	Pass	
Naled	ma/ka	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Omethoate	ma/ka	< 2	2	Pass	
Phorate	ma/ka	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Pirimiphos-methyl	ma/ka	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Pyrazophos	ma/ka	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Ronnel	ma/ka	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Terbufos	ma/ka	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Tetrachlorvinphos	ma/ka	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Tokuthion	ma/ka	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Trichloropate	ma/ka	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Method Blank			0.2	1 400	
Polychlorinated Biphenyls					
Aroclor-1016	ma/ka	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Aroclor-1221	ma/ka	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Aroclor-1232	ma/ka	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Aroclor-1242	ma/ka	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Aroclor-1248	ma/ka	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Aroclor-1254	ma/ka	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Aroclor-1260	ma/ka	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Total PCB*	ma/ka	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Method Blank				. 450	
Heavy Metals					
Iron	ma/ka	< 20	20	Pass	
Method Blank					
Cation Exchange Capacity					
Cation Exchange Capacity	meg/100a	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery			0.00		
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions					
TRH C6-C9	%	86	70-130	Pass	
TBH C10-C14	%	87	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			. 400	
BTEX					



Test	Units	Result 1		Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Benzene	%	89		70-130	Pass	
Toluene	%	98		70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	%	96		70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	%	98		70-130	Pass	
o-Xylene	%	95		70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total*	%	97		70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery						
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions						
Naphthalene	%	114		70-130	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	%	82		70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery	•				•	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons						
Acenaphthene	%	81		70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	%	76		70-130	Pass	
Anthracene	%	86		70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	%	72		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	%	79		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&i)fluoranthene	%	88		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a,h,i)pervlene	%	84		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	%	103		70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	%	82		70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	%	80		70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	%	77		70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	%	80		70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	%	75		70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	%	79		70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	%	71		70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	%	77		70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery						
Phenols (Halogenated)						
2-Chlorophenol	%	75		25-140	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	%	74		25-140	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	%	80		25-140	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	%	125		25-140	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	%	75		25-140	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	%	80		25-140	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	%	74		25-140	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	%	83		25-140	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery		•				
Phenols (non-Halogenated)						
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	%	35		25-140	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	%	86		25-140	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	%	76		25-140	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	%	75		25-140	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	%	35		25-140	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	%	76		25-140	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	%	82		25-140	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	%	70		25-140	Pass	
Dinoseb	%	110		25-140	Pass	
Phenol	%	80		25-140	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery						
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions						
TRH >C10-C16	%	85		70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery		-	· ·	·		



Test	Units	Result 1		Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Metals M8						
Arsenic	%	103		80-120	Pass	
Cadmium	%	100		80-120	Pass	
Chromium	%	104		80-120	Pass	
Copper	%	101		80-120	Pass	
Lead	%	98		80-120	Pass	
Mercury	%	97		80-120	Pass	
Nickel	%	103		80-120	Pass	
Zinc	%	101		80-120	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery						
Chromium (hexavalent)	%	101		70-130	Pass	
% Clay	%	117		70-130	Pass	
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25 °C as rec.)	%	94		70-130	Pass	
Total Organic Carbon	%	114		70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery		·				
Organochlorine Pesticides						
Chlordanes - Total	%	119		70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	%	122		70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	%	128		70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	%	116		70-130	Pass	
a-HCH	%	118		70-130	Pass	
Aldrin	%	108		70-130	Pass	
b-HCH	%	109		70-130	Pass	
d-HCH	%	98		70-130	Pass	
Dieldrin	%	121		70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan I	%	110		70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan II	%	98		70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	%	130		70-130	Pass	
Endrin	%	121		70-130	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	%	93		70-130	Pass	
Endrin ketone	%	97		70-130	Pass	
a-HCH (Lindane)	%	110		70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor	%	117		70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	%	118		70-130	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	%	109		70-130	Pass	
Methoxychlor	%	130		70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery	1	1	г I			
Organophosphorus Pesticides						
Diazinon	%	95		70-130	Pass	
Dimethoate	%	107		70-130	Pass	
Ethion	%	94		70-130	Pass	
Eenitrothion	%	91		70-130	Pass	
Methyl parathion	%	122		70-130	Pass	
Mevinphos	%	109		70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery	/0	100		10 100	1 455	
Polychlorinated Binhenyls						
Aroclor-1016	%	80		70-130	Pass	
Aroclor-1221	%	80		70-130	Pase	
Aroclor-1254	%	02		70-130	Pase	
Aroclor-1260	/0 0/2	110		70-130	Page	
LCS - % Recovery	/0			10-100	1 435	
Heavy Metals						
Iron	0/_	100		80-120	Pass	
	/0	1 100	I I	00120	1 433	



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1		Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Spike - % Recovery				1		T		
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon	s			Result 1				
Acenaphthene	S22-JI0021071	NCP	%	87		70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	S22-JI0021071	NCP	%	82		70-130	Pass	
Anthracene	S22-JI0021071	NCP	%	115		70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	S22-JI0021071	NCP	%	93		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	S22-JI0025930	NCP	%	86		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	S22-JI0014803	NCP	%	96		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	S22-JI0025930	NCP	%	90		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	S22-JI0021071	NCP	%	100		70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	S22-JI0025930	NCP	%	92		70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	S22-JI0025930	NCP	%	79		70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	S22-JI0025930	NCP	%	84		70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	S22-JI0021071	NCP	%	77		70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	S22-JI0025930	NCP	%	81		70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	S22-JI0021071	NCP	%	94		70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	S22-JI0025930	NCP	%	80		70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	S22-JI0025930	NCP	%	84		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery						-		
Metals M8				Result 1				
Arsenic	S22-JI0014172	NCP	%	87		75-125	Pass	
Cadmium	S22-JI0014172	NCP	%	87		75-125	Pass	
Chromium	S22-JI0014172	NCP	%	80		75-125	Pass	
Copper	S22-JI0014172	NCP	%	92		75-125	Pass	
Lead	S22-JI0014172	NCP	%	80		75-125	Pass	
Mercury	S22-JI0014172	NCP	%	84		75-125	Pass	
Nickel	S22-JI0014172	NCP	%	82		75-125	Pass	
Zinc	S22-JI0014172	NCP	%	87		75-125	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
Phenols (Halogenated)				Result 1				
2-Chlorophenol	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	98		30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	113		30-130	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	113		30-130	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	100		30-130	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	130		30-130	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	122		30-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
Phenols (non-Halogenated)				Result 1				
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	120		30-130	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	126		30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	83		30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	127		70-130	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	113		30-130	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	88		30-130	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	116		30-130	Pass	
Phenol	S22-Jn0068111	NCP	%	95		30-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	_							
Organochlorine Pesticides				Result 1				
Chlordanes - Total	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	128		70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	99		70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	108		70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	106		70-130	Pass	
a-HCH	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	92		70-130	Pass	
Aldrin	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	115		70-130	Pass	
			,0		I			



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1		Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
b-HCH	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	86		70-130	Pass	
d-HCH	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	78		70-130	Pass	
Dieldrin	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	95		70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan I	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	102		70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan II	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	89		70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	97		70-130	Pass	
Endrin	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	111		70-130	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	87		70-130	Pass	
Endrin ketone	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	100		70-130	Pass	
g-HCH (Lindane)	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	103		70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	111		70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	130		70-130	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	103		70-130	Pass	
Methoxychlor	S22-Jn0066554	NCP	%	94		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	•			•	· ·			
Metals M8				Result 1				
Chromium	W22-JI0000487	CP	%	107		75-125	Pass	
Nickel	W22-JI0000487	CP	%	80		75-125	Pass	
Zinc	W22-JI0000487	СР	%	80		75-125	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1				
TRH C10-C14	W22-JI0000488	CP	%	110		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1				
TRH >C10-C16	W22-JI0000488	CP	%	115		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery					· ·			
Phenols (Halogenated)				Result 1				
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	N22-JI0001940	NCP	%	108		30-130	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	N22-JI0001940	NCP	%	99		30-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery					•	•		
Phenols (non-Halogenated)				Result 1				
Dinoseb	N22-JI0001940	NCP	%	76		30-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery					•			
Organophosphorus Pesticides				Result 1				
Diazinon	S22-Jn0067717	NCP	%	86		70-130	Pass	
Fenitrothion	S22-Jn0067717	NCP	%	77		70-130	Pass	
Methyl parathion	S22-Jn0067717	NCP	%	85		70-130	Pass	
Mevinphos	S22-Jn0067717	NCP	%	114		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
Polychlorinated Biphenyls		_		Result 1				
Aroclor-1221	S22-Jn0068138	NCP	%	80		70-130	Pass	
Aroclor-1254	S22-Jn0068138	NCP	%	74		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
Phenols (non-Halogenated)				Result 1				
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	S22-JI0021045	NCP	%	85		30-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1				
TRH C6-C9	W22-JI0000504	CP	%	94		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				1	1	1		
ВТЕХ	1	I		Result 1				
Benzene	W22-JI0000504	СР	%	89		70-130	Pass	
Toluene	W22-JI0000504	CP	%	93		70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	W22-JI0000504	СР	%	98		70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	W22-JI0000504	CP	%	101		70-130	Pass	



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
o-Xylene	W22-JI0000504	CP	%	96			70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total*	W22-JI0000504	СР	%	99			70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1					
Naphthalene	W22-JI0000504	CP	%	105			70-130	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	W22-JI0000504	CP	%	94			70-130	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA	Units	Result 1			Acceptance	Pass	Qualifying
Dunlingto		Source					Limits	Limits	Code
Duplicate Metale M8				Deput 1	Deput 2		1		
	W22 10000486		~~//ca	Result	Result 2	RPD 1	209/	Deee	
Alsellic	W22-JI0000486		mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	W22-JI0000486		mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	6.2	30%	Pass	
Capper	W22-JI0000486		mg/kg	90	90	0.2	30%	Pass	
Copper	W22-JI0000486		mg/kg	10	23	0.0	30%	Pass	
Lead	W22-JI0000486		mg/kg	12	11	0.3	30%	Pass	
Niekol	W22-JI0000486		mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
	W22-JI0000486		mg/kg	21	19	9.0	30%	Pass	
Zinc	VV22-JI0000486	CP	mg/kg	83	12	14	30%	Pass	
Organachlaring Pastiaidas				Bogult 1	Regult 2				
Chlerdenee Total	D22 100000171		~~//ca		Result 2	RPD 1	209/	Deee	
	R22-J10069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
	R22-J10009171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4-DDE	R22-J10009171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
	R22-J10009171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
	R22-J10009171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Aldrin	R22-J10009171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
	R22-J10009171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Dioldrin	R22-J10009171		mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Endogulfon I	R22-J10009171		mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan II	R22-J10009171		mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
	R22-J10009171		mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulian supriate	R22-J10009171		mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin aldobydo	R22-J10009171		mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
	R22-J10009171		mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
	R22-J10009171		mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Hontachlor	R22-J10009171		mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor opovido	R22-J10009171		mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
	R22-J10009171		mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Methovychlor	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05		30%	Dass	
Toxaphapa	R22-Jn0069171		mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
	122-3110003171	NCF	iiig/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30 %	газэ	
Organophosphorus Posticidos				Recult 1	Popult 2	PDD			
Azinnhos-methyl	P22- In0060171		ma/ka				30%	Pass	
Roletar	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2		30%	Dass	
Chlorfenvinnhos	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	ma/ka	< 0.2	< 0.2		30%	Pass	
Chlorovrifos	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Dass	
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Dass	
Coursehos	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Dass	
Demeton-S	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Dass	
Demeton-O	R22-In0060171	NCP	mg/kg		< 0.2	~1	30%	Pass	
Diazinon	R22-In0060171	NCP	mg/kg		< 0.2	~1	30%	Pass	
Dichloryos	R22-In0060171		ma/ka		< 0.2	~1	30%	Pass	
Dimethoate	R22-In0060171	NCP	ma/ka	< 0.2	< 0.2	~1	30%	Pace	
Disulfoton	R22-,In0060171	NCP	ma/ka	< 0.2	< 0.2	~1	30%	Page	
Biodilotori			iiig/itg	~ 0.2	< 0.∠	~ 1	0070	1 433	



Duplicate							_		
Organophosphorus Pesticides				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
EPN	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethion	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethoprop	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethyl parathion	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Fenitrothion	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Fensulfothion	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Fenthion	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Malathion	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Merphos	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Methyl parathion	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Mevinphos	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Monocrotophos	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Naled	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Omethoate	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Phorate	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Pirimiphos-methyl	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrazophos	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Ronnel	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Terbufos	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Tetrachlorvinphos	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Tokuthion	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Trichloronate	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	ma/ka	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Polychlorinated Biphenyls				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Aroclor-1016	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Aroclor-1221	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Aroclor-1232	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Aroclor-1242	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Aroclor-1248	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Aroclor-1254	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Aroclor-1260	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Total PCB*	R22-Jn0069171	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	·			•				•	
· ·				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Chromium (hexavalent)	W22-JI0000487	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	·			•				•	
Metals M8				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	W22-JI0000488	CP	mg/kg	8.8	6.8	25	30%	Pass	Q15
Cadmium	W22-JI0000488	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Copper	W22-JI0000488	CP	mg/kg	32	27	18	30%	Pass	
Lead	W22-JI0000488	CP	mg/kg	12	13	5.6	30%	Pass	
Mercury	W22-JI0000488	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	W22-JI0000488	CP	mg/kg	32	38	18	30%	Pass	
Zinc	W22-JI0000488	СР	mg/kg	160	130	24	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	·			•				•	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	6			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Acenaphthene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Anthracene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	W22-JI0000489	CP	ma/ka	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	



Polycycle Aromatic MydcarbonsVersite Aromatic MydcarbonsResult <thresult< th=""><th>Duplicate</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></thresult<>	Duplicate									
Chrosene W72-W000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5 < 0.5 < 1 30% Pass Flucranchene W72-W000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	5			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Debrackhanthracene VVZ2-U0000499 CP mg/kg < 0.5 < < 1. 30% Pass Fluoranthene VVZ2-U0000499 CP mg/kg < 0.5	Chrysene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluoranchene VV22-U0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5 < < 1.5 < 0.75 Pass Indenci (1.2.3-cd)pyrane VV22-U0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5	Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluenen VV22.0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5 < 0.5 < 1 30% Pass Naghthalene VV22.0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5	Fluoranthene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Indenol (12.3-adpyrene W22.0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5. < <1 30% Pass Phenanthrene W22.0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5.	Fluorene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Naphthalene W22-J0000489 CP mg/kq < 0.5. < <1 30% Pass Pyrano W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5.	Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenantivine W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5 < 0.5 < 0.1 30% Pass Duplicate Preside Result 1 Result 2 RPD Image Result 2 RPD Image 2.4-Dirkhirophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5 < 0.5 < 1 30% Pass 2.4-Dirkhirophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 1 < 1 30% Pass 2.4-Strichtorophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 1 < 1 < 30% Pass 2.4-Strichtorophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 1 < 1 < 30% Pass 2.4-Strichtorophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 1 < 1 < 30% Pass Depticate W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 2.0 < 2.0 < 1 30% Pass Depticate W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 2.0 < 2.0 < 3 Pass 2-Victophenol	Naphthalene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrone W22.J0000489 CP mg/kg <.0.5 <.1 30% Pass Duplicate Result 1 Result 2 RPD 2-Chichorophenol W22.J0000489 CP mg/kg <.0.5	Phenanthrene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate Result 1 Result 1 Result 1 Revol 4 PPD Image: NPD 2-Chlorophenol W22-J0000489 CP mgkq < 0.5	Pyrene	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenol (Halogenated) W22-10000483 CP mg/kg <.0.5 <.0.5 <.1 30% Pass 2.4-Dichtorophenol W22-10000483 CP mg/kg <.0.5	Duplicate									
2-Chicophenol W22-10000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5 < 1 30% Pass 2.4-Dichtorophenol W22-10000489 CP mg/kg < 1	Phenols (Halogenated)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2.4-Dichlorophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5	2-Chlorophenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.5.Trichlorophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg <.1	2.4-Dichlorophenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.6-Trickliorophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg <.1	2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5 < 0.5 < 1 30% Pass 4-Chloro-3-mathylphenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 1	2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Chiror-3-methylphenol W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg <1 <1 <1 30% Pass Pentachlorophenol W32-JI0000489 CP mg/kg <10	2.6-Dichlorophenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 1 < 1 < 1 30% Pass Duplicate	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
Tetrachkorophenols - Total W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 10 < 10 < 11 30% Pass Duplicate Result 1 Result 1 Result 2 RPD 2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol W22-J10000489 CP mg/kg < 2.0	Pentachlorophenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate Result 1 Result 2 RPD Image: Constraint of the second o	Tetrachlorophenols - Total	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 10	< 10	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenols (non-Halogenated) V22-U0000489 CP mg/kg <200 <200 <1 30% Pass 2-Cyclohex/l-4.6-dnitrophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg <5	Duplicate									
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 20 < 20 < 1 30% Pass 2-Mitrophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 1	Phenols (non-Halogenated)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol W22-J10000489 CP mg/kg < 5 < 5 < 1 30% Pass 2-Ntrophenol W22-J10000489 CP mg/kg < 1	2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg < 1 < 1 < 1 30% Pass 2.4-Dinitrophenol W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg < 5.	2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5 < 0.5 < 1 30% Pass 2.4-Dinitrophenol W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg < 5	2-Nitrophenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 5 < 5 < 1 30% Pass 4-Nitrophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 5	2.4-Dimethylphenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 5 < 5 < 1 30% Pass Dinoseb W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg < 20	2.4-Dinitrophenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	4-Nitrophenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenol W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.5 < 0.5 < 1 30% Pass Duplicate Result 1 Result 2 RPD Metals M8 W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg < 2 2.2 13 30% Pass Cadmium W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.4 < 1 30% Pass Chromium W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 130 120 7.1 30% Pass Copper W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 51 45 11 30% Pass Lead W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 13 15 15 30% Pass Nickel W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 31 33 5.6 30% Pass Duplicate Kesult 1 Result 2 RPD % Metals M8 V22-JI0000489 CP % 26 28 7.2 30% Pass <tr< td=""><td>Dinoseb</td><td>W22-JI0000489</td><td>CP</td><td>mg/kg</td><td>< 20</td><td>< 20</td><td><1</td><td>30%</td><td>Pass</td><td></td></tr<>	Dinoseb	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Upplicate Result 1 Result 2 RPD Kesult 2 Arsenic W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg < 2	Phenol	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Metals M8 V22-J10000489 CP mg/kg <2 2.2 13 30% Pass Cadmium W22-J10000489 CP mg/kg <0.4	Duplicate									
Arsenic W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg <2 2.2 13 30% Pass Cadmium W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg <0.4	Metals M8			_	Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Arsenic	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 2	2.2	13	30%	Pass	
Chromium W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 130 120 7.1 30% Pass Copper W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 51 45 11 30% Pass Lead W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 13 15 15 30% Pass Mercury W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 31 33 5.6 30% Pass Nickel W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 74 78 4.7 30% Pass Duplicate W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 74 78 4.7 30% Pass Duplicate W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 7.4 78 4.7 30% Pass Duplicate W22-JI0000489 CP % 26 28 7.2 30% Pass Cadmium W22-JI0000490 CP mg/kg 7.3 18 85 30% Fail Q15 Cadmi	Cadmium	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Copper W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg 51 45 11 30% Pass Lead W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg 13 15 15 30% Pass Mercury W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg <0.1	Chromium	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	130	120	7.1	30%	Pass	
Lead W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 13 15 15 30% Pass Mercury W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg <0.1	Copper	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	51	45	11	30%	Pass	
Mercury W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg < 0.1 < 1 30% Pass Nickel W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 31 33 5.6 30% Pass Zinc W22-JI0000489 CP mg/kg 74 78 4.7 30% Pass Duplicate Result 1 Result 2 RPD % Moisture W22-JI0000489 CP % 26 28 7.2 30% Pass Duplicate Result 1 Result 2 RPD Metals M8 W22-JI0000490 CP mg/kg 7.3 18 85 30% Fail Q15 Cadmium W22-JI0000490 CP mg/kg 7.3 18 85 30% Fail Q15 Copper W22-JI0000490 CP mg/kg <0.1	Lead	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	13	15	15	30%	Pass	
Nickel W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg 31 33 5.6 30% Pass Zinc W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg 74 78 4.7 30% Pass Duplicate Result 1 Result 2 RPD % Moisture W22-J0000489 CP % 26 28 7.2 30% Pass Duplicate Result 1 Result 2 RPD Metals M8 W22-J10000490 CP mg/kg 7.3 18 85 30% Fail Q15 Cadmium W22-J10000490 CP mg/kg 0.4 <0.4	Mercury	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Zinc W22-J0000489 CP mg/kg 74 78 4.7 30% Pass Duplicate Result 1 Result 2 RPD % Moisture W22-J0000489 CP % 26 28 7.2 30% Pass Duplicate Result 1 Result 2 RPD Arsenic W22-J0000490 CP mg/kg 7.3 18 85 30% Fail Q15 Cadmium W22-J10000490 CP mg/kg 7.3 18 85 30% Fail Q15 Copper W22-J10000490 CP mg/kg 7.3 25 99 30% Fail Q15 Mercury W22-J10000490 CP mg/kg <0.1	Nickel	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	31	33	5.6	30%	Pass	
Duplicate Result 1 Result 2 RPD Image: Marcon 1 % Moisture W22-Jl0000489 CP % 26 28 7.2 30% Pass Duplicate Metals M8 Image: M22-Jl0000490 CP mg/kg 7.3 18 85 30% Fail Q15 Arsenic W22-Jl0000490 CP mg/kg 7.3 18 85 30% Fail Q15 Cadmium W22-Jl0000490 CP mg/kg 0.4 <0.4	Zinc	W22-JI0000489	CP	mg/kg	74	78	4.7	30%	Pass	
Result 1 Result 2 RPD Image: square squa	Duplicate				1					
% Moisture W22-JI0000489 CP % 26 28 7.2 30% Pass Duplicate Metals M8 Result 1 Result 2 RPD Image: Mail or Marcine Marc					Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Duplicate Result 1 Result 2 RPD Image: Constraint of the system o	% Moisture	W22-JI0000489	CP	%	26	28	7.2	30%	Pass	
Metals M8 Result 1 Result 2 RPD Image: Mail of the second	Duplicate							-		
Arsenic W22-JI0000490 CP mg/kg 7.3 18 85 30% Fail Q15 Cadmium W22-JI0000490 CP mg/kg 0.4 <0.4	Metals M8				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Cadmium W22-J10000490 CP mg/kg 0.4 < 0.4 59 30% Fail Q15 Copper W22-J10000490 CP mg/kg 73 25 99 30% Fail Q15 Mercury W22-J10000490 CP mg/kg <0.1	Arsenic	W22-JI0000490	CP	mg/kg	7.3	18	85	30%	Fail	Q15
Copper W22-JI0000490 CP mg/kg 73 25 99 30% Fail Q15 Mercury W22-JI0000490 CP mg/kg < 0.1	Cadmium	W22-JI0000490	CP	mg/kg	0.4	< 0.4	59	30%	Fail	Q15
Mercury W22-JI0000490 CP mg/kg < 0.1 < 1 30% Pass Nickel W22-JI0000490 CP mg/kg 19 55 96 30% Fail Q15 Duplicate Kesult 1 Result 2 RPD Arsenic W22-JI0000491 CP mg/kg <2	Copper	W22-JI0000490	CP	mg/kg	73	25	99	30%	Fail	Q15
Nickel W22-JI0000490 CP mg/kg 19 55 96 30% Fail Q15 Duplicate Metals M8 Result 1 Result 2 RPD Image: Composition of the state of the stat	Mercury	W22-JI0000490	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate Metals M8 Result 1 Result 2 RPD Cell Arsenic W22-JI0000491 CP mg/kg <2	Nickel	W22-JI0000490	CP	mg/kg	19	55	96	30%	Fail	Q15
Metals M8 Result 1 Result 2 RPD Image: Constraint of the state of the	Duplicate									
Arsenic W22-JI0000491 CP mg/kg <2 <2 <1 30% Pass Cadmium W22-JI0000491 CP mg/kg <0.4	Metals M8				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Cadmium W22-JI0000491 CP mg/kg < 0.4 < 0.4 < 1 30% Pass Chromium W22-JI0000491 CP mg/kg 290 240 21 30% Pass Copper W22-JI0000491 CP mg/kg 11 12 5.9 30% Pass	Arsenic	W22-JI0000491	CP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium W22-JI0000491 CP mg/kg 290 240 21 30% Pass Copper W22-JI0000491 CP mg/kg 11 12 5.9 30% Pass	Cadmium	W22-JI0000491	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Copper W22-JI0000491 CP mg/kg 11 12 5.9 30% Pass	Chromium	W22-JI0000491	CP	mg/kg	290	240	21	30%	Pass	
	Copper	W22-JI0000491	СР	mg/kg	11	12	5.9	30%	Pass	



Duplicate									
Metals M8				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Lead	W22-JI0000491	CP	mg/kg	8.9	8.4	6.1	30%	Pass	
Mercury	W22-JI0000491	СР	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	W22-JI0000491	СР	mg/kg	24	25	3.8	30%	Pass	
Zinc	W22-JI0000491	СР	mg/kg	30	29	4.5	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Metals M8				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	W22-JI0000492	CP	mg/kg	13	14	4.7	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	W22-JI0000492	СР	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	W22-JI0000492	СР	mg/kg	240	260	8.0	30%	Pass	
Copper	W22-JI0000492	CP	mg/kg	22	19	14	30%	Pass	
Lead	W22-JI0000492	CP	mg/kg	110	96	11	30%	Pass	
Mercury	W22-JI0000492	СР	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	W22-JI0000492	СР	mg/kg	28	43	43	30%	Fail	Q15
Zinc	W22-JI0000492	СР	mg/kg	420	420	1.8	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C6-C9	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	·								
BTEX				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	W22-JI0000493	СР	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
o-Xylene	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total*	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Naphthalene	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	·								
Metals M8				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	290	270	4.6	30%	Pass	
Copper	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	23	22	4.0	30%	Pass	
Lead	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	7.5	7.2	4.3	30%	Pass	
Mercury	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	52	50	2.9	30%	Pass	
Zinc	W22-JI0000493	CP	mg/kg	41	39	3.3	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C6-C9	W22-JI0000494	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
BTEX				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	W22-JI0000494	СР	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	W22-JI0000494	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	W22-JI0000494	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	W22-JI0000494	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
o-Xylene	W22-JI0000494	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total*	W22-JI0000494	CP	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Naphthalene	W22-JI0000494	СР	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	W22-JI0000494	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	



Duplicate									
Metals M8				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	W22-JI0000494	CP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	W22-JI0000494	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	W22-JI0000494	CP	mg/kg	140	160	12	30%	Pass	
Copper	W22-JI0000494	CP	mg/kg	99	140	32	30%	Fail	Q15
Lead	W22-JI0000494	СР	mg/kg	21	23	11	30%	Pass	
Mercury	W22-JI0000494	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	W22-JI0000494	СР	mg/kg	15	15	4.3	30%	Pass	
Zinc	W22-JI0000494	СР	mg/kg	98	120	16	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				•					
Metals M8				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	W22-JI0000495	CP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	W22-JI0000495	СР	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	W22-JI0000495	CP	mg/kg	140	120	13	30%	Pass	
Copper	W22-JI0000495	CP	mg/kg	24	24	1.2	30%	Pass	
Lead	W22-JI0000495	CP	mg/kg	17	16	6.9	30%	Pass	
Mercury	W22-JI0000495	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	W22-JI0000495	CP	mg/kg	21	20	4.2	30%	Pass	
Zinc	W22-JI0000495	CP	mg/kg	50	49	1.6	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				•					
				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract									
at 25 °C as rec.)	W22-JI0000495	CP	uS/cm	43	47	8.5	30%	Pass	
Total Organic Carbon	W22-JI0000495	CP	%	6.3	6.3	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				1				1	
Heavy Metals			1	Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Iron	W22-JI0000495	CP	mg/kg	91000	76000	19	30%	Pass	
Duplicate							[1	
Cation Exchange Capacity	1			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Cation Exchange Capacity	M22-JI0020910	NCP	meq/100g	21	22	4.7	30%	Pass	
Duplicate					1			1	
Metals M8			1	Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	W22-JI0000496	CP	mg/kg	6.1	4.9	22	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	W22-JI0000496	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	W22-JI0000496	CP	mg/kg	170	150	12	30%	Pass	
Copper	W22-JI0000496	CP	mg/kg	37	34	9.8	30%	Pass	
Lead	W22-JI0000496	CP	mg/kg	21	19	15	30%	Pass	
Mercury	W22-JI0000496	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	W22-JI0000496	CP	mg/kg	36	34	4.4	30%	Pass	
Zinc	W22-JI0000496	CP	mg/kg	190	170	8.2	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				1	1		[1	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	S		1	Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Acenaphthene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Anthracene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Chrysene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluoranthene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluorene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	



Duplicate									
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	S			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Naphthalene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenanthrene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrene	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				1				1	
Phenols (Halogenated)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2-Chlorophenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 10	< 10	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				1	1		1	1	
Phenols (non-Halogenated)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
Dinoseb	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenol	W22-JI0000497	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				D 114				1	
Metals M8	14/00 110000 407			Result 1	Result 2	RPD	000/	-	
Arsenic	W22-JI0000497		mg/kg	21	21	2.0	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	VV22-JI0000497		mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	VV22-JI0000497		mg/kg	130	150	10	30%	Pass	045
Copper	W22-JI0000497		mg/kg	38	52	32	30%	Fall	Q15
Moroury	W22-JI0000497		mg/kg	39	40	10	30%	Pass	
Niekol	W22-JI0000497		mg/kg	20	< 0.1	24	30%	Pass	
Zinc	W22-JI0000497		mg/kg	<u> </u>	700	10	30%	Pass	
	VV22-310000497	UF	під/ку	570	700	19	30 %	F 855	
Metals M8				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		I	
Arsenic	W/22- 110000498	CP	ma/ka	3.1	24	26	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	W22-JI0000498	CP	ma/ka	< 0.4	< 0.4	<u></u>	30%	Pass	
Chromium	W22-JI0000498	CP	ma/ka	90	94	40	30%	Pass	
Copper	W22-JI0000498	CP	ma/ka	38	36	6.2	30%	Pass	
Lead	W22-JI0000498	CP	ma/ka	96	10.0	4.0	30%	Pass	
Mercury	W22-JI0000498	CP	ma/ka	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	W22-JI0000498	CP	ma/ka	30	31	<1	30%	Pass	
Zinc	W22-JI0000498	CP	ma/ka	150	140	8.0	30%	Pass	
Dunlicate		0.	iiig/kg	100	110	0.0	0070	1 400	
				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
% Moisture	W22-JI0000499	CP	%	17	18	4.5	30%	Pass	
Duplicate			, <u>, , -</u>						
Metals M8				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	W22-JI0000500	СР	ma/ka	6.4	6.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	W22-JI0000500	CP	ma/ka	0.7	0.6	8.0	30%	Pass	
Chromium	W22-JI0000500	CP	mg/kg	190	180	3.2	30%	Pass	
Copper	W22-JI0000500	CP	mg/kg	47	46	1.9	30%	Pass	
				-					



Duplicate									
Metals M8			-	Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Lead	W22-JI0000500	CP	mg/kg	46	35	28	30%	Pass	
Mercury	W22-JI0000500	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	W22-JI0000500	CP	mg/kg	37	40	8.4	30%	Pass	
Zinc	W22-JI0000500	CP	mg/kg	350	280	22	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Metals M8				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	W22-JI0000501	CP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	W22-JI0000501	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	W22-JI0000501	CP	mg/kg	140	120	14	30%	Pass	
Copper	W22-JI0000501	CP	mg/kg	13	20	39	30%	Fail	Q15
Lead	W22-JI0000501	CP	mg/kg	17	16	3.4	30%	Pass	
Mercury	W22-JI0000501	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	W22-JI0000501	CP	mg/kg	21	22	5.1	30%	Pass	
Zinc	W22-JI0000501	CP	mg/kg	35	39	12	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				1			1		
Metals M8				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	W22-JI0000502	CP	mg/kg	6.4	18	94	30%	Fail	Q15
Cadmium	W22-JI0000502	CP	mg/kg	8.3	15	55	30%	Fail	Q15
Chromium	W22-JI0000502	CP	mg/kg	86	130	40	30%	Fail	Q15
Copper	W22-JI0000502	CP	mg/kg	83	160	64	30%	Fail	Q15
Mercury	W22-JI0000502	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	W22-JI0000502	CP	mg/kg	53	92	54	30%	Fail	Q15
Zinc	W22-JI0000502	CP	mg/kg	83	130	47	30%	Fail	Q15
Duplicate				1	1		-	T	
				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Chromium (hexavalent)	W22-JI0000502	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				1			1		
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C6-C9	W22-JI0000503	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				1	1			1	
ВТЕХ				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	W22-JI0000503	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	W22-JI0000503	CP	mg/kg	0.5	1.7	110	30%	Fail	Q15
Ethylbenzene	W22-JI0000503	CP	mg/kg	0.1	0.3	93	30%	Fail	Q15
m&p-Xylenes	W22-JI0000503	CP	mg/kg	0.4	0.9	71	30%	Fail	Q15
o-Xylene	W22-JI0000503	CP	mg/kg	0.2	0.4	71	30%	Fail	Q15
Xylenes - Total*	W22-JI0000503	CP	mg/kg	0.6	1.2	71	30%	Fail	Q15
Duplicate								1	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD		-	
Naphthalene	W22-JI0000503	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	W22-JI0000503	СР	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				D 14		555		1	
	14/00 110000505	05		Kesult 1	Result 2		0001		
Arsenic	VV22-JI0000503	<u></u>	mg/kg	<2	<2	<1	30%	Pass	
	VV22-JI0000503	CP 07	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
	VV22-JI0000503	<u></u>	mg/kg	/6	84	9.9	30%	Pass	
Lead	VV22-JIU000503		mg/kg	1.9	<u>8.1</u>	2.6	30%	Pass	
	VV22-JIU000503		mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
	VV22-JIU000503		mg/kg	27	32	1/	30%	Pass	
	vv22-JI0000503	U۲	mg/kg	1 110	110	0.0	30%	Pass	



Duplicate									
Metals M8	_			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	W22-JI0000504	CP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	W22-JI0000504	CP	mg/kg	0.4	< 0.4	57	30%	Fail	Q15
Chromium	W22-JI0000504	CP	mg/kg	110	82	32	30%	Fail	Q15
Copper	W22-JI0000504	CP	mg/kg	44	25	53	30%	Fail	Q15
Lead	W22-JI0000504	CP	mg/kg	63	45	34	30%	Fail	Q15
Mercury	W22-JI0000504	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	W22-JI0000504	CP	mg/kg	24	21	17	30%	Pass	
Zinc	W22-JI0000504	CP	mg/kg	350	240	35	30%	Fail	Q15
Duplicate									
Metals M8				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	W22-JI0000505	CP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	W22-JI0000505	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Copper	W22-JI0000505	CP	mg/kg	13	51	120	30%	Fail	Q15
Lead	W22-JI0000505	CP	mg/kg	12	44	110	30%	Fail	Q15
Mercury	W22-JI0000505	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C10-C14	W22-JI0000508	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	W22-JI0000508	CP	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	W22-JI0000508	CP	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate							-		
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH >C10-C16	W22-JI0000508	CP	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	W22-JI0000508	CP	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C34-C40	W22-JI0000508	CP	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	<1	30%	Pass	



Comments

Sample Integrity	
Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	Yes
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Qualifier Codes/Comments

Code	Description
G01	The LORs have been raised due to matrix interference
N01	F2 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "naphthalene" value from the ">C10-C16" value. The naphthalene value used in this calculation is obtained from volatiles (Purge & Trap analysis).
N02	Where we have reported both volatile (P&T GCMS) and semivolatile (GCMS) naphthalene data, results may not be identical. Provided correct sample handling protocols have been followed, any observed differences in results are likely to be due to procedural differences within each methodology. Results determined by both techniques have passed all QAQC acceptance criteria, and are entirely technically valid.
N04	F1 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "Total BTEX" value from the "C6-C10" value. The "Total BTEX" value is obtained by summing the concentrations of BTEX analytes. The "C6-C10" value is obtained by quantitating against a standard of mixed aromatic/aliphatic analytes.
N07	Please note:- These two PAH isomers closely co-elute using the most contemporary analytical methods and both the reported concentration (and the TEQ) apply specifically to the total of the two co-eluting PAHs
Q09	The Surrogate recovery is outside of the recommended acceptance criteria due to matrix interference. Acceptance criteria were met for all other QC

Q15 The RPD reported passes Eurofins Environment Testing's QC - Acceptance Criteria as defined in the Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary page of this report.

Authorised by:

Hannah Mawbey	Analytical Services Manager
Charl Du Preez	Senior Analyst-Organic
Gabriele Cordero	Senior Analyst-Metal
Mary Makarios	Senior Analyst-Metal
Roopesh Rangarajan	Senior Analyst-Organic
Roopesh Rangarajan	Senior Analyst-Volatile
Ryan Phillips	Senior Analyst-Inorganic
Scott Beddoes	Senior Analyst-Inorganic

1. Jul

Glenn Jackson General Manager

Final Report - this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please click here.

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

Project Ref:	TERRA19271														>								
Site Details	Manyana Development - ARE	A AEC 1																					
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS FOR SOIL SAMPLES	Heavy metals, TPH, BTEX, PA	λH											TFRR	A INS	IGHT								
All resullts in mg/kg unless noted otherwise													ILICI		10111								
									DU12	DU14	DU15	DU16	DU17	DU10	PU10	BHOO	BU01	PLOO	BU00	BHO 4	Quality	Quality	DF
Sample ID			THR	ESHOLD CONCE	NTRATIONS				БПІЗ	DIT 14	БПІЗ	БПІО	DUII	БПІО	DHI9	DHZU	DHZI	DHZZ	БП23	DFIZ4	Sample 1	Sample 2	R.
Sample Location No.																			l	1	BH18	BH18D	
ALS test Reference no		GSW	RSW																	1	1		
Date of Sampling	ENM	CCT1	CCT2	EIL/ESL	HSL (A) Soil	HIL	TPH Mgt Limits	(ref 2a)	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	
Soil Classification																				1	_ /	1	
	Abs. Max. Concentration (max																				1 /	1	
	Ave Conc)			open parkland	(0.0m to <		residential,														1 /	1	
Jrid Sample Location		(EPA NSW)	(EPA NSW)	and urban	1m) sandy	Low Density Residential	parkland and	Background		1		1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
JIII	(Part 9 Clause 9 3)	UNO	UNO	resdiential	Clay	Residential	(Fine Soils)														t7	1	
Denth interval (m)	(i art o olause o.o)						(1	
Moisture content (%)								1	13.2	11.3	14 1	12.2	15.0	7 9	15.3	87	23.2	7.4	10.0	17.3	<u> </u>	10.6	20
holstale content (76)									10.2	11.0	14.1	12.2	10.0	7.5	10.0	0.1	20.2	1.4	10.0	17.5	<u> </u>	10.0	_20
Fotal Organic Carbon %									-					4.0							<u> </u>		
Cation Exchange capacity meg/100g														0.8						[1		
HEAVY METALS (TOTAL mg/kg)																			1	1			
Arsenic	40 (20)	100	400	100 ^{2 (Aged)}		100 ²		1-50	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Cadmium	1 (0.5)	20	80	3 ^{2a}		20 ²		1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	3	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	2	<1	
Chromium (total)				380 (III) 2(aged)				5-1000	129	154	138	135	186	103	152	68	184	97	156	134	102	145	5
Chromimum (Hexavalent)	150 (IV) (75)	100 (VI)	400			100 (IV) ²								<5									
Copper	200 (100)	NA	NA	160 2(aged)	1	6,000 ²		2-100	10	44	22	18	18	617	23	18	12	22	14	16	497	268	18
Copper TLCP Leachate mg/l														<0.1						L	<u> </u>		
_ead	100 (50)	100	400	1100 2(aged)		300 ^{2a}		2-200	8	8	5	10	8	506	<5	9	11	20	6	6	483	103	19
Lead TLCP Leachate mg/l														0.1						Ļ		<u> </u>	
Mercury	1 (0.5)	4	16	1 2(agod)		40 2		0.03	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<u> </u>	<0.1	
Nickel	60 (30)	40	160	300 2(aged)		400 2		5-500	16	26	26	28	36	82	34	15	17	17	22	26	56	39	4:
Nickel TLCP Leachate mg/l				2(aged)		2								<0.1					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Zinc	300 (150)	NA	NA	350 -(-87		7400 -		10-300	23	31	36	44	39	2030	64	61	29	34	19	28	692	558	17
																					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	—
SIEX (mg/kg)	0.5	10		65 6	0.9 12	0.7 10							<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2			+		<0.2	<0.2	—
	65	299		105 8	560 ¹²	480 10			-				<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2					<0.2	<0.2	—
Thulanzana	25	600		125 8	NI ¹²	12000 10			-				<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5		-	+	(<0.5	<0.5	—
Total Xvlene	15	1000		45 8	130 12	110 10							<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5		-	+	(<0.5	<0.5	—
		1000			100	110							-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0		-			40.0	-0.0	
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS (ma/ka)																							
F1 - C6 - C10 Fraction	-	650		180 12	60 ¹²	4400 13	800 14						<10	<10	<10	<10			1	1	<10	<10	
F2 >C10 - C16 Fraction	-	-		120 12	330 12	3300 ¹³	1000 14						<50	<50	<50	<50			1	1	<50	<50	
F3 > C16- C34 Fraction	-	-		1300 12		4,500 13	3500 14						<100	<100	140	60					<100	<100	
F4 >C34-C40 Fraction	-	-		5600		6,300 ¹³	10000 14						<100	<100	<100	<100					<100	<100	
Fotal C10-C40	-												<50	<50	140	60					<50	<50	
Fotal C6-C9	-	650	2,600										<10	<10	<10	<10				L	<10	<10	
Fotal C10-C36	500 (250)	10000	40000										<50	<50	<50	<50			<u> </u>	L	<50	<50	
																			<u> </u>	L	L		
POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (mg/kg)						2									L				<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Benzo(a)pyrene	1 (0.5)	0.8		0.7 °		3 2							<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	< 0.5	< 0.5	
l otal PAH (mg/kg)	40 (20)	200				300 - 24							<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	< 0.5	<0.5	
		l		I	I					1		1				1	1	1		t			

Bold Bold Bold

Above laboratory limits of detection
Exceeds EVM Abs. Maxmum Concentrations
Exceeds EVM Abs. Maxmum Concentration
Exceeds EVM Abs. Maxmum Concentrations
Exceeds EVM Abs. Max

Project Ref:	TERRA19271														7					
Site Details	Manyana Development - AREA AEC	2																		
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS FOR SOIL SAMPLES	Heavy metals, TPH, BTEX, PAH												TFRR	A INS	GHT					
All results in mg/kg unless noted otherwise													I LIVIX		GIII		-			
Sample ID	-		THRES	HOLD CONCENT	RATIONS				BH01	BH02	BH03	BH04	BH05	BH06	BH07	BH08	BH09	BH10	BH11	BH12
Sample Location No.		1	1	1	1	1		r												
ALS test Reference no		GSW	RSW						5 10 0 10 0 10	5/00/0040	5/00/00/00	6/00/00/40	5/00/0040	510010010	5/00/00/0	510010040	510010040	510010040	5/00/0040	5100 0040
Date of Sampling	ENM	CCT1	CCT2	EIL/ESL	HSL (A) Soil	HIL	TPH Mgt Limits	(ref 2a)	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019	5/08/2019
Soil Classification Grid Sample Location Unit	Abs. Max. Concentration (max Ave Conc)	(EPA NSW) UNO	(EPA NSW) UNO	open parkland and urban	(0.0m to < 1m) sandy	Low Density Residential	residential, parkland and open spaces	Background												
	(Part 9 Clause 9.3)			resdiential	Clay		(Fine Soils)													
Depth interval (m)																				
Moisture content (%)				[28.7	22.4	36.8	24.5	25.3	13.8	16.5	20.9	8.2	14.7	20.2	14.1
									-											
Amonio	40 (20)	100	400	100 2 (Aged)		100 2		1 50	-5	-5	-5	~5	~E	~5	6	E	~5	~5	~5	-5
Cadmium	1 (0.5)	20	80	3 28		20 2		1-50	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Chromium (total)	150 (IV) (75)	100 (VI)	400	380 (III) 2(aged)		100 2		5-1000	83	95	97	211	135	105	74	165	89	92	152	134
Copper	200 (100)	NA	NA	160 ^{2(aged)}		6.000 ²		2-100	10	40	16	30	14	38	49	30	6	15	18	13
Lead	100 (50)	100	400	1100 2(aged)		300 ^{2a}		2-200	7	6	<5	<5	6	23	<5	6	10	9	8	8
Mercury	1 (0.5)	4	16	1		40 2		0.03	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Nickel	60 (30)	40	160	300 2(aged)		400 ²		5-500	53	47	90	141	36	41	194	146	18	33	48	44
Zinc	300 (150)	NA	NA	350 ^{2(aged)}		7400 ²		10-300	17	15	20	32	14	165	76	49	9	21	18	15
PTEV (malka)																				
Benzene	0.5	10		65 6	0.8 12	0.7 10							<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2				
Taluana	65	299		105 8	560 ¹²	490 10			-				<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2				
Ethylhenzene	25	600		125 8	NI ¹²	12000 10							<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5				
Total Xylene	15	1000		45 8	130 12	110 10							<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5				
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS (mg/kg)																				
F1 - C6 - C10 Fraction	-	650		180 ¹²	60 ¹²	4400 13	800 14						<10	<10	<10	<10				
F2 >C10 - C16 Fraction	-	-		120 12	330 12	3300 ¹³	1000 14						<50	<50	<50	<50				
F3 > C16- C34 Fraction	-	-		1300 ¹²		4,500 ¹³	3500 14						<100	<100	<100	<100				
F4 >C34-C40 Fraction	-	-		5600		6,300 ¹³	10000 14						<100	<100	<100	<100				
Total C10-C40	-												<50	<50	<50	<50				
Total C6-C9	-	650	2,600										<10	<10	<10	<10				
Total C10-C36	500 (250)	10000	40000										<50	<50	<50	<50				
POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (mg/ka)																				+
Benzo(a)pyrene	1 (0.5)	0.8		0.7 8		3 ²							<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5				
Total PAH (mg/kg)	40 (20)	200				300 ^{2a}							<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5				

NOTES:

Above laboratory limits of detection Exceeds ENM Abs. Maximum Concentrations Concentration exceeds the HIL A Bold Bold Bold Bold Bold

Exceeds EMM Abs. Maximum Concentrations
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)
Concentration exceeds the ELC (Open Parking and Urban Res)



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order	EB1922429	Page	: 1 of 2
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT	Laboratory	Environmental Division Brisbane
Contact	: MS KAREN GATES	Contact	: Aneta Prosaroski
Address	: PO BOX 414	Address	: 2 Byth Street Stafford QLD Australia 4053
	UNANDERRA NSW 2526		
Telephone	:	Telephone	: +61 2 4225 3125
Project	: TERRA 19271	Date Samples Received	: 27-Aug-2019 15:30
Order number	:	Date Analysis Commenced	: 29-Aug-2019
C-O-C number	:	Issue Date	: 03-Sep-2019 10:50
Sampler	:		Hac-MRA NATA
Site	:		
Quote number	: EN/222		Association No. 275
No. of samples received	: 1		Accredited for compliance with
No. of samples analysed	: 1		ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Ben Felgendrejeris	Senior Acid Sulfate Soil Chemist	Brisbane Acid Sulphate Soils, Stafford, QLD



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key : CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.

~ = Indicates an estimated value.

• ASS: EA013 (ANC) Fizz Rating: 0- None; 1- Slight; 2- Moderate; 3- Strong; 4- Very Strong; 5- Lime.

Sub-Matrix: PULP (Matrix: SOIL)	Client sample ID			BH20 0-0.5	 	
	CI	ient sampli	ing date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00	 	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EB1922429-001	 	
				Result	 	
EA009: Nett Acid Production Potential						
Net Acid Production Potential		0.5	kg H2SO4/t	3.4	 	
EA013: Acid Neutralising Capacity						
ANC as H2SO4		0.5	kg H2SO4	<0.5	 	
			equiv./t			
ANC as CaCO3		0.1	% CaCO3	<0.1	 	
Fizz Rating		0	Fizz Unit	0	 	
ED042T: Total Sulfur by LECO						
Sulfur - Total as S (LECO)		0.01	%	0.11	 	



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order	EW1903386	Page	: 1 of 21
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT	Laboratory	: Environmental Division NSW South Coast
Contact	: MS KAREN GATES	Contact	: Aneta Prosaroski
Address	: PO BOX 414	Address	: 1/19 Ralph Black Dr, North Wollongong 2500
	UNANDERRA NSW 2526		4/13 Geary Pl, North Nowra 2541 Australia NSW Australia
Telephone	:	Telephone	: +61 2 4225 3125
Project	: TERRA 19271	Date Samples Received	: 06-Aug-2019 11:31
Order number	:	Date Analysis Commenced	: 07-Aug-2019
C-O-C number	:	Issue Date	: 16-Aug-2019 16:47
Sampler	:		Hac-MRA NATA
Site	: MANAYANA LOT 106		
Quote number	: EN/222		Accordition No. 975
No. of samples received	: 69		Accredited for compliance with
No. of samples analysed	: 69		ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Descriptive Results
- Surrogate Control Limits

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Alana Smylie	Asbestos Identifier	Newcastle - Asbestos, Mayfield West, NSW
Ben Felgendrejeris	Senior Acid Sulfate Soil Chemist	Brisbane Acid Sulphate Soils, Stafford, QLD
Celine Conceicao	Senior Spectroscopist	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Edwandy Fadjar	Organic Coordinator	Sydney Organics, Smithfield, NSW
Evie Sidarta	Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society. LOR = Limit of reporting

* = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.

~ = Indicates an estimated value.

- Benzo(a)pyrene Toxicity Equivalent Quotient (TEQ) per the NEPM (2013) is the sum total of the concentration of the eight carcinogenic PAHs multiplied by their Toxicity Equivalence Factor (TEF) relative to Benzo(a)pyrene. TEF values are provided in brackets as follows: Benz(a)anthracene (0.1), Chrysene (0.01), Benzo(b+j) & Benzo(k)fluoranthene (0.1), Benzo(a)pyrene (1.0), Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene (0.1), Dibenz(a.h)anthracene (1.0), Benzo(g.h.i)perylene (0.01). Less than LOR results for 'TEQ Zero' are treated as zero, for 'TEQ 1/2LOR' are treated as half the reported LOR, and for 'TEQ LOR' are treated as being equal to the reported LOR. Note: TEQ 1/2LOR and TEQ LOR will calculate as 0.6mg/Kg and 1.2mg/Kg respectively for samples with non-detects for all of the eight TEQ PAHs.
- EA200: Asbestos Identification Samples were analysed by Polarised Light Microscopy including dispersion staining.
- EA200 Legend
- EA200 'Am' Amosite (brown asbestos)
- EA200 'Cr' Crocidolite (blue asbestos)
- EA200 'Ch' Chrysotile (white asbestos)
- EA200: 'UMF' Unknown Mineral Fibres. "-" indicates fibres detected may or may not be asbestos fibres. Confirmation by alternative techniques is recommended.
- ASS: EA037 (Rapid Field and F(ox) screening): pH F(ox) Reaction Rate: 1 Slight; 2 Moderate; 3 Strong; 4 Extreme
- EA037 ASS Field Screening: NATA accreditation does not cover performance of this service.
- EA200: N/A Not Applicable

Page	: 3 of 21
Work Order	EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	BH01	BH01	BH02	BH02	BH02
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0-0.5	0.5-1.0	1.0-1.5
	Client sampling date / time			05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-001	EW1903386-002	EW1903386-003	EW1903386-004	EW1903386-005
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
øpH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	6.9	7.6	6.8	7.6	6.4
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	5.1	5.7	4.9	5.7	4.9
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	3	2	3	2	3

Page	: 4 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Client sample ID			BH03	BH03	BH04	BH04	BH1
(Matrix: SOIL)	Matrix: SOIL)			0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0-0.5	0.5-1.0	
	Cli	ent sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-006	EW1903386-007	EW1903386-008	EW1903386-009	EW1903386-010
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
øpH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	6.2	6.7	7.3	8.2	
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	5.1	5.4	6.0	6.3	
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	3	3	2	4	
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)								
Moisture Content		1.0	%					28.7
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES								
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg					<5
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg					<1
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg					83
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg					10
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg					7
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg					53
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg					17
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by F	IMS							
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg					<0.1

Page	5 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)	Client sample ID			BH2	BH3	BH4	BH9	BH10
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-011	EW1903386-012	EW1903386-013	EW1903386-014	EW1903386-015
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-11	0°C)							
Moisture Content		1.0	%	22.3	36.8	24.5	8.2	14.7
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES								
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	95	97	211	89	92
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	10	16	30	6	15
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	6	<5	<5	10	9
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	47	90	141	18	33
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	15	20	32	9	21
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by F	IMS							
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1

Page	: 6 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)	Client sample ID			BH11	BH12	BH13	BH14	BH15
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-016	EW1903386-017	EW1903386-018	EW1903386-019	EW1903386-020
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-1	10°C)							
Moisture Content		1.0	%	20.2	14.1	13.2	11.3	14.1
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AE	S							
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	152	134	129	154	138
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	18	13	10	14	22
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	8	8	8	8	5
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	48	44	16	26	26
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	18	15	23	31	36
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by	FIMS							
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1

Page	: 7 of 21
Work Order	EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)	Client sample ID			BH16	BH21	BH22	BH23	BH24
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-021	EW1903386-022	EW1903386-023	EW1903386-024	EW1903386-025
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-1	10°C)							
Moisture Content		1.0	%	12.2	23.2	7.4	19.0	17.3
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES	3							
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	135	184	97	156	134
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	18	12	22	14	16
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	10	11	20	6	6
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	28	17	17	22	26
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	44	29	34	19	28
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by I	FIMS							
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1

Page	: 8 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



	.5 19 00:00 186-034 ult
Client sampling date / time 05-Aug-2019 00:00 05-Aug-2019 00:00<	19 00:00 186-034 ult
Compound CAS Number LOR Unit EW1903386-030 EW1903386-031 EW1903386-032 EW1903386-033 EW1903386-033 EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C) Result	386-034
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C) Result	
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C) Moisture Content 1.0 % 25.3 13.8 16.5 20.9 15.0 EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES 10 % 25.3 13.8 16.5 20.9 15.0 EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES	
Moisture Content 1.0 % 25.3 13.8 16.5 20.9 15.0 EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES Arsenic 7440-38-2 5 mg/kg <5	
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES Arsenic 7440-38-2 5 mg/kg <5	
Arsenic 7440-38-2 5 mg/kg <5	
Cadmium 7440-43-9 1 mg/kg <1	
Chromium 7440-47-3 2 mg/kg 135 105 74 165 186 Copper 7440-50-8 5 mg/kg 14 38 49 30 18 Lead 7439-92-1 5 mg/kg 6 23 <5	
Copper 7440-50-8 5 mg/kg 14 38 49 30 18 Lead 7439-92-1 5 mg/kg 6 23 <5 6 8 Nickel 7440-02-0 2 mg/kg 36 41 194 146 36 Zinc 7440-66 5 mg/kg 14 165 76 49 39 EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <td></td>	
Lead 7439-92-1 5 mg/kg 6 23 <5	
Nickel 7440-02-0 2 mg/kg 36 41 194 146 36 Zinc 7440-66-6 5 mg/kg 14 165 76 49 39 EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS	
Zinc 7440-66-6 5 mg/kg 14 165 76 49 39 EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS 39 Mercury 7439-97-6 0.1 mg/kg <0.1	
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS Mercury 7439-97-6 0.1 mg/kg <0.1	
Mercury 7439-97-6 0.1 mg/kg <0.1	
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons Naphthalene 91-20-3 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
Naphthalene 91-20-3 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
Acenaphthylene 208-96-8 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
Acenaphthene 83-32-9 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
Fluorene 86-73-7 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
Phenanthrene 85-01-8 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
Anthracene 120-12-7 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
Fluoranthene 206-44-0 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
Pyrene 129-00-0 0.5 mg/kg <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	
Benz(a)anthracene 56-55-3 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
Chrysene 218-01-9 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
Benzo(b+j)fluoranthene 205-99-2 205-82-3 0.5 mg/kg <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene 207-08-9 0.5 mg/kg <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	
Benzo(a)pyrene 50-32-8 0.5 mg/kg <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	
Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene 193-39-5 0.5 mg/kg <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene 53-70-3 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene 191-24-2 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
^ Sum of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
^ Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (zero) 0.5 mg/kg <0.5	
^ Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (half LOR) 0.5 mg/kg 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	
^ Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (LOR) 0.5 mg/kg 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	
C6 - C9 Fraction 10 mg/kg <10	

Page	: 9 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Client sample ID			BH5	BH6	BH7	BH8	BH17	
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	
	Client sampling date / time			05-Aug-2019 00:00	05-Aug-2019 00:00	05-Aug-2019 00:00	05-Aug-2019 00:00	05-Aug-2019 00:00	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-030	EW1903386-031	EW1903386-032	EW1903386-033	EW1903386-034	
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocar	bons - Continued								
C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	
C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	
[^] C10 - C36 Fraction (sum)		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
EP080/071: Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - NEPM 2013 Fractions									
C6 - C10 Fraction	C6_C10	10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
[^] C6 - C10 Fraction minus BTEX	C6_C10-BTEX	10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
(F1)									
>C10 - C16 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
>C16 - C34 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	
>C34 - C40 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	
^ >C10 - C40 Fraction (sum)		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
^ >C10 - C16 Fraction minus Naphthalene		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
(F2)									
EP080: BTEXN									
Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
^ Sum of BTEX		0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
^ Total Xylenes		0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compound Su	urrogates								
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	0.5	%	90.7	85.3	89.2	86.6	87.7	
2-Chlorophenol-D4	93951-73-6	0.5	%	98.0	90.4	94.5	90.6	91.5	
2.4.6-Tribromophenol	118-79-6	0.5	%	65.4	68.3	64.2	61.3	63.8	
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates									
2-Fluorobiphenyl	321-60-8	0.5	%	101	93.9	95.9	94.3	92.3	
Anthracene-d10	1719-06-8	0.5	%	105	97.4	102	102	101	
4-Terphenyl-d14	1718-51-0	0.5	%	114	104	107	105	108	
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates									
1.2-Dichloroethane-D4	17060-07-0	0.2	%	95.8	88.6	94.7	86.1	94.6	
Toluene-D8	2037-26-5	0.2	%	89.0	77.1	86.9	76.3	87.0	
					* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·			

Page	: 10 of 21
Work Order	EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Vatrix: SOIL Client sample ID		BH5	BH6	BH7	BH8	BH17	
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5
	Cli	ent sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-030	EW1903386-031	EW1903386-032	EW1903386-033	EW1903386-034
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates - C	ontinued							
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.2	%	88.6	85.7	85.4	79.7	89.4

Page	: 11 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Client sample ID			BH18	BH19	BH20	BH18D	BH5
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0.0-0.5	0-0.5
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-035	EW1903386-036	EW1903386-037	EW1903386-038	EW1903386-039
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis	s							
Ø pH (F)		0.1	pH Unit					6.1
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit					5.1
ø Reaction Rate		1	-					2
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 10	05-110°C)							
Moisture Content		1.0	%	7.9	15.3	8.7	10.6	
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-	-AES							
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	3	<1	<1	<1	
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	103	152	68	145	
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	617	23	18	268	
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	506	<5	9	103	
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	82	34	15	39	
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	2030	64	61	558	
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury	by FIMS							
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic I	Hydrocarbons							
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benzo(b+j)fluoranthene	205-99-2 205-82-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
^ Sum of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbo	ons	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
^ Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (zero)		0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	

Page	: 12 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Client sample ID		BH18	BH19	BH20	BH18D	BH5	
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0.0-0.5	0-0.5
	Cli	ient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-035	EW1903386-036	EW1903386-037	EW1903386-038	EW1903386-039
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hy	drocarbons - Cont	inued						
^ Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (half LOR)		0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	
^ Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (LOR)		0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbo								
C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	
C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	80	<50	
C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	100	<100	<100	
C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	
^ C10 - C36 Fraction (sum)		50	mg/kg	<50	100	80	<50	
EP080/071: Total Recoverable Hydroca	rbons - NEPM 201	3 Fractio	ns					
C6 - C10 Fraction	C6_C10	10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	
[^] C6 - C10 Fraction minus BTEX	C6_C10-BTEX	10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	
(F1)								
>C10 - C16 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	60	<50	
>C16 - C34 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	140	<100	<100	
>C34 - C40 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	
^ >C10 - C40 Fraction (sum)		50	mg/kg	<50	140	60	<50	
^ >C10 - C16 Fraction minus Naphthalene		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	60	<50	
(F2)								
EP080: BTEXN								
Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
^ Sum of BTEX		0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
^ Total Xylenes		0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compound Sur	rogates							
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	0.5	%	86.6	90.3	88.7	83.6	
2-Chlorophenol-D4	93951-73-6	0.5	%	90.2	95.5	92.0	88.4	
2.4.6-Tribromophenol	118-79-6	0.5	%	88.9	79.2	79.8	66.2	
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates								
2-Fluorobiphenyl	321-60-8	0.5	%	92.1	96.5	93.6	95.0	
Anthracene-d10	1719-06-8	0.5	%	94.2	103	102	98.4	

Page	: 13 of 21
Work Order	EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Client sample ID		BH18	BH19	BH20	BH18D	BH5	
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0.0-0.5	0-0.5
	Cli	ient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-035	EW1903386-036	EW1903386-037	EW1903386-038	EW1903386-039
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates - Continued								
4-Terphenyl-d14	1718-51-0	0.5	%	102	111	105	112	
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates								
1.2-Dichloroethane-D4	17060-07-0	0.2	%	95.3	87.0	88.1	90.3	
Toluene-D8	2037-26-5	0.2	%	85.4	76.2	80.3	78.9	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.2	%	83.9	77.6	80.1	80.2	

Page	: 14 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Client sample ID			BH6	BH6	BH7	BH7	BH8
(Matrix: SOIL)				0.0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0.0-0.5	0.5-1	00.5
	CI	lient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-040	EW1903386-041	EW1903386-042	EW1903386-043	EW1903386-044
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
ø pH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	6.9	8.8	7.0	8.8	7.7
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	5.8	6.3	5.2	6.3	6.0
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	3	4	3	4	3

Page	: 15 of 21
Work Order	EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	BH8	BH9	BH9	BH10	BH11
(Matrix: SOIL)				0.5-1.0	0.0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0.0-0.5	0-0.5
	CI	lient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-045	EW1903386-046	EW1903386-047	EW1903386-048	EW1903386-049
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
øpH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	8.0	7.3	8.6	6.0	7.6
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	7.2	5.6	6.5	4.2	6.1
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	4	3	4	2	4

Page	: 16 of 21
Work Order	EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	BH11	BH12	BH12	BH13	BH13
(Matrix: SOIL)				0.5-1.0	0.0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0.0-0.5	0.5-1.0
	CI	lient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-050	EW1903386-051	EW1903386-052	EW1903386-053	EW1903386-054
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
ø pH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	8.6	7.6	7.9	5.2	4.7
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	7.6	7.1	7.7	4.0	3.6
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	4	4	4	2	2

Page	: 17 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	BH14	BH14	BH15	BH16	BH16
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0-0.5	0-0.5	0.5-1.0
	CI	lient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-055	EW1903386-056	EW1903386-057	EW1903386-058	EW1903386-059
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
øpH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	7.4	8.5	5.4	6.1	5.6
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	6.0	5.8	4.2	4.0	3.9
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	3	2	3	3	2

Page	: 18 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Client sample ID			BH17	BH18	BH18	BH19	BH20
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0-0.5	0-0.5
	CI	lient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-060	EW1903386-061	EW1903386-062	EW1903386-063	EW1903386-064
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
øpH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	7.4	6.4	5.6	5.7	5.1
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	5.4	4.4	4.1	4.1	3.7
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	3	3	3	3	3
Page	: 19 of 21							
------------	-----------------							
Work Order	: EW1903386							
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT							
Project	: TERRA 19271							



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	BH21	BH22	BH22	BH23	BH24
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0-0.5	0.0-0.5
	Client sampling date / time			05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-065	EW1903386-066	EW1903386-067	EW1903386-068	EW1903386-069
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
ø pH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	5.1	5.2	5.0	5.4	5.3
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	3.6	3.7	4.0	4.2	3.9
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	2	2	3	2	2

Page	: 20 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOLID (Matrix: SOLID)	Client sample ID			X001	X002	X003	X004	
	Client sampling date / time			05-Aug-2019 00:00	05-Aug-2019 00:00	05-Aug-2019 00:00	05-Aug-2019 00:00	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-026	EW1903386-027	EW1903386-028	EW1903386-029	
				Result	Result	Result	Result	
EA200: AS 4964 - 2004 Identification o	of Asbestos in bulk	samples						
Asbestos Detected	1332-21-4	0.1	g/kg	No	Yes	No	Yes	
Asbestos Type	1332-21-4	-		•	Ch + Am	-	Ch	
Asbestos (Trace)	1332-21-4	5	Fibres	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Sample weight (dry)		0.01	g	75.6	52.3	106	54.2	
APPROVED IDENTIFIER:		-		A. RISTOSKI	A. RISTOSKI	A. RISTOSKI	A. RISTOSKI	
Synthetic Mineral Fibre		0.1	g/kg	No	No	No	No	
Organic Fibre		0.1	g/kg	Yes	No	Yes	No	

Analytical Results

Descriptive Results

Sub-Matrix: SOLID

Method: Compound	Client sample ID - Client sampling date / time	Analytical Results
EA200: AS 4964 - 2004 Identification of Asbestos	in bulk samples	
EA200: Description	X001 - 05-Aug-2019 00:00	Several pieces of cement sheeting.
EA200: Description	X002 - 05-Aug-2019 00:00	One piece of asbestos cement sheeting approximately 120x100x5mm.
EA200: Description	X003 - 05-Aug-2019 00:00	Two pieces of cement sheeting.
EA200: Description	X004 - 05-Aug-2019 00:00	Two pieces of asbestos cement sheeting approximately 70x65x5mm.

Page	: 21 of 21
Work Order	EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Surrogate Control Limits

	Recovery	Limits (%)
CAS Number	Low	High
13127-88-3	63	123
93951-73-6	66	122
118-79-6	40	138
321-60-8	70	122
1719-06-8	66	128
1718-51-0	65	129
17060-07-0	73	133
2037-26-5	74	132
460-00-4	72	130
	CAS Number 13127-88-3 93951-73-6 118-79-6 321-60-8 1719-06-8 1719-06-8 1718-51-0 17060-07-0 2037-26-5 460-00-4	Recovery CAS Number Low 13127-88-3 63 93951-73-6 66 118-79-6 40 321-60-8 70 1719-06-8 66 1718-51-0 65 17060-07-0 73 2037-26-5 74 460-00-4 72



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order	EW1903386	Page	: 1 of 21
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT	Laboratory	: Environmental Division NSW South Coast
Contact	: MS KAREN GATES	Contact	: Aneta Prosaroski
Address	: PO BOX 414	Address	: 1/19 Ralph Black Dr, North Wollongong 2500
	UNANDERRA NSW 2526		4/13 Geary Pl, North Nowra 2541 Australia NSW Australia
Telephone	:	Telephone	: +61 2 4225 3125
Project	: TERRA 19271	Date Samples Received	: 06-Aug-2019 11:31
Order number	:	Date Analysis Commenced	: 07-Aug-2019
C-O-C number	:	Issue Date	: 16-Aug-2019 16:47
Sampler	:		Hac-MRA NATA
Site	: MANAYANA LOT 106		
Quote number	: EN/222		Accordition No. 975
No. of samples received	: 69		Accredited for compliance with
No. of samples analysed	: 69		ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Descriptive Results
- Surrogate Control Limits

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Alana Smylie	Asbestos Identifier	Newcastle - Asbestos, Mayfield West, NSW
Ben Felgendrejeris	Senior Acid Sulfate Soil Chemist	Brisbane Acid Sulphate Soils, Stafford, QLD
Celine Conceicao	Senior Spectroscopist	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Edwandy Fadjar	Organic Coordinator	Sydney Organics, Smithfield, NSW
Evie Sidarta	Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society. LOR = Limit of reporting

* = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.

~ = Indicates an estimated value.

- Benzo(a)pyrene Toxicity Equivalent Quotient (TEQ) per the NEPM (2013) is the sum total of the concentration of the eight carcinogenic PAHs multiplied by their Toxicity Equivalence Factor (TEF) relative to Benzo(a)pyrene. TEF values are provided in brackets as follows: Benz(a)anthracene (0.1), Chrysene (0.01), Benzo(b+j) & Benzo(k)fluoranthene (0.1), Benzo(a)pyrene (1.0), Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene (0.1), Dibenz(a.h)anthracene (1.0), Benzo(g.h.i)perylene (0.01). Less than LOR results for 'TEQ Zero' are treated as zero, for 'TEQ 1/2LOR' are treated as half the reported LOR, and for 'TEQ LOR' are treated as being equal to the reported LOR. Note: TEQ 1/2LOR and TEQ LOR will calculate as 0.6mg/Kg and 1.2mg/Kg respectively for samples with non-detects for all of the eight TEQ PAHs.
- EA200: Asbestos Identification Samples were analysed by Polarised Light Microscopy including dispersion staining.
- EA200 Legend
- EA200 'Am' Amosite (brown asbestos)
- EA200 'Cr' Crocidolite (blue asbestos)
- EA200 'Ch' Chrysotile (white asbestos)
- EA200: 'UMF' Unknown Mineral Fibres. "-" indicates fibres detected may or may not be asbestos fibres. Confirmation by alternative techniques is recommended.
- ASS: EA037 (Rapid Field and F(ox) screening): pH F(ox) Reaction Rate: 1 Slight; 2 Moderate; 3 Strong; 4 Extreme
- EA037 ASS Field Screening: NATA accreditation does not cover performance of this service.
- EA200: N/A Not Applicable

Page	: 3 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	BH01	BH01	BH02	BH02	BH02
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0-0.5	0.5-1.0	1.0-1.5
	Client sampling date / time			05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-001	EW1903386-002	EW1903386-003	EW1903386-004	EW1903386-005
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
øpH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	6.9	7.6	6.8	7.6	6.4
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	5.1	5.7	4.9	5.7	4.9
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	3	2	3	2	3

Page	: 4 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)	Client sample ID			BH03 0-0 5	BH03 0.5-1.0	BH04	BH04	BH1
	Cli	ent sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-006	EW1903386-007	EW1903386-008	EW1903386-009	EW1903386-010
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
ø pH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	6.2	6.7	7.3	8.2	
Ø pH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	5.1	5.4	6.0	6.3	
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	3	3	2	4	
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)								
Moisture Content		1.0	%					28.7
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES								
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg					<5
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg					<1
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg					83
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg					10
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg					7
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg					53
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg					17
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by F	EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS							
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg					<0.1

Page	: 5 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)	Client sample ID			BH2	BH3	BH4	BH9	BH10
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-011	EW1903386-012	EW1903386-013	EW1903386-014	EW1903386-015
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-1	110°C)							
Moisture Content		1.0	%	22.3	36.8	24.5	8.2	14.7
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES								
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	95	97	211	89	92
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	10	16	30	6	15
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	6	<5	<5	10	9
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	47	90	141	18	33
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	15	20	32	9	21
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS								
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1

Page	: 6 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)	Client sample ID			BH11	BH12	BH13	BH14	BH15
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-016	EW1903386-017	EW1903386-018	EW1903386-019	EW1903386-020
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-1	10°C)							
Moisture Content		1.0	%	20.2	14.1	13.2	11.3	14.1
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AE	S							
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	152	134	129	154	138
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	18	13	10	14	22
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	8	8	8	8	5
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	48	44	16	26	26
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	18	15	23	31	36
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS								
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1

Page	: 7 of 21
Work Order	EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)	Client sample ID			BH16	BH21	BH22	BH23	BH24
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-021	EW1903386-022	EW1903386-023	EW1903386-024	EW1903386-025
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-1	10°C)							
Moisture Content		1.0	%	12.2	23.2	7.4	19.0	17.3
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES								
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	135	184	97	156	134
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	18	12	22	14	16
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	10	11	20	6	6
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	28	17	17	22	26
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	44	29	34	19	28
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS								
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1

Page	: 8 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Matrix: SOIL Client sample ID rix: SOIL)			BH5	BH6	BH7	BH8	BH17	
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00					
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-030	EW1903386-031	EW1903386-032	EW1903386-033	EW1903386-034	
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)									
Moisture Content		1.0	%	25.3	13.8	16.5	20.9	15.0	
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES									
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	6	5	<5	
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	135	105	74	165	186	
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	14	38	49	30	18	
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	6	23	<5	6	8	
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	36	41	194	146	36	
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	14	165	76	49	39	
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS									
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aroma	tic Hydrocarbons								
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benzo(b+j)fluoranthene	205-99-2 205-82-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
^ Sum of polycyclic aromatic hydroca	rbons	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
^ Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (zero)		0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
^ Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (half LOR)		0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	
^ Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (LOR)		0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydro	ocarbons								
C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	

Page	: 9 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Client sample ID			BH5	BH6	BH7	BH8	BH17	
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	
	Client sampling date / time		05-Aug-2019 00:00						
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-030	EW1903386-031	EW1903386-032	EW1903386-033	EW1903386-034	
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons - Continued									
C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	
C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	
^ C10 - C36 Fraction (sum)		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
EP080/071: Total Recoverable Hydroc	arbons - NEPM 201	3 Fractio	ns						
C6 - C10 Fraction	C6_C10	10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
[^] C6 - C10 Fraction minus BTEX	C6_C10-BTEX	10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
(F1)									
>C10 - C16 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
>C16 - C34 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	
>C34 - C40 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	
^ >C10 - C40 Fraction (sum)		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
^ >C10 - C16 Fraction minus Naphthalene		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
(F2)									
EP080: BTEXN									
Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
^ Sum of BTEX		0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
^ Total Xylenes		0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compound Su	rrogates								
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	0.5	%	90.7	85.3	89.2	86.6	87.7	
2-Chlorophenol-D4	93951-73-6	0.5	%	98.0	90.4	94.5	90.6	91.5	
2.4.6-Tribromophenol	118-79-6	0.5	%	65.4	68.3	64.2	61.3	63.8	
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates									
2-Fluorobiphenyl	321-60-8	0.5	%	101	93.9	95.9	94.3	92.3	
Anthracene-d10	1719-06-8	0.5	%	105	97.4	102	102	101	
4-Terphenyl-d14	1718-51-0	0.5	%	114	104	107	105	108	
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates									
1.2-Dichloroethane-D4	17060-07-0	0.2	%	95.8	88.6	94.7	86.1	94.6	
Toluene-D8	2037-26-5	0.2	%	89.0	77.1	86.9	76.3	87.0	

Page	: 10 of 21
Work Order	EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Client sample ID		BH5	BH6	BH7	BH8	BH17	
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5
	Cli	ent sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-030	EW1903386-031	EW1903386-032	EW1903386-033	EW1903386-034
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates - Continued								
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.2	%	88.6	85.7	85.4	79.7	89.4

Page	: 11 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Client sample ID			BH18	BH19	BH20	BH18D	BH5
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0.0-0.5	0-0.5
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-035	EW1903386-036	EW1903386-037	EW1903386-038	EW1903386-039
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis	s							
Ø pH (F)		0.1	pH Unit					6.1
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit					5.1
ø Reaction Rate		1	-					2
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 10	05-110°C)							
Moisture Content		1.0	%	7.9	15.3	8.7	10.6	
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-	-AES							
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	3	<1	<1	<1	
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	103	152	68	145	
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	617	23	18	268	
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	506	<5	9	103	
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	82	34	15	39	
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	2030	64	61	558	
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury	by FIMS							
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic I	Hydrocarbons							
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benzo(b+j)fluoranthene	205-99-2 205-82-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
^ Sum of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbo	ons	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
^ Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (zero)		0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	

Page	: 12 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Client sample ID			BH18	BH19	BH20	BH18D	BH5
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0.0-0.5	0-0.5
	Cli	ient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-035	EW1903386-036	EW1903386-037	EW1903386-038	EW1903386-039
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hy	drocarbons - Cont	inued						
^ Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (half LOR)		0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	
^ Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (LOR)		0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarb	ons							
C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	
C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	80	<50	
C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	100	<100	<100	
C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	
^ C10 - C36 Fraction (sum)		50	mg/kg	<50	100	80	<50	
EP080/071: Total Recoverable Hydroca	rbons - NEPM 201	3 Fractio	ns					
C6 - C10 Fraction	C6_C10	10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	
[^] C6 - C10 Fraction minus BTEX	C6_C10-BTEX	10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	
(F1)								
>C10 - C16 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	60	<50	
>C16 - C34 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	140	<100	<100	
>C34 - C40 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	
^ >C10 - C40 Fraction (sum)		50	mg/kg	<50	140	60	<50	
^ >C10 - C16 Fraction minus Naphthalene		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	60	<50	
(F2)								
EP080: BTEXN								
Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
^ Sum of BTEX		0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
^ Total Xylenes		0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compound Sur	rogates							
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	0.5	%	86.6	90.3	88.7	83.6	
2-Chlorophenol-D4	93951-73-6	0.5	%	90.2	95.5	92.0	88.4	
2.4.6-Tribromophenol	118-79-6	0.5	%	88.9	79.2	79.8	66.2	
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates								
2-Fluorobiphenyl	321-60-8	0.5	%	92.1	96.5	93.6	95.0	
Anthracene-d10	1719-06-8	0.5	%	94.2	103	102	98.4	

Page	: 13 of 21
Work Order	EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Cli	ent sample ID	BH18	BH19	BH20	BH18D	BH5
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0-0.5	0.0-0.5	0-0.5
	Cli	ient sampli	ing date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-035	EW1903386-036	EW1903386-037	EW1903386-038	EW1903386-039
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates - Continued								
4-Terphenyl-d14	1718-51-0	0.5	%	102	111	105	112	
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates								
1.2-Dichloroethane-D4	17060-07-0	0.2	%	95.3	87.0	88.1	90.3	
Toluene-D8	2037-26-5	0.2	%	85.4	76.2	80.3	78.9	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.2	%	83.9	77.6	80.1	80.2	

Page	: 14 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Client sample ID			BH6	BH6	BH7	BH7	BH8
(Matrix: SOIL)				0.0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0.0-0.5	0.5-1	00.5
	CI	lient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-040	EW1903386-041	EW1903386-042	EW1903386-043	EW1903386-044
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
ø pH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	6.9	8.8	7.0	8.8	7.7
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	5.8	6.3	5.2	6.3	6.0
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	3	4	3	4	3

Page	: 15 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	BH8	BH9	BH9	BH10	BH11
(Matrix: SOIL)				0.5-1.0	0.0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0.0-0.5	0-0.5
	CI	ient sampli	ng date / time	05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-045	EW1903386-046	EW1903386-047	EW1903386-048	EW1903386-049
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
ø pH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	8.0	7.3	8.6	6.0	7.6
Ø pH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	7.2	5.6	6.5	4.2	6.1
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	4	3	4	2	4

Page	: 16 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	BH11	BH12	BH12	BH13	BH13
(Matrix: SOIL)				0.5-1.0	0.0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0.0-0.5	0.5-1.0
Client sampling date / time				05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-050	EW1903386-051	EW1903386-052	EW1903386-053	EW1903386-054
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
ø pH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	8.6	7.6	7.9	5.2	4.7
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	7.6	7.1	7.7	4.0	3.6
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	4	4	4	2	2

Page	: 17 of 21
Work Order	EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	BH14	BH14	BH15	BH16	BH16
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0-0.5	0-0.5	0.5-1.0
Client sampling date / time				05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-055	EW1903386-056	EW1903386-057	EW1903386-058	EW1903386-059
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
ø pH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	7.4	8.5	5.4	6.1	5.6
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	6.0	5.8	4.2	4.0	3.9
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	3	2	3	3	2

Page	: 18 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	BH17	BH18	BH18	BH19	BH20
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0-0.5	0-0.5
Client sampling date / time				05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-060	EW1903386-061	EW1903386-062	EW1903386-063	EW1903386-064
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
ø pH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	7.4	6.4	5.6	5.7	5.1
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	5.4	4.4	4.1	4.1	3.7
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	3	3	3	3	3

Page	: 19 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	BH21	BH22	BH22	BH23	BH24
(Matrix: SOIL)				0-0.5	0-0.5	0.5-1.0	0-0.5	0.0-0.5
Client sampling date / time				05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-065	EW1903386-066	EW1903386-067	EW1903386-068	EW1903386-069
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA037: Ass Field Screening Analysis								
øpH (F)		0.1	pH Unit	5.1	5.2	5.0	5.4	5.3
øpH (Fox)		0.1	pH Unit	3.6	3.7	4.0	4.2	3.9
Ø Reaction Rate		1	-	2	2	3	2	2

Page	: 20 of 21
Work Order	: EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Sub-Matrix: SOLID (Matrix: SOLID)	Client sample ID			X001	X002	X003	X004	
Client sampling date / time				05-Aug-2019 00:00	05-Aug-2019 00:00	05-Aug-2019 00:00	05-Aug-2019 00:00	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1903386-026	EW1903386-027	EW1903386-028	EW1903386-029	
				Result	Result	Result	Result	
EA200: AS 4964 - 2004 Identification o	samples							
Asbestos Detected	1332-21-4	0.1	g/kg	No	Yes	No	Yes	
Asbestos Type	1332-21-4	-		-	Ch + Am	-	Ch	
Asbestos (Trace)	1332-21-4	5	Fibres	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Sample weight (dry)		0.01	g	75.6	52.3	106	54.2	
APPROVED IDENTIFIER:		-		A. RISTOSKI	A. RISTOSKI	A. RISTOSKI	A. RISTOSKI	
Synthetic Mineral Fibre		0.1	g/kg	No	No	No	No	
Organic Fibre		0.1	g/kg	Yes	No	Yes	No	

Analytical Results

Descriptive Results

Sub-Matrix: SOLID

Method: Compound	Client sample ID - Client sampling date / time	Analytical Results
EA200: AS 4964 - 2004 Identification of Asbestos	in bulk samples	
EA200: Description	X001 - 05-Aug-2019 00:00	Several pieces of cement sheeting.
EA200: Description	X002 - 05-Aug-2019 00:00	One piece of asbestos cement sheeting approximately 120x100x5mm.
EA200: Description	X003 - 05-Aug-2019 00:00	Two pieces of cement sheeting.
EA200: Description	X004 - 05-Aug-2019 00:00	Two pieces of asbestos cement sheeting approximately 70x65x5mm.

Page	: 21 of 21
Work Order	EW1903386
Client	: TERRA INSIGHT
Project	: TERRA 19271



Surrogate Control Limits

	Recovery	Limits (%)
CAS Number	Low	High
tes		
13127-88-3	63	123
93951-73-6	66	122
118-79-6	40	138
321-60-8	70	122
1719-06-8	66	128
1718-51-0	65	129
17060-07-0	73	133
2037-26-5	74	132
460-00-4	72	130
	CAS Number tes 13127-88-3 93951-73-6 118-79-6 321-60-8 1719-06-8 1719-06-8 1718-51-0 17060-07-0 2037-26-5 460-00-4	Recovery CAS Number Low tes 13127-88-3 63 13327-88-3 63 93951-73-6 93951-73-6 66 118-79-6 118-79-6 40 40 321-60-8 70 1719-06-8 1718-51-0 65 65 17060-07-0 73 2037-26-5 2037-26-5 74 460-00-4



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order	ES1926297	Page	: 1 of 4			
Client		Laboratory	Environmental Division Sydney			
Contact	: MS KAREN GATES	Contact	: Aneta Prosaroski			
Address	: PO BOX 414	Address	: 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164			
	UNANDERRA NSW 2526					
Telephone	:	Telephone	: +61 2 4225 3125			
Project	: TERRA19271 MANAYANA LOT 106	Date Samples Received	: 06-Aug-2019 11:31			
Order number	:	Date Analysis Commenced	: 21-Aug-2019	\wedge		
C-O-C number	:	Issue Date	: 26-Aug-2019 17:53			
Sampler	: H. Perry		Hac-MRA NA	AIA		
Site	:					
Quote number	: EN/222		The states	tion No. 035		
No. of samples received	: 1		Accredited for compli	liance with		
No. of samples analysed	: 1		ISO/IEC 1702	5 - Testing		

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Ankit Joshi	Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Celine Conceicao	Senior Spectroscopist	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Dian Dao		Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Evie Sidarta	Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key : CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

* = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- EG048G: LOR raised for Alkyl Hexavalent Chromium on sample No 1 due to sample matrix.
- ALS is not NATA accredited for the analysis of Exchangeable Cations on Alkaline Soils when performed under ALS Method ED006.
- EG048G: Poor spike recovery for Alkyl Hexavalent Chromium due to matrix interferences(confirmed by re-analysis)
- ED007 and ED008: When Exchangeable AI is reported from these methods, it should be noted that Rayment & Lyons (2011) suggests Exchange Acidity by 1M KCI Method 15G1 (ED005) is a more suitable method for the determination of exchange acidity (H+ + AI3+).



Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)		Clie	ent sample ID	BH18 0.0-0.5				
	Client sampling date / time			05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1926297-001				
				Result				
EA001: pH in soil using 0.01M CaCl extrac	ct							
pH (CaCl2)		0.1	pH Unit	7.5				
EA002: pH 1:5 (Soils)								
pH Value		0.1	pH Unit	8.0				
EA010: Conductivity (1:5)								
Electrical Conductivity @ 25°C		1	µS/cm	221				
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-11	0°C)							
Moisture Content		1.0	%	8.2				
ED006: Exchangeable Cations on Alkaline	e Soils							
Exchangeable Calcium		0.2	meq/100g	0.6				
Exchangeable Magnesium		0.2	meq/100g	<0.2				
Exchangeable Potassium		0.2	meq/100g	<0.2				
Exchangeable Sodium		0.2	meq/100g	<0.2				
Cation Exchange Capacity		0.2	meq/100g	0.8				
Exchangeable Sodium Percent		0.2	%	<0.2				
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES								
Iron	7439-89-6	0.005	%	13.3				
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5				
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	2				
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	102				
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	497				
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	483				
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	56				
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	692				
EG048: Hexavalent Chromium (Alkaline D	igest)							
Hexavalent Chromium	18540-29-9	0.5	mg/kg	<5.0				
EG049: Trivalent Chromium								
Trivalent Chromium	16065-83-1	2	mg/kg	102				
EN33: TCLP Leach								
Initial pH		0.1	pH Unit	8.5				
After HCI pH		0.1	pH Unit	2.0				
Extraction Fluid Number		1	-	1				
Final pH		0.1	pH Unit	5.8				
EP004: Organic Matter								
Total Organic Carbon		0.5	%	4.0				



Sub-Matrix: TCLP LEACHATE (Matrix: WATER)	Client sample ID			BH18 0.0-0.5				
Client sampling date / time				05-Aug-2019 00:00				
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1926297-001				
				Result				
EG005(ED093)C: Leachable Metals by ICPAES								
Copper	7440-50-8	0.1	mg/L	<0.1				
Lead	7439-92-1	0.1	mg/L	0.1				
Nickel	7440-02-0	0.1	mg/L	<0.1				